

Healthy Built Environments



Where do we go from here?



Wheels and Heels Summit

A LOOK AT COMMUNITIES THROUGH A NEW LENS



**By Dan Burden, Director of Innovation and Inspiration
Walkable and Livable Communities Institute**

Newark, Delaware

March, 2014

Who is served by this landscape?





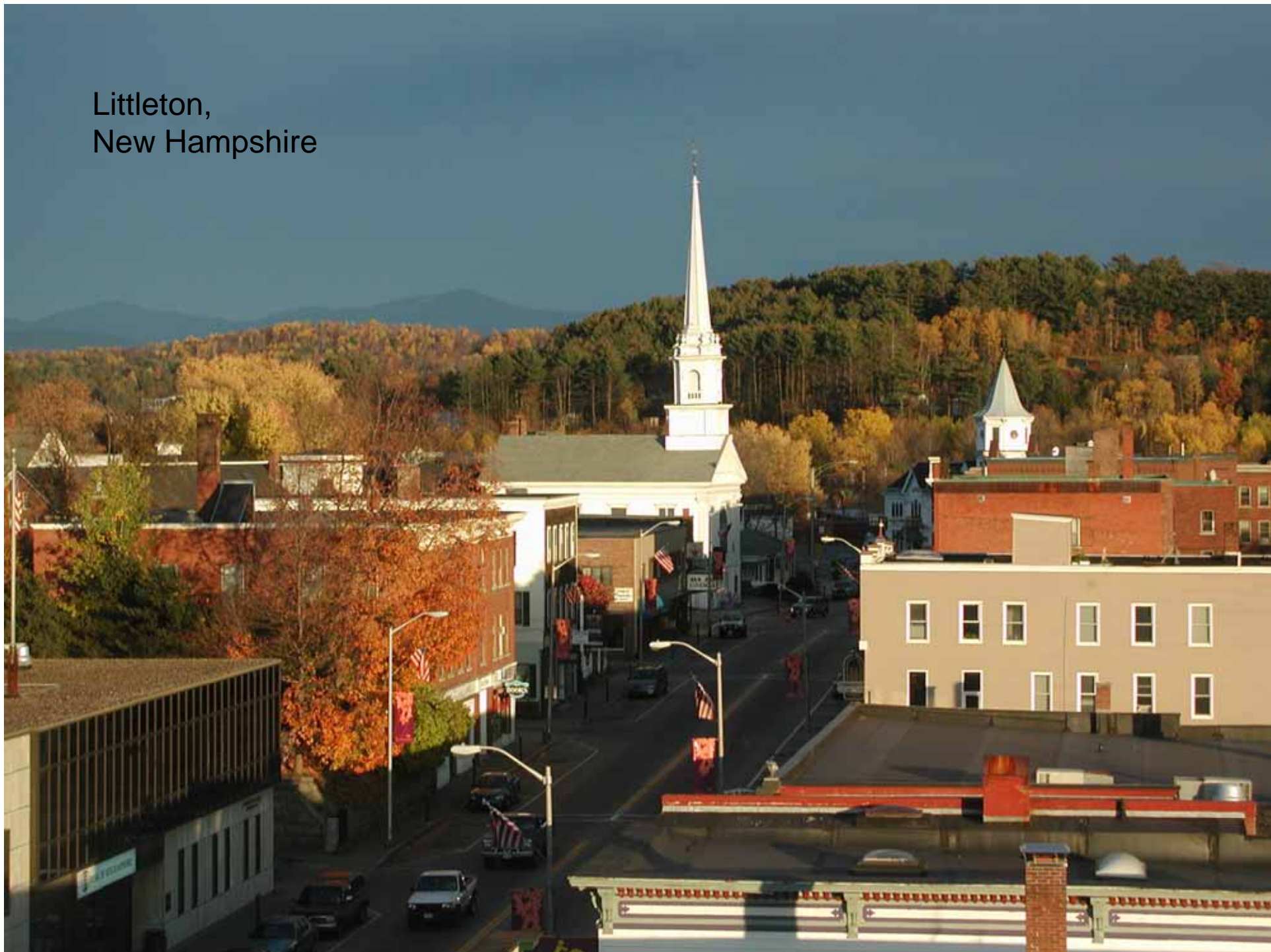




What is “Place?”



Littleton,
New Hampshire



MUSIC

VILLAGE BOOK STORE

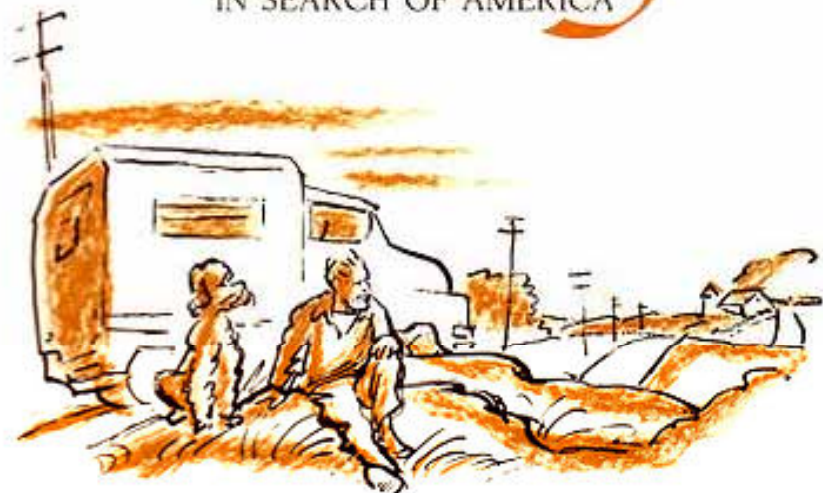
BOOKS

VILLAGE BOOK STORE



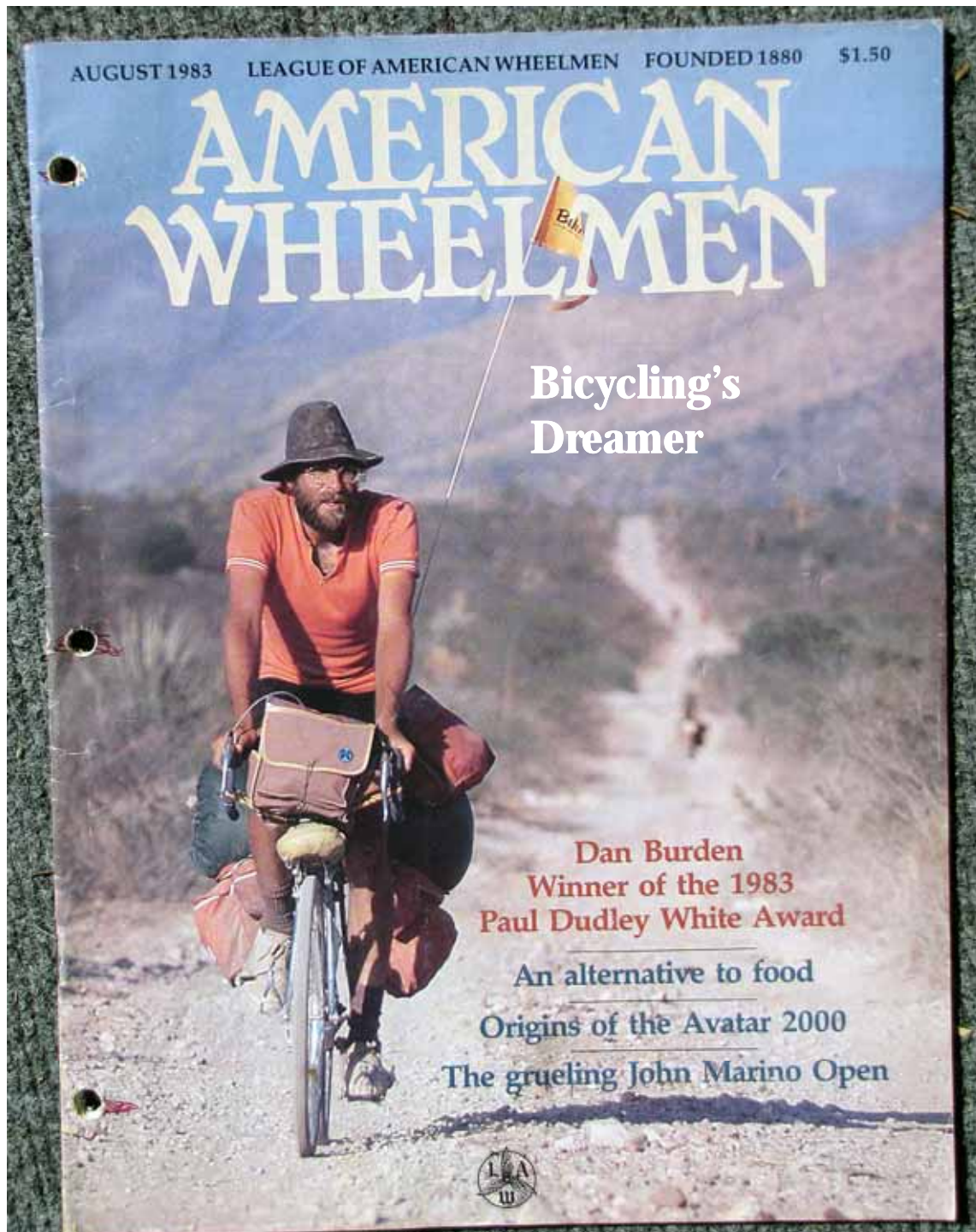
STEINBECK

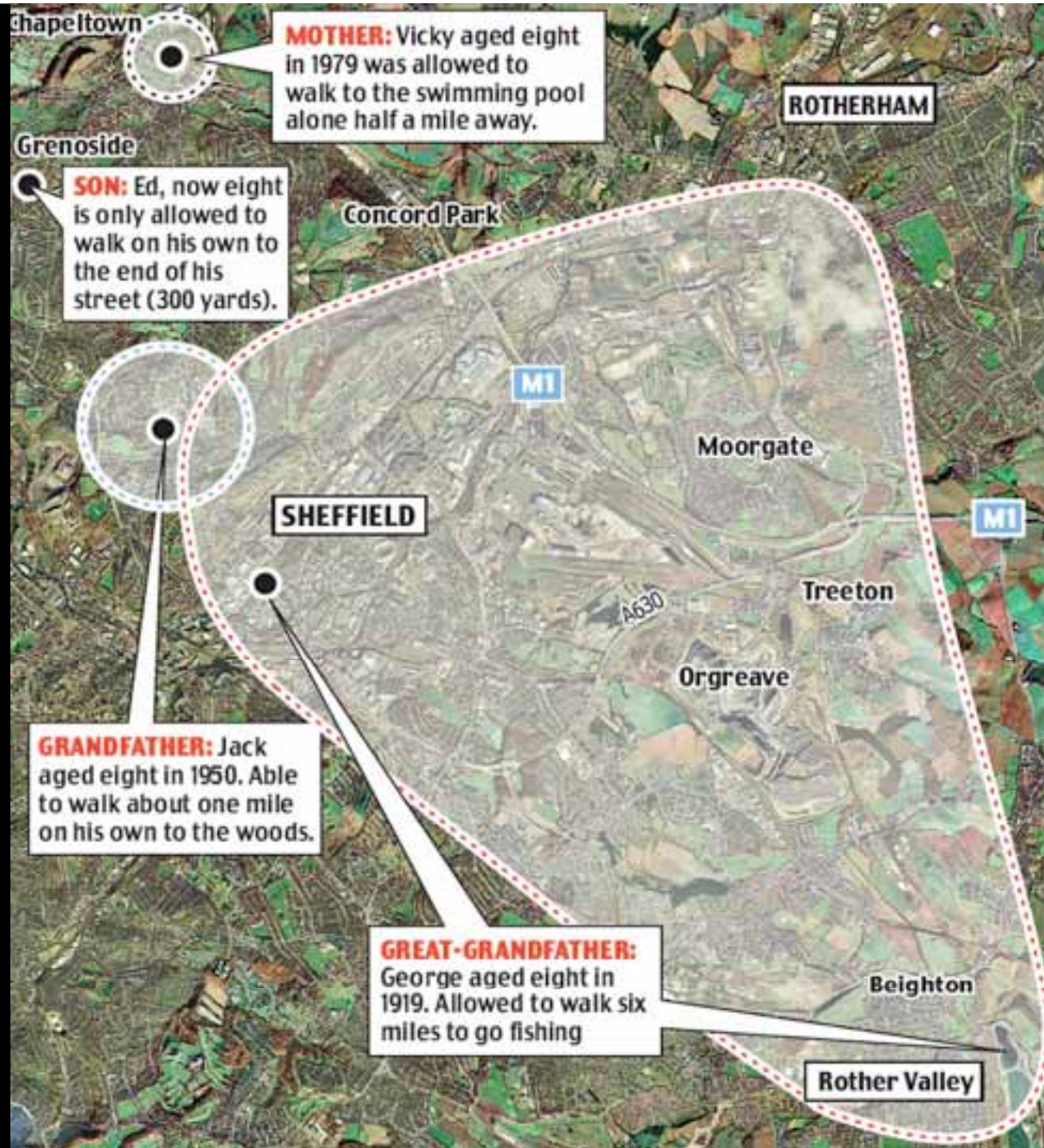
*Travels
with
Charley*
IN SEARCH OF AMERICA





...we often forget about the people





Childhood needs

1. To develop fully children need a broad range to roam
2. U.S. children today have a range **one/ninth** of their parents
3. Einstein roamed the streets of Munich at the age of four, exploring on his own
4. Our most important neural pathways are developed before the age of nine.





Forest Hills Elementary School
- Travel Routes Survey -



The City of Lake Oswego is doing a study involving travel routes to your school. We would greatly appreciate your help since this involves how you travel to school.

Please write a short paragraph below describing what your trip to school each morning feels like to you.

My trip to school each morning feels cold, quiet, and nice but when I sing when I'm walking I feel happy. I even sing when it's raining but if someone comes by I stop singing when it rains my shoes get wet & muddy. I also have to walk 8 blocks to school so my feet get hurt. I also see people walking there dogs but their friendly. I see cat that are nice. I sometimes pet the dogs & cats. I always see beautiful flowers, small lions, birds, and the wind always feel cool.

SIMPLIFICATION OF HIGHWAY TRAFFIC

WILLIAM PHELPS ENO



PUBLISHED BY
THE ENO FOUNDATION FOR HIGHWAY TRAFFIC REGULATION, INC.
1929

Many of our suburban and country highways are being improved for motorists. Most of them are now unfitted for all other users. It is no longer safe to walk, ride or bicycle on roadways, especially at night when it is extremely perilous. The entire width of some highways is taken up by the roadway and on others what is not needed for roadway is left ungraded or so rough that it is useless for pedestrians, equestrians or cyclists.

No highway should be permitted to be without due provision for pedestrians and where practical for equestrians or bicyclists.

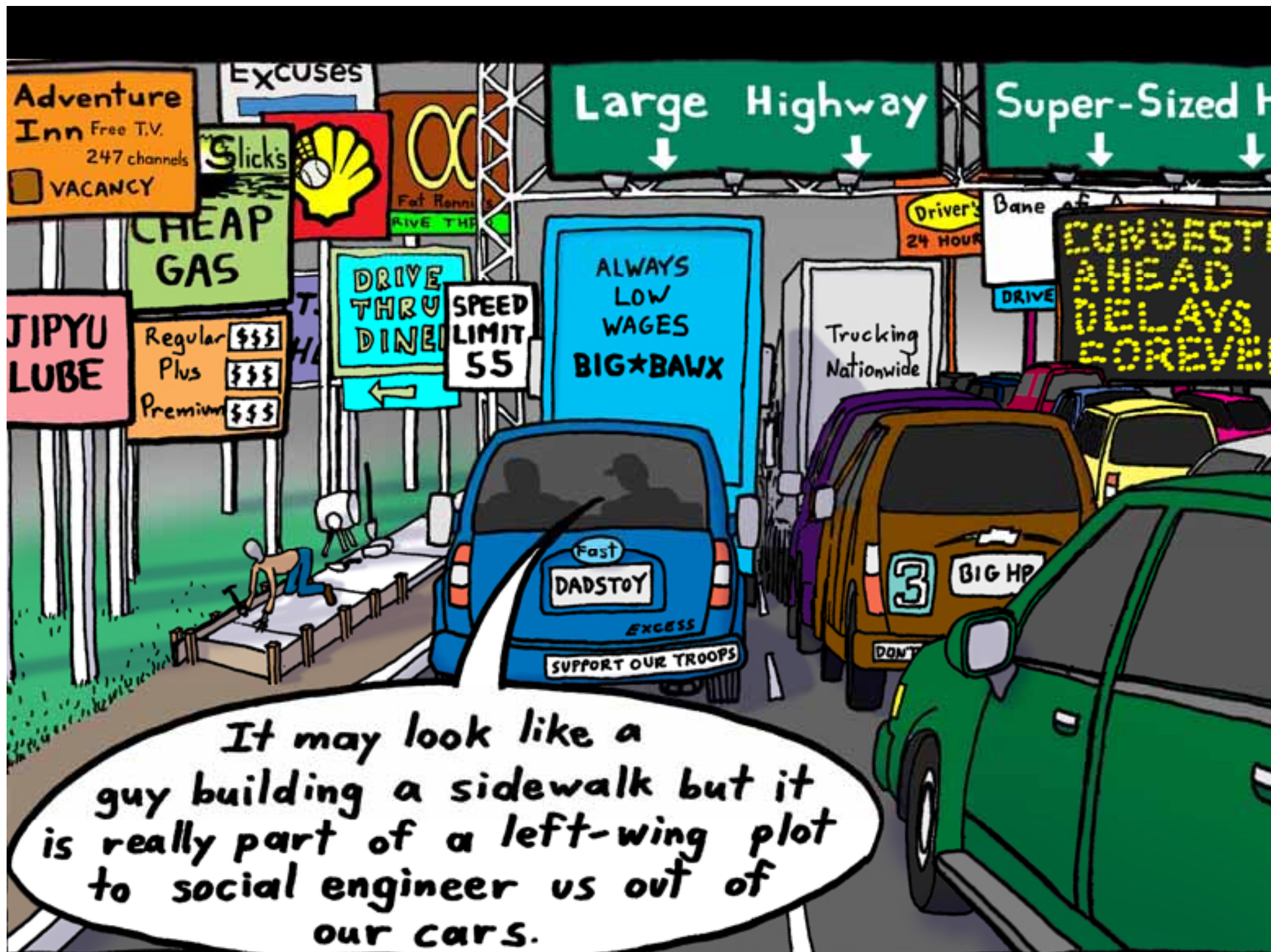
There should be a sidewalk or reasonably well made foot-path on one side at least of every highway. There should of course be two sidewalks or foot-paths on important highways.

If it weren't for the damn
pedestrian there would be no
traffic problem in Los Angeles...

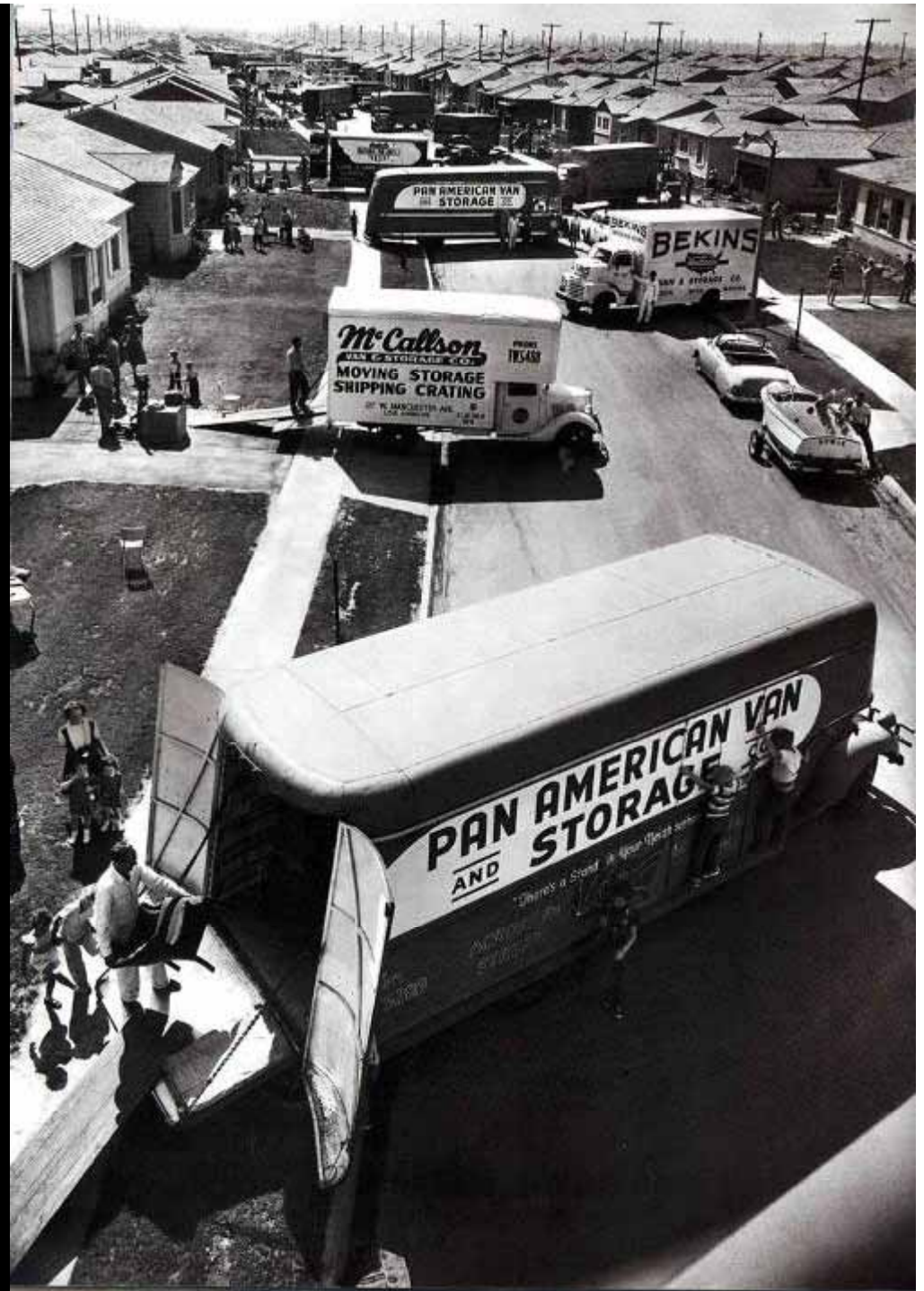
... circa 1972, Traffic Engineer

Compact villages and a strong civilian
presence is the only solution to our
traffic problems...

... circa 1995, San Diego Traffic Engineer



Suburbanization—and the sprawling growth it propelled—made sense for a time. But that was then; the economy is different now. A new geography is required.

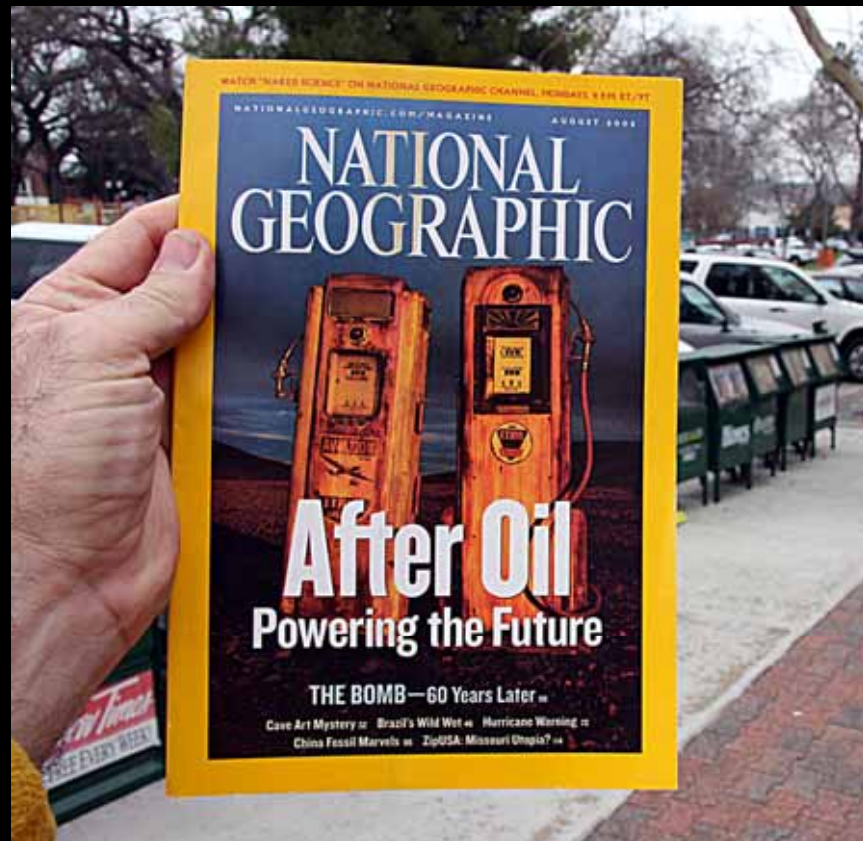




down the prices of these items. You get one of today's greatest bargains **ETHYL CORPORATION** New York 17, N. Y.



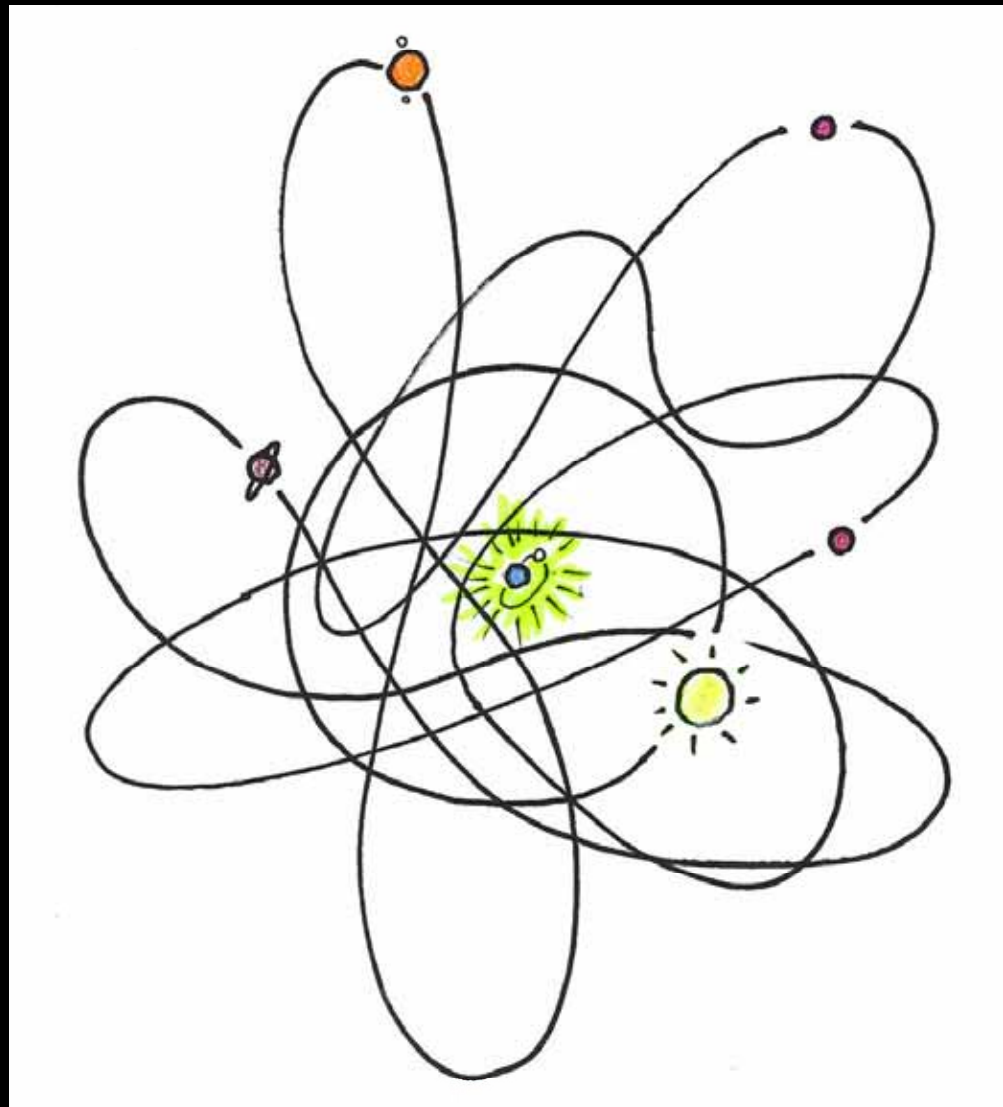
BY THE SEA: Seaside towns have a special lure for travelers. The picturesque sights, the tang in the air and the friendliness of the fishermen make a few days' visit seem like a full vacation.

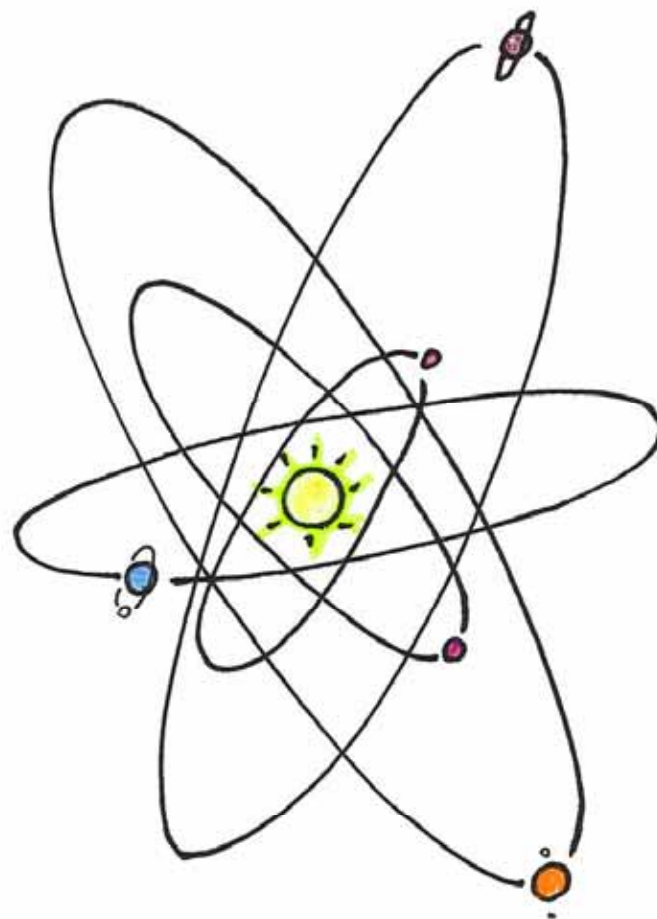
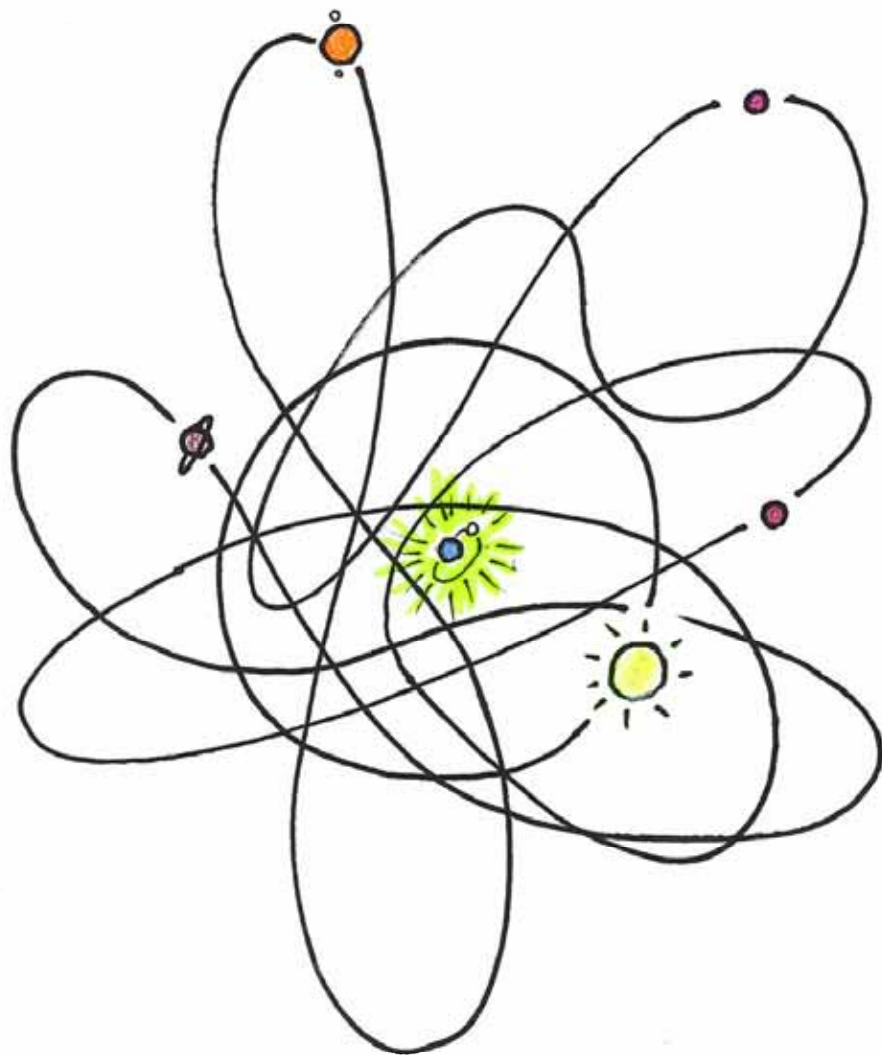


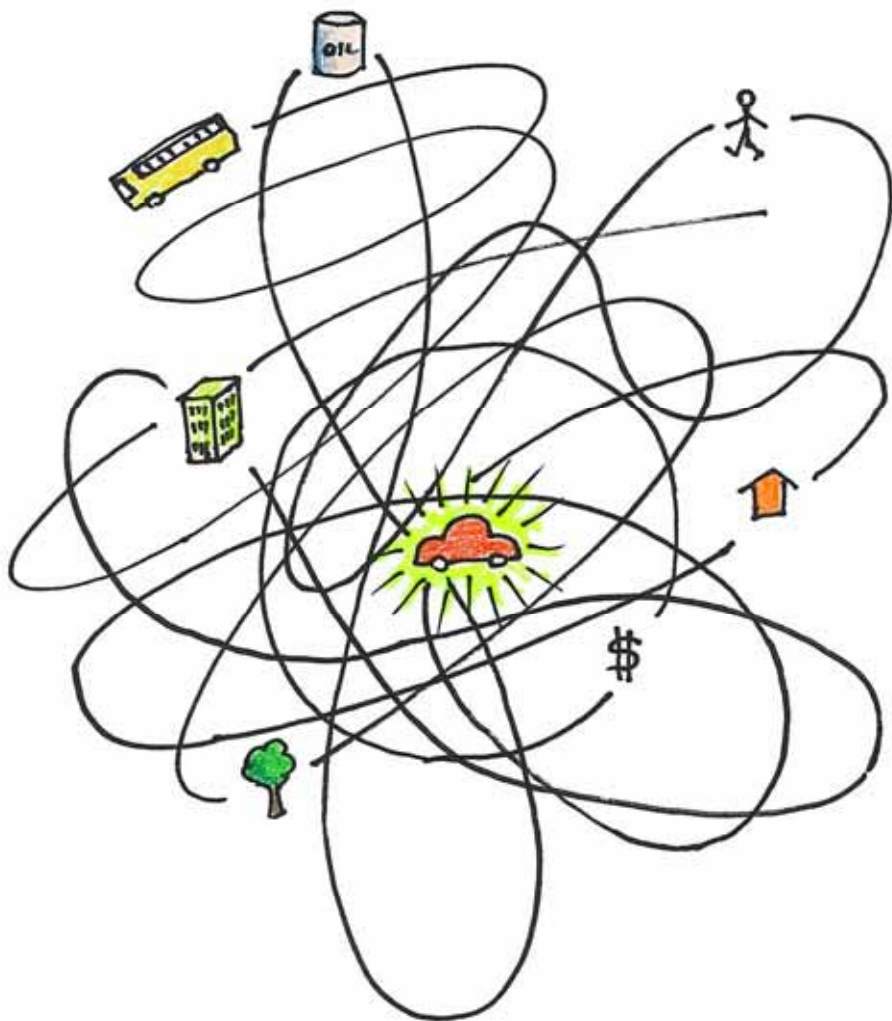


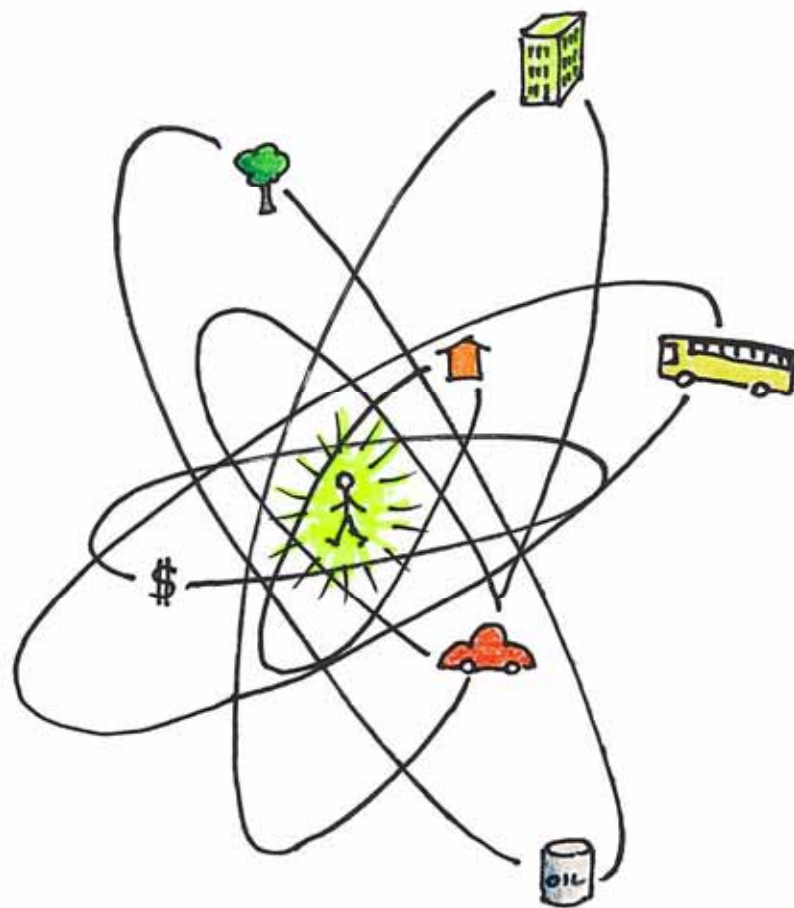
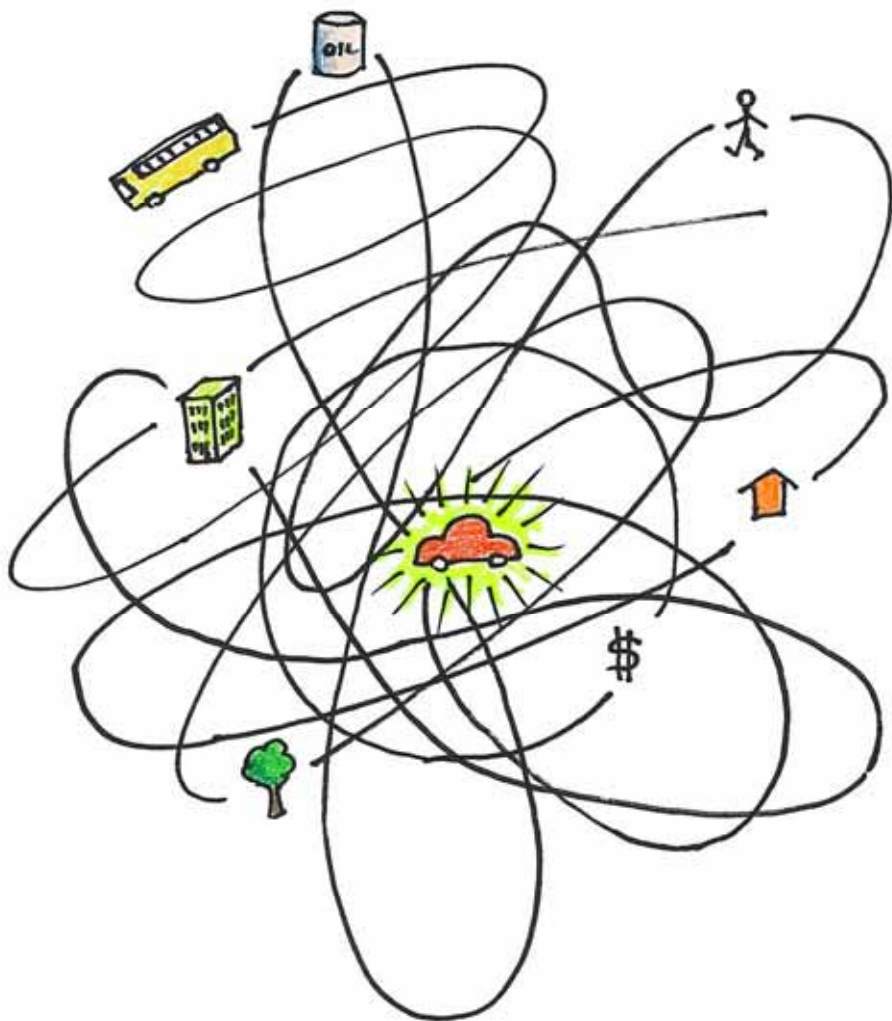
Last year car buyers ranked fuel economy **17th** on their list of priorities, just below cup holders and the car's stereo system, according to a survey by CNW Research, a respected automotive market analysis firm.

Newsweek, April 08









Which form focus of investment shown in the two panels to the right brings about the greatest good for a society?

Places for people, or places for cars?



If you plan cities
for cars and
traffic, you get
cars and traffic.



If you plan for
people and
places, you get
people and
places.



Principles for Active Transportation

Well
Connected

Building
Orientation
And
Massing

Proper
Street Type
And
Speed

People
First
Designs

Good Links
And
Transit

Key Features:

- Block Form
- Block Scale
- Pattern
- Block Circumference

- Diagonal Corners
- People First Priority
- Right Height
- Right Setback

- Scaled to human eye
- Proper speed for street life
- Vertical green features

- Parking on street and to rear
- Buffer to street
- Low speed, low noise

- Walking
- Bicycling
- Transit
- Well located transit station



By age 65, How much money would you have saved if you lived your entire life car free?



The numbers I calculate are in excess of 4 million dollars, using compounded interest at the 50-year average for investment portfolios of 7.6% and the AAA figure of \$8,000/yr for cost.

.... Mobility Researcher David Levinger

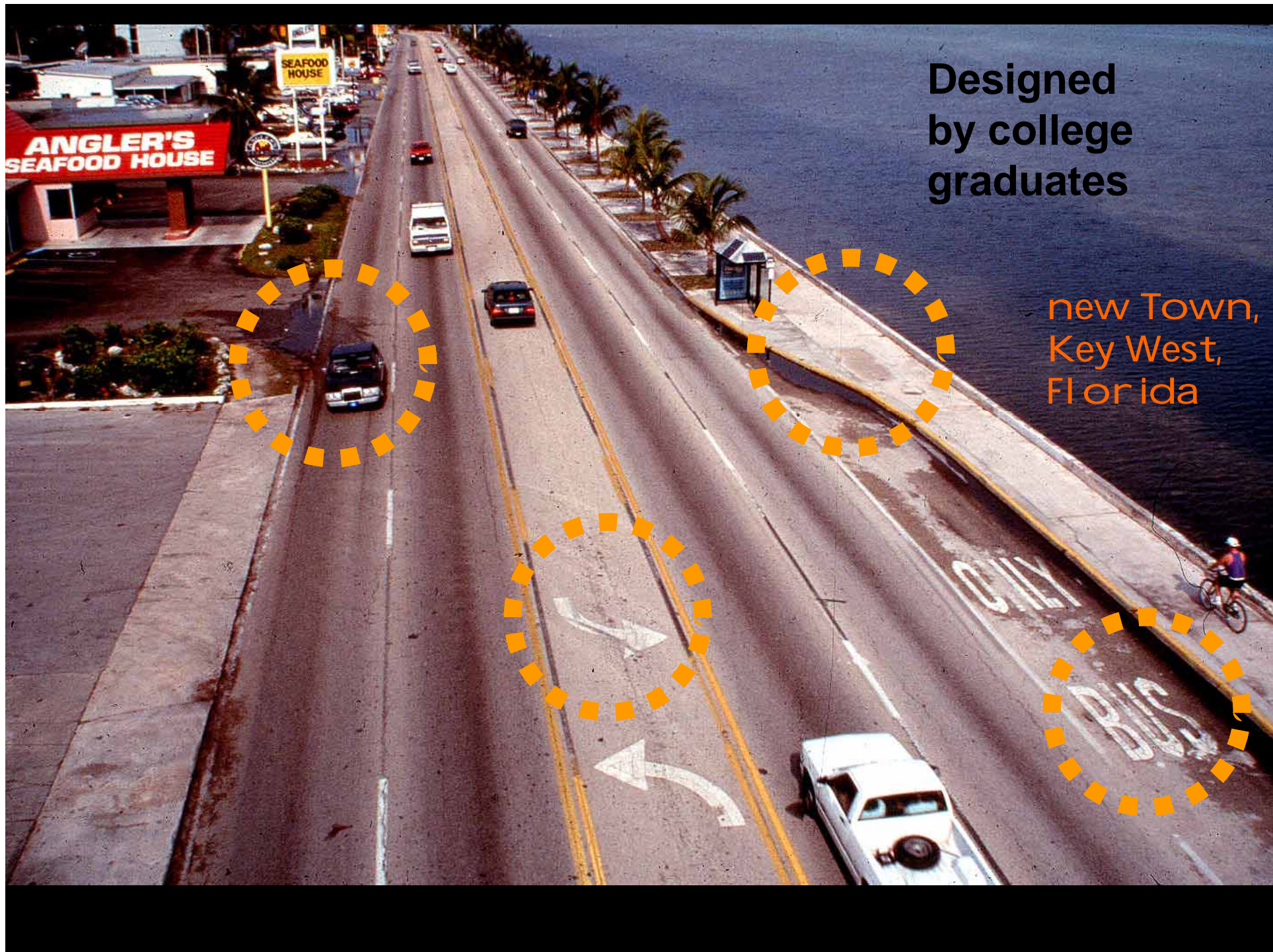




Narrow streets
Short blocks
Tight corner radii
Great plazas
Beautiful buildings
Limited parking

Built by Pirates

Old Town,
Key West,
Florida



Designed
by college
graduates

new Town,
Key West,
Florida

“What is the first thing an infant wants to do and the last thing an older person wants to give up?”



"What is the first thing an infant wants to do and the last thing an older person wants to give up?"

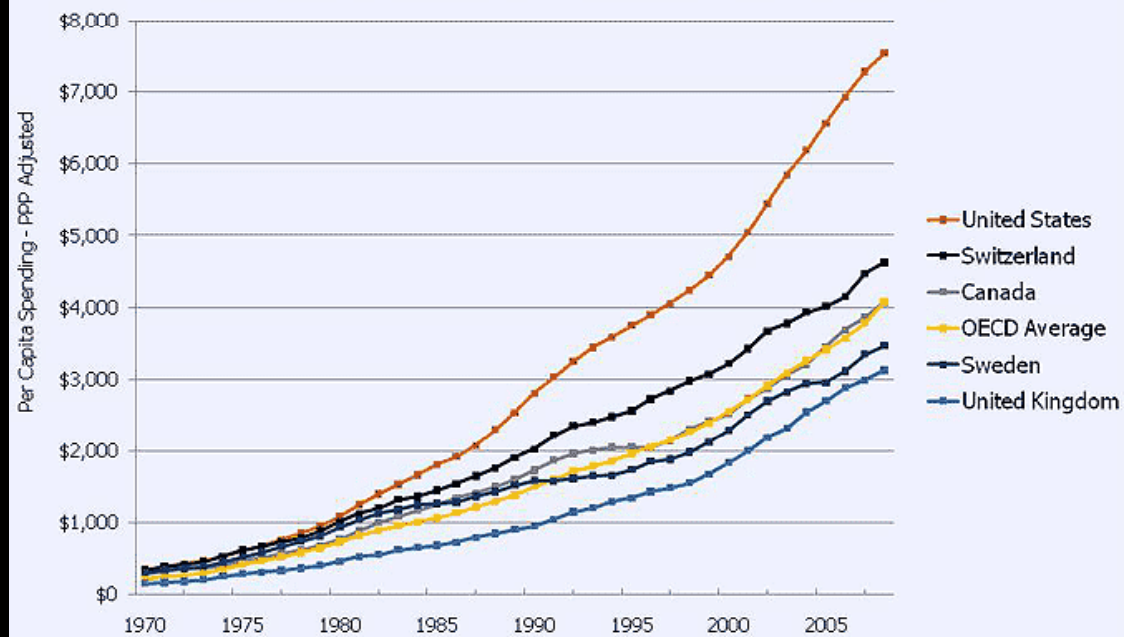
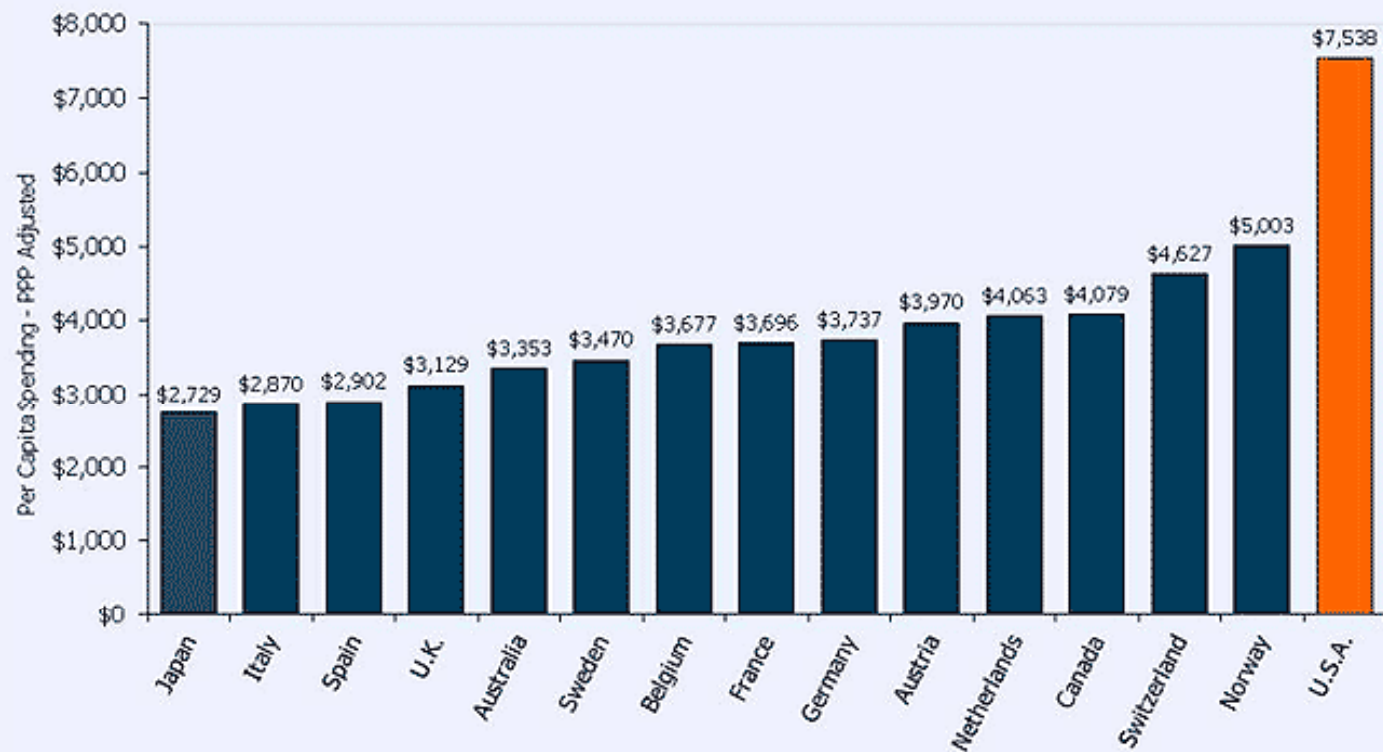
Walking is the exercise that does not need a gym. It is the prescription without medicine, the weight control without diet, and the cosmetic that can't be found in a chemist. It is the tranquilizer without a pill, the therapy without a psychoanalyst, and the holiday that does not cost a penny. What's more, it does not pollute, consumes few natural resources and is highly efficient. Walking is convenient, it needs no special equipment, is self-regulating and inherently safe.

"



A walkability plan must set a stage for all other modes of transportation to work, including transit. If people cannot walk then transit remains ineffective.





Why we cannot build our way out of traffic



Vehicle miles traveled (VMT) around the U.S. have increased by 70 percent over the last 20 years, compared with a **two percent increase in new highway construction. The U.S. General Accounting Office predicts that road congestion in the U.S. will **triple in 15 years** even if capacity is increased by 20 percent. Traffic is growing about five times faster than the growth in population.**

(Data compiled for a report to the U.S. Department of Transportation in 2006 written by Stephen Polzin, (transportation researcher at the University of South Florida in Tampa.)

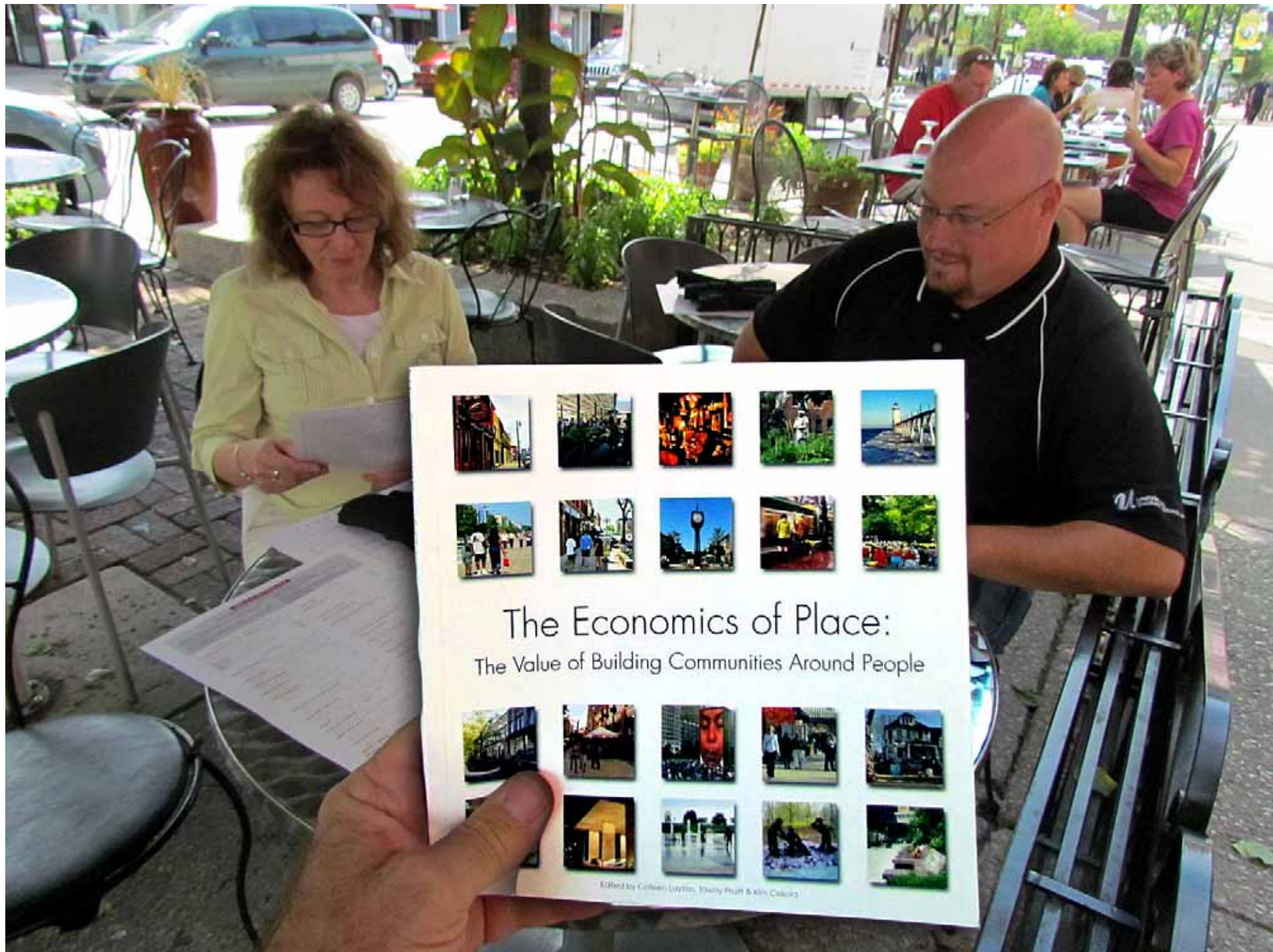


Cities are an invention to maximize exchange (goods, culture, friendship, knowledge) and to minimize travel.

The role of transport is to maximize exchange.

....David Engwicht





The Economics of Place:

The Value of Building Communities Around People



Edited by Colleen Layton, Tanya Pratt & Kim Colacic

The Day that Bubbles Froze Before Hitting the Ground





The street is the river of life of the city, the place where we come together, the pathway to the center.

William H. Whyte

“I am more and more convinced that our **happiness depends more on the way we meet the events of life than on the nature of those events themselves.”**

Alexander von Humboldt

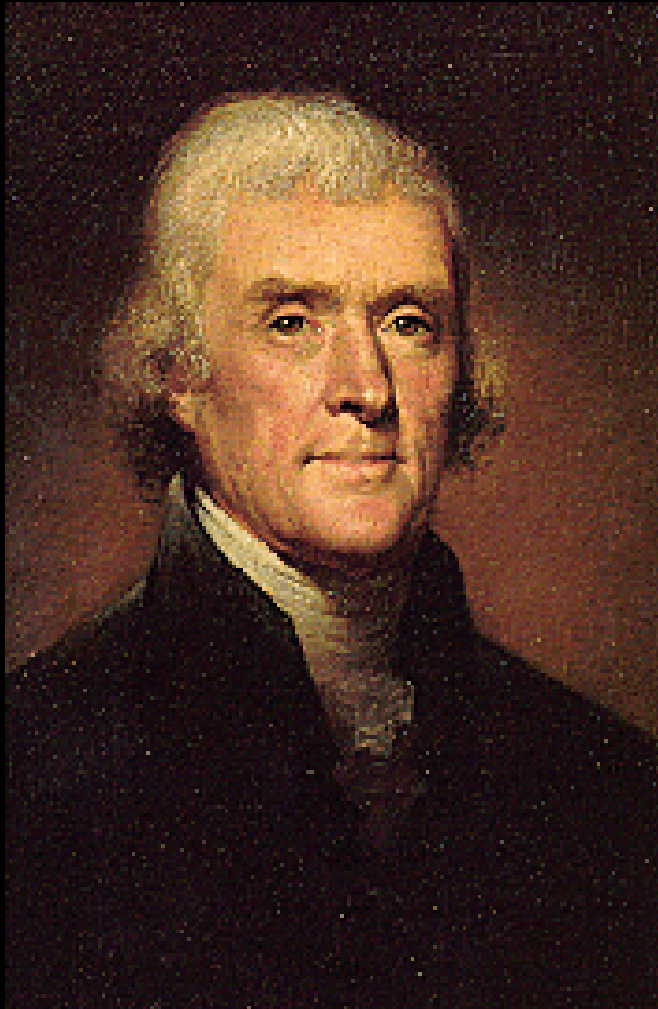
Early 1800's

The Father of Geography, and the last Master of Geography.

Darwin refers to Humboldt as **the most scientific traveller who ever lived.**

Humboldt made order out of our complex Universe





“I know no safe depository of the ultimate powers of the society but the people themselves.

And if we think them not enlightened enough to exercise their control with a wholesome discretion, the remedy is not to take it from them, but to inform their discretion.”

Thomas Jefferson - September 28, 1820

Where have all our children gone?

Future facing towns, those creating jobs, attracting our children, and which are most sought after by retiring boomers, have several features in common:

- They are designed for "people first"
- They focus on placemaking
- They have trails
- Their per capita VMT is declining
- Their downtowns are abuzz with life
- They are giant mixing bowls of creative minds
- Healthy food is easy to find; music and arts are found in abundance

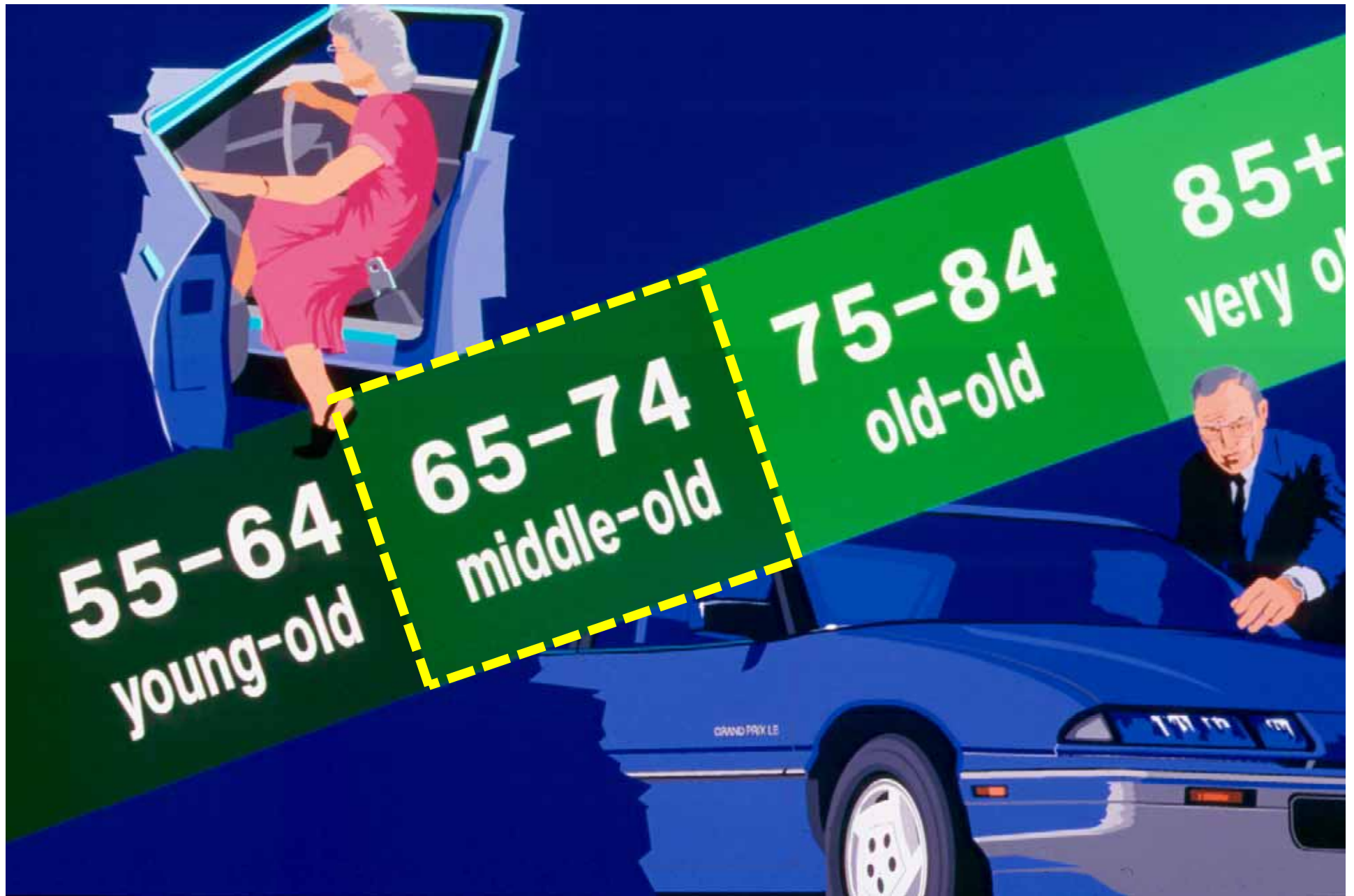
These towns focus on happiness









Transportation
has always built
our cities.

Always.



We must adjust as we age
Just as with Youth ... Senior Years have distinct periods

Cost Comparisons Suburban vs. Urban

	Housing Costs	Transportation Costs	Total
New York City	37.1% 	15.1% 	52.2%
Tampa	31.1% 	25.1% 	56.4%

Cost of owning a car (per year):



Funds staying in the local economy

Licensed taxes, resale,
title, registration,
maintenance

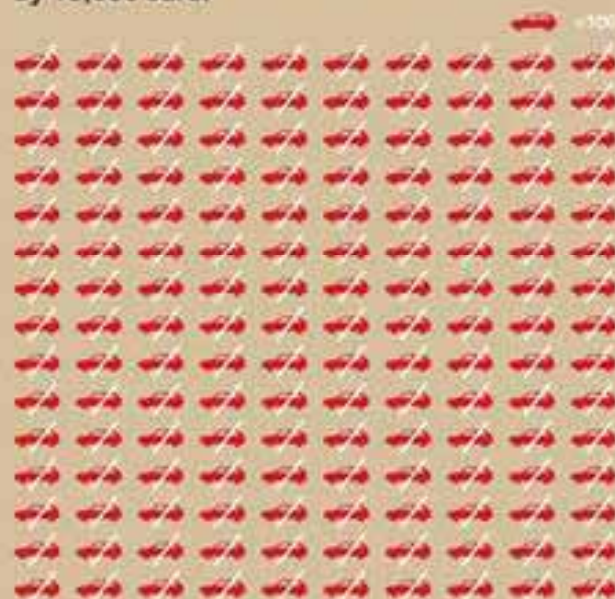
\$1,390

Funds leaving the local economy

Gas, insurance,
purchase price over time,
finance charges

\$7,095

If a city could reduce car ownership by 15,000 cars:

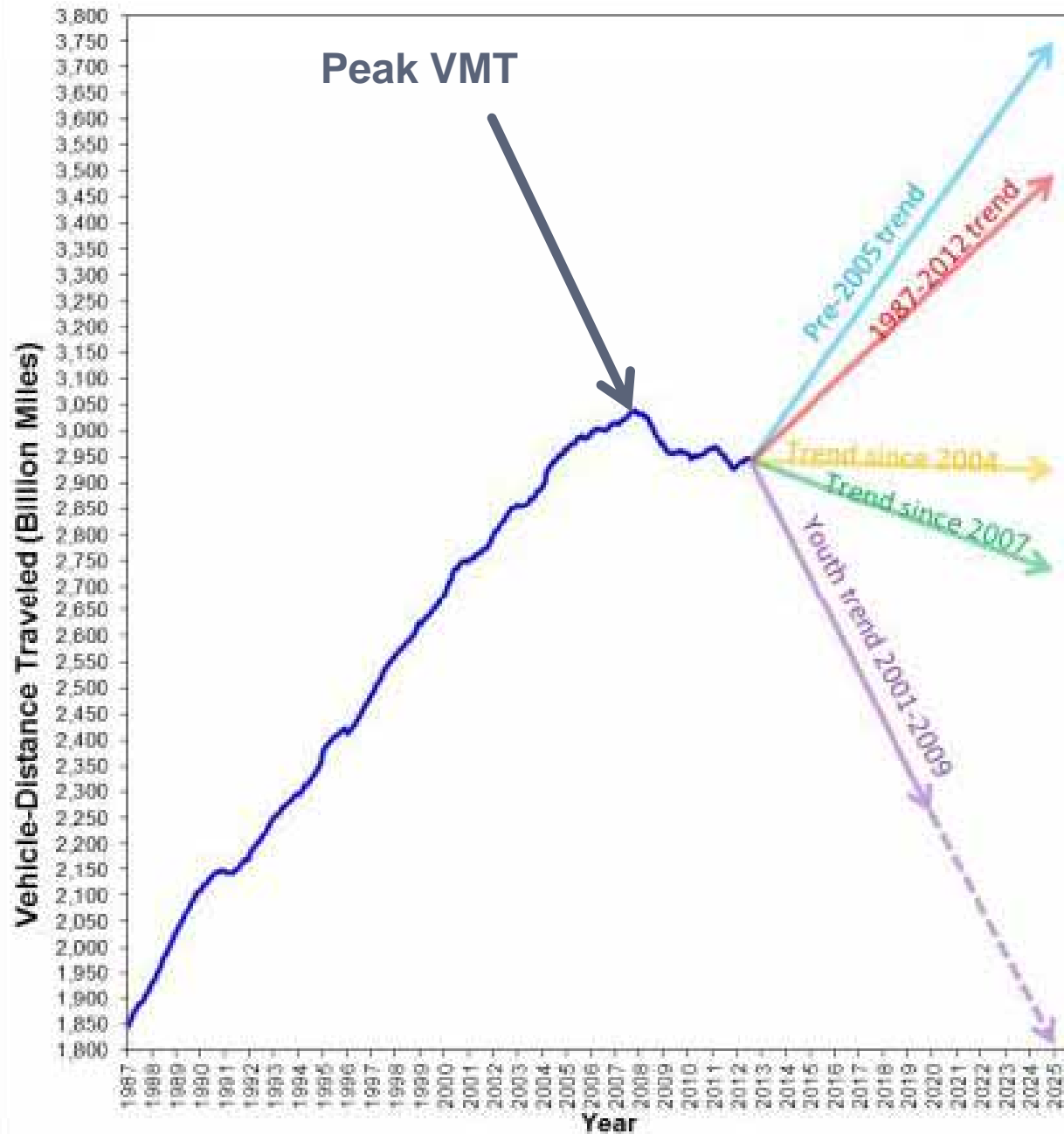


\$127,275,000

Money that could stay in the local economy

According to AAA, Americans spend on average \$8,485 each year on their cars. Seems like a lot of money, doesn't it? And most of that money leaves your local economy. What if you were able to get rid of a car and spend—or invest—that money in your community? What if 15,000 people decided to make that same decision? That's exactly what happened in Washington, D.C. From 2005 to 2009, the District's population increased by 15,862 people while car registrations went down by close to 15,000 vehicles. Living in a walkable city has value beyond personal convenience—it also allows more of your money to stay closer to home while reducing your carbon footprint. With better information, can we make our cities more intelligent? We can. **What makes a city intelligent? You do.**

Vehicle Miles Travelled - Moving 12-Month Total



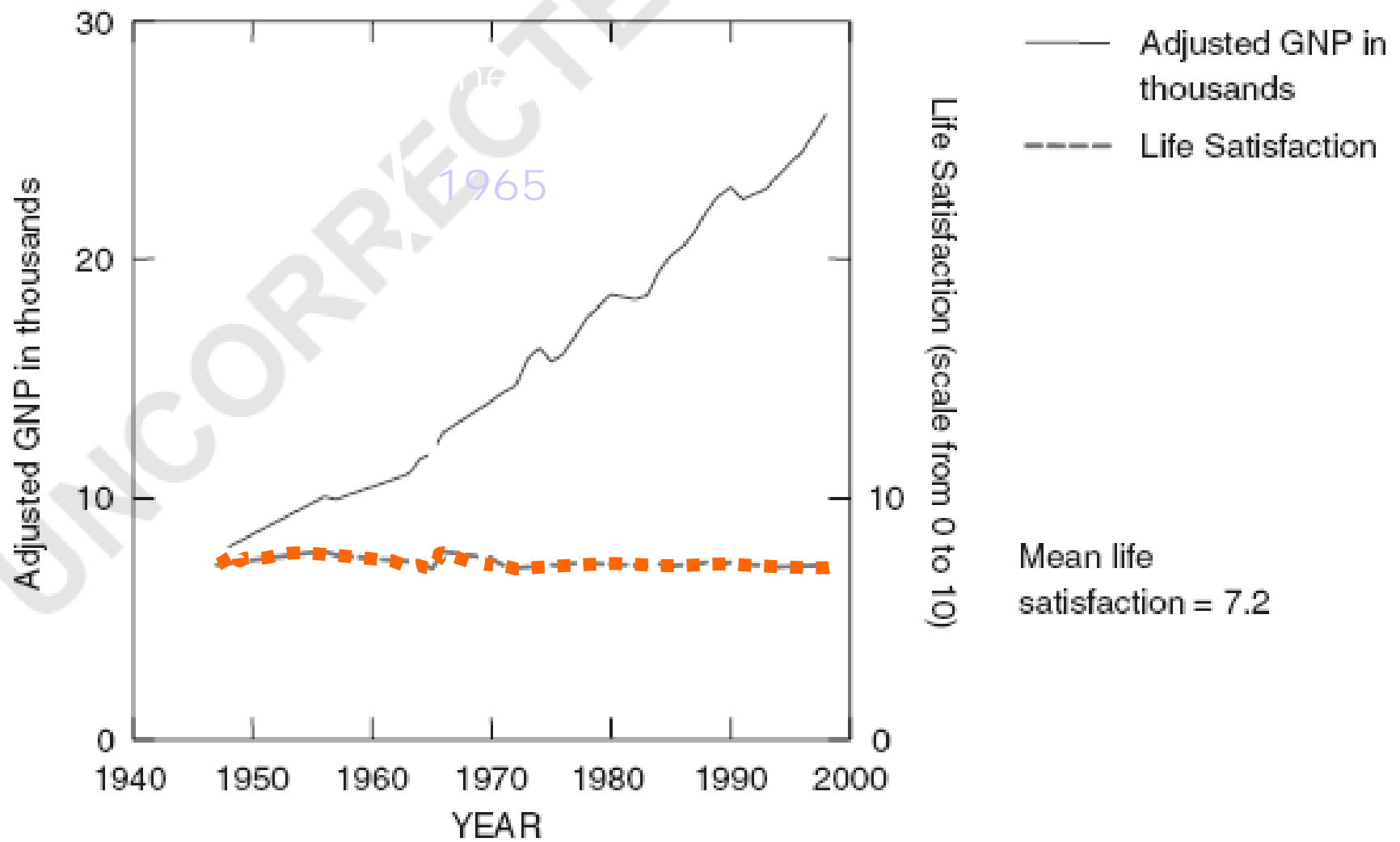


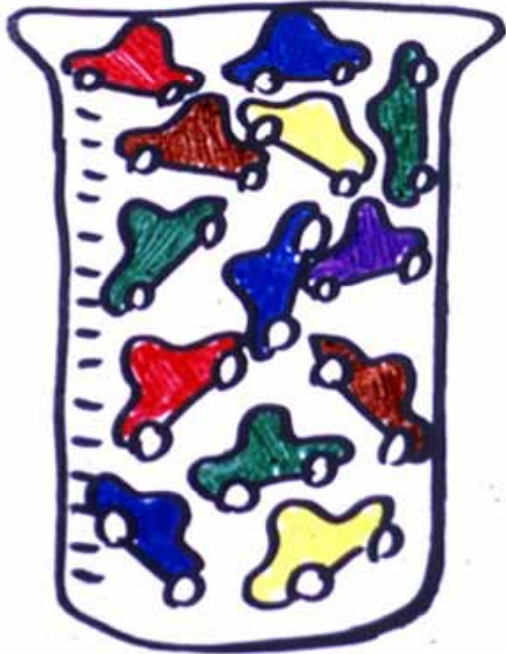
Fig. 1. U.S. gross national product (GNP) and mean life satisfaction from 1947 to 1998.







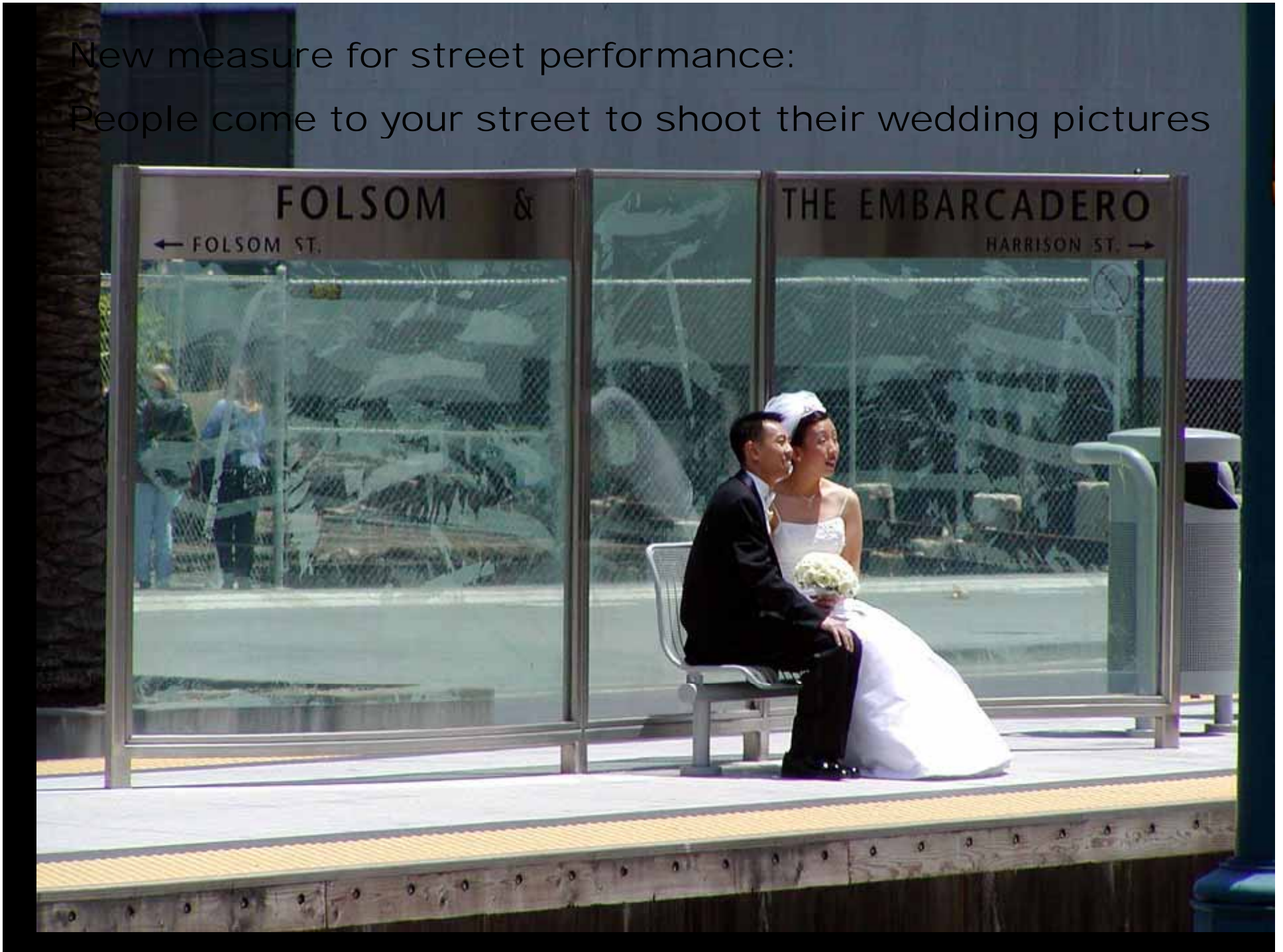






New measure for street performance:

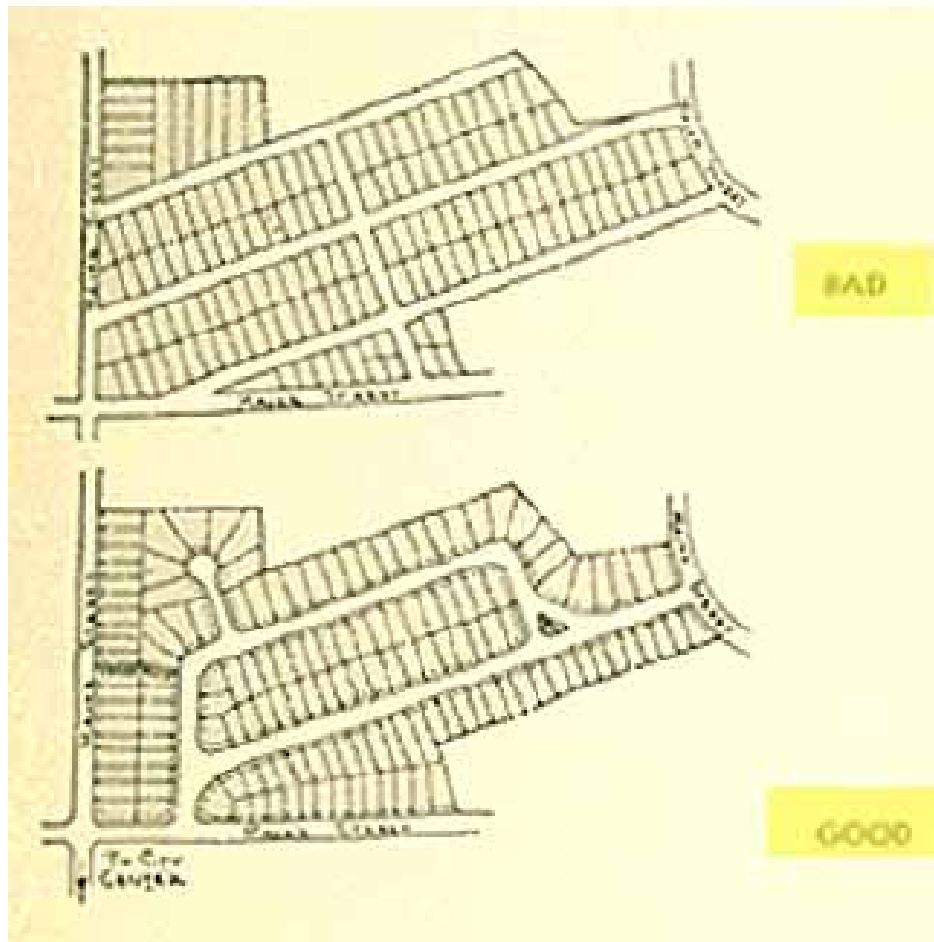
People come to your street to shoot their wedding pictures



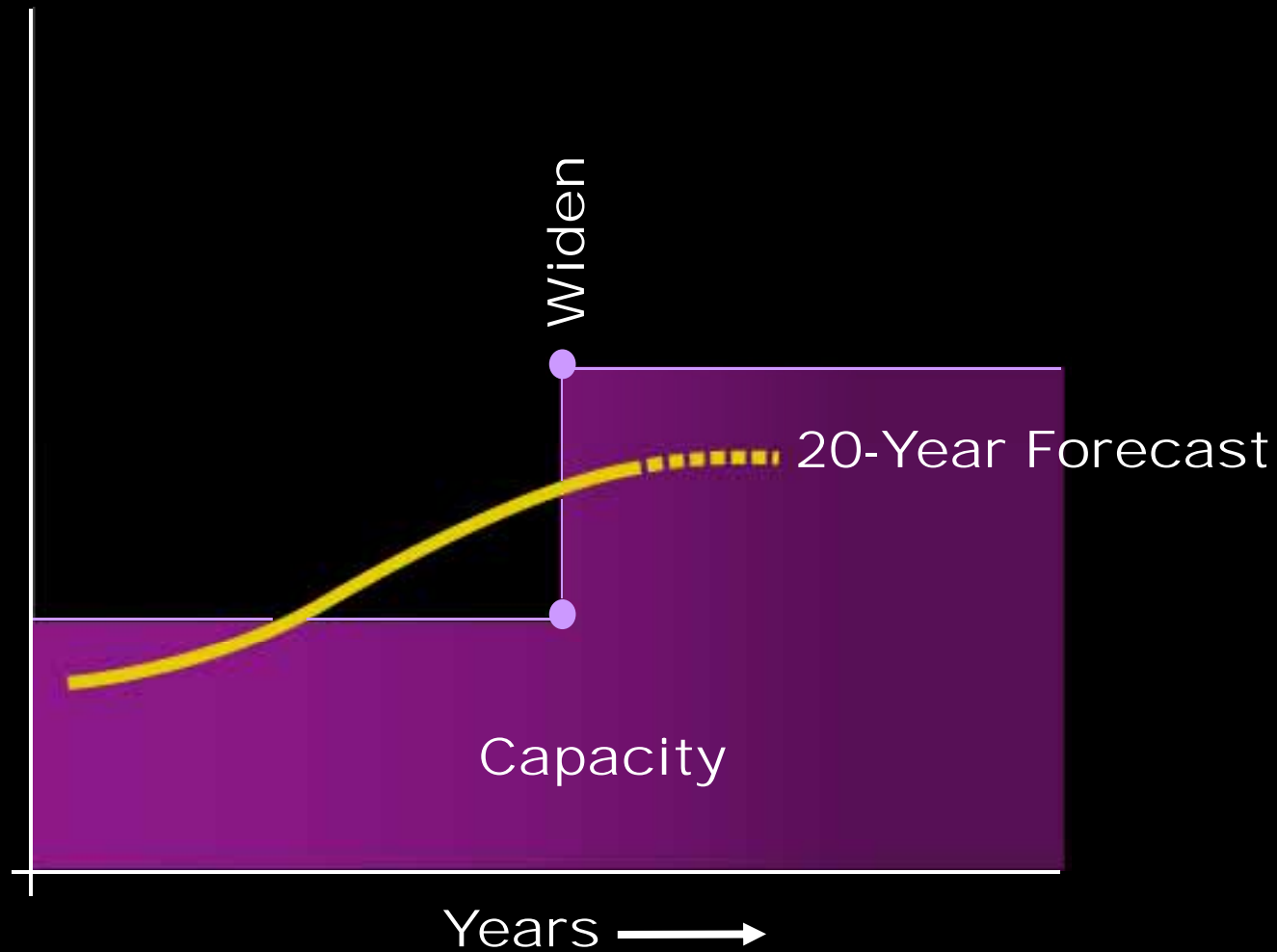


We should
“discourage
through traffic”

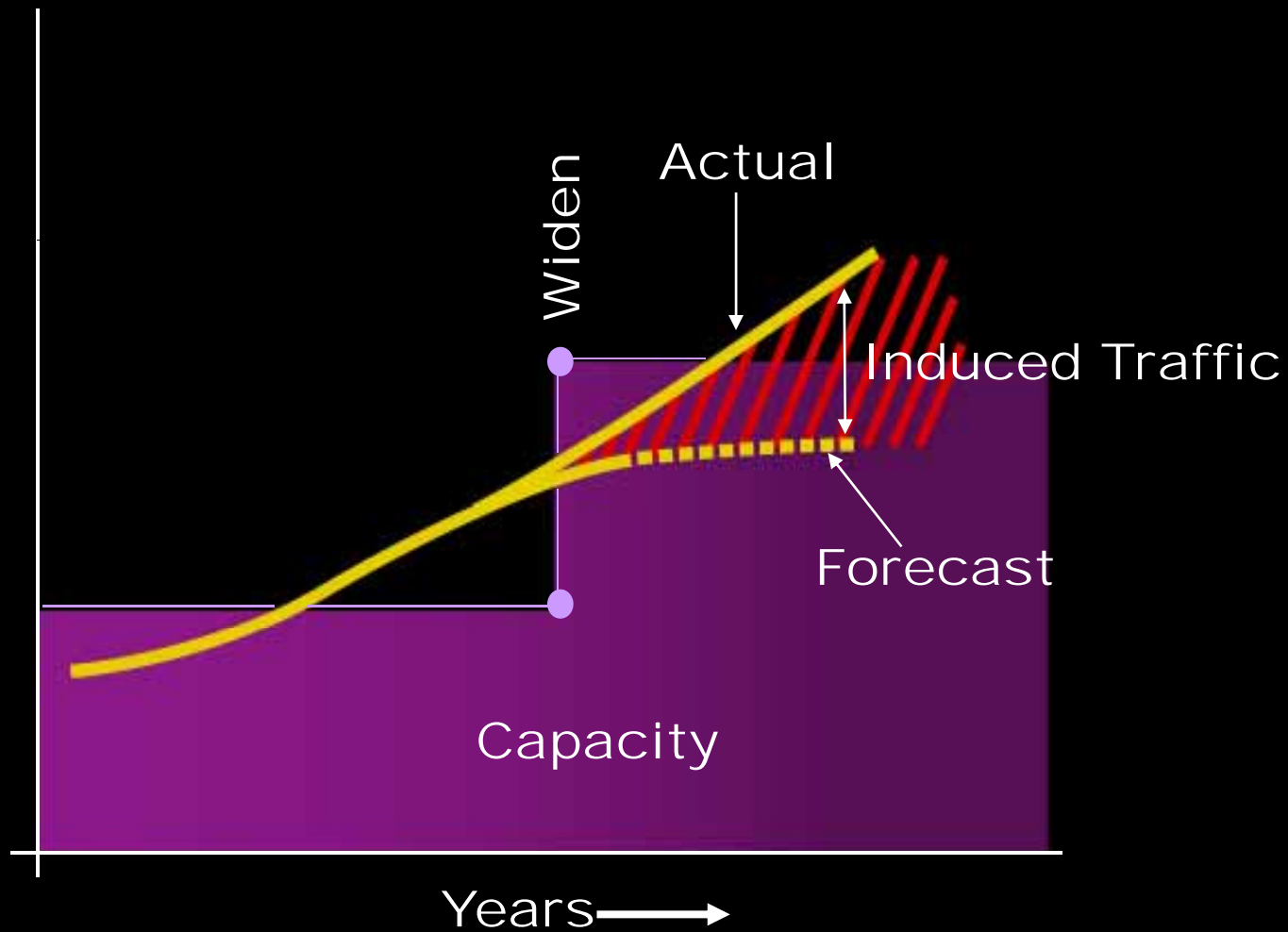
1938 - FHA Technical Bulletin No. 7 Planning Profitable Neighborhoods



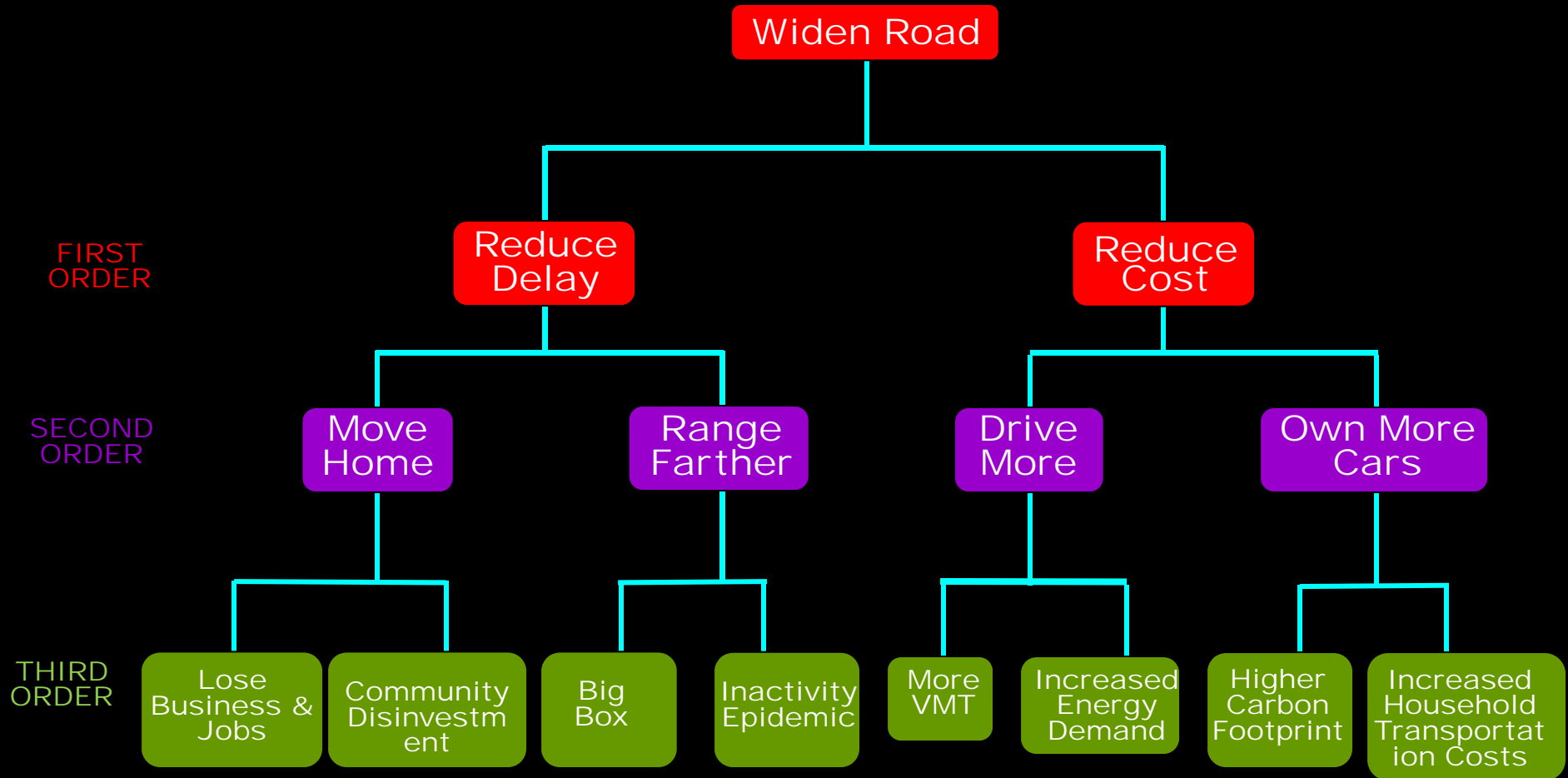
Land Use & Transportation – Ideal Traffic Planning



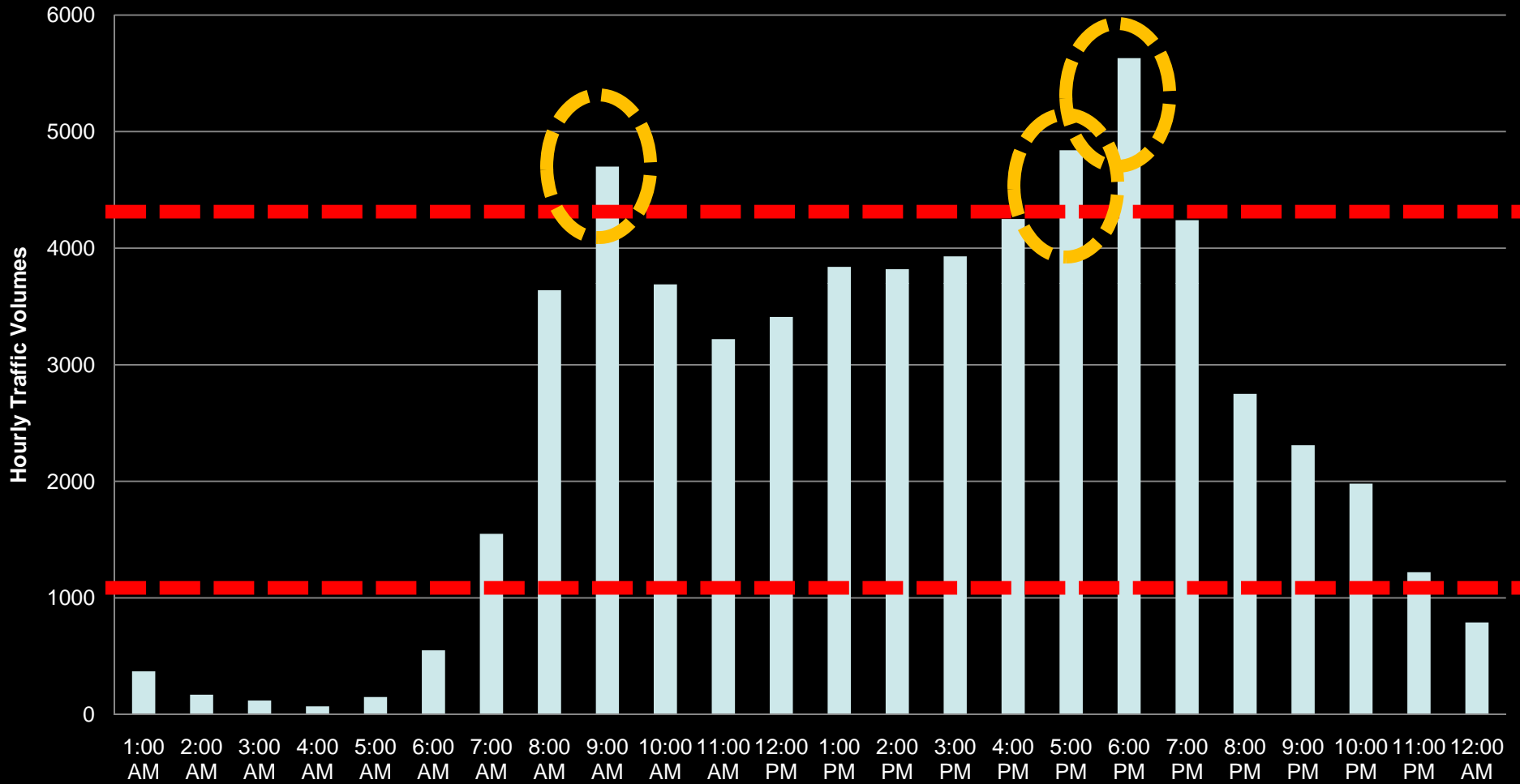
Land Use & Transportation - The Reality



Chain of Impacts



Traffic Volumes



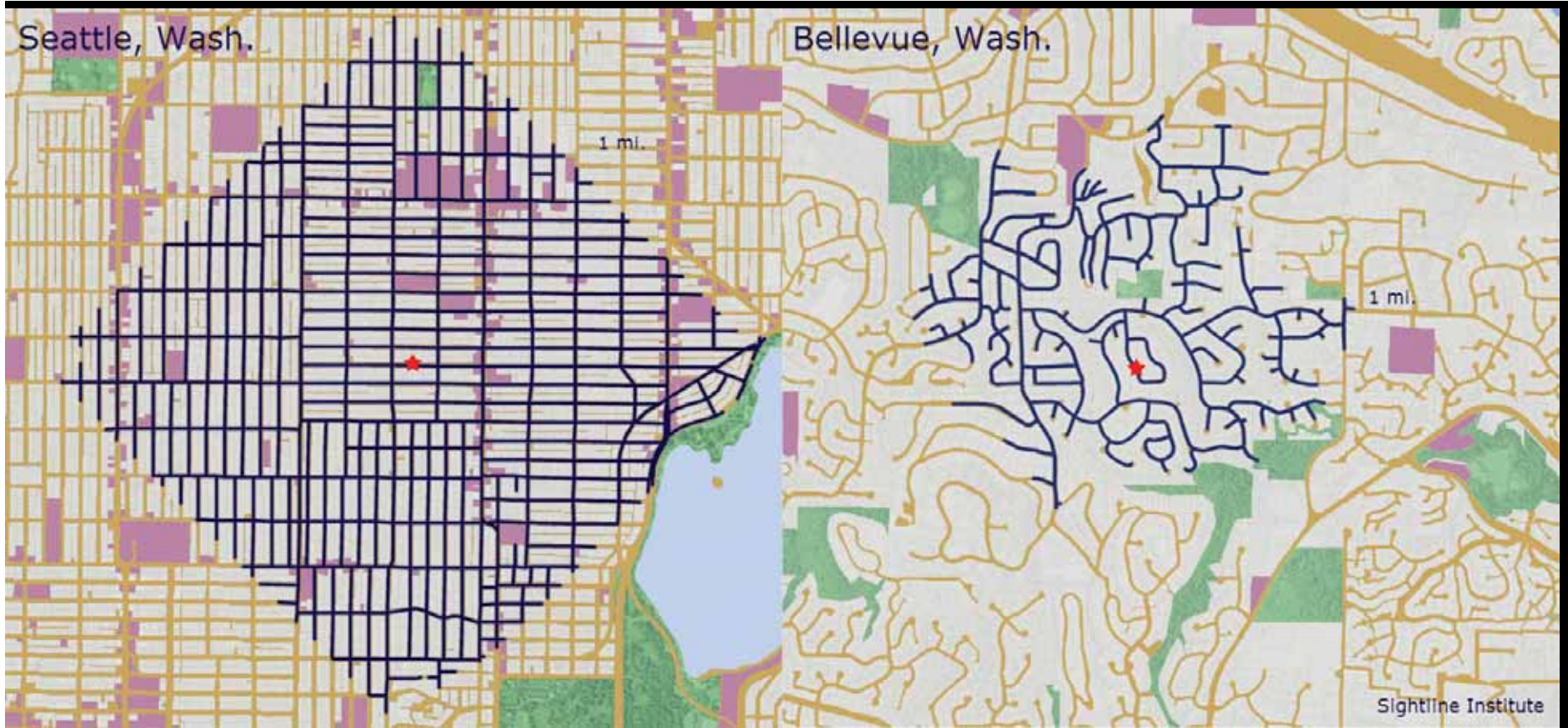
Seattle, Wash.

Bellevue, Wash.

1 mi.

1 mi.

Sightline Institute



300' gap in road

~1½ miles

~½ mile





Where would you rather walk?
Where would you rather drive?

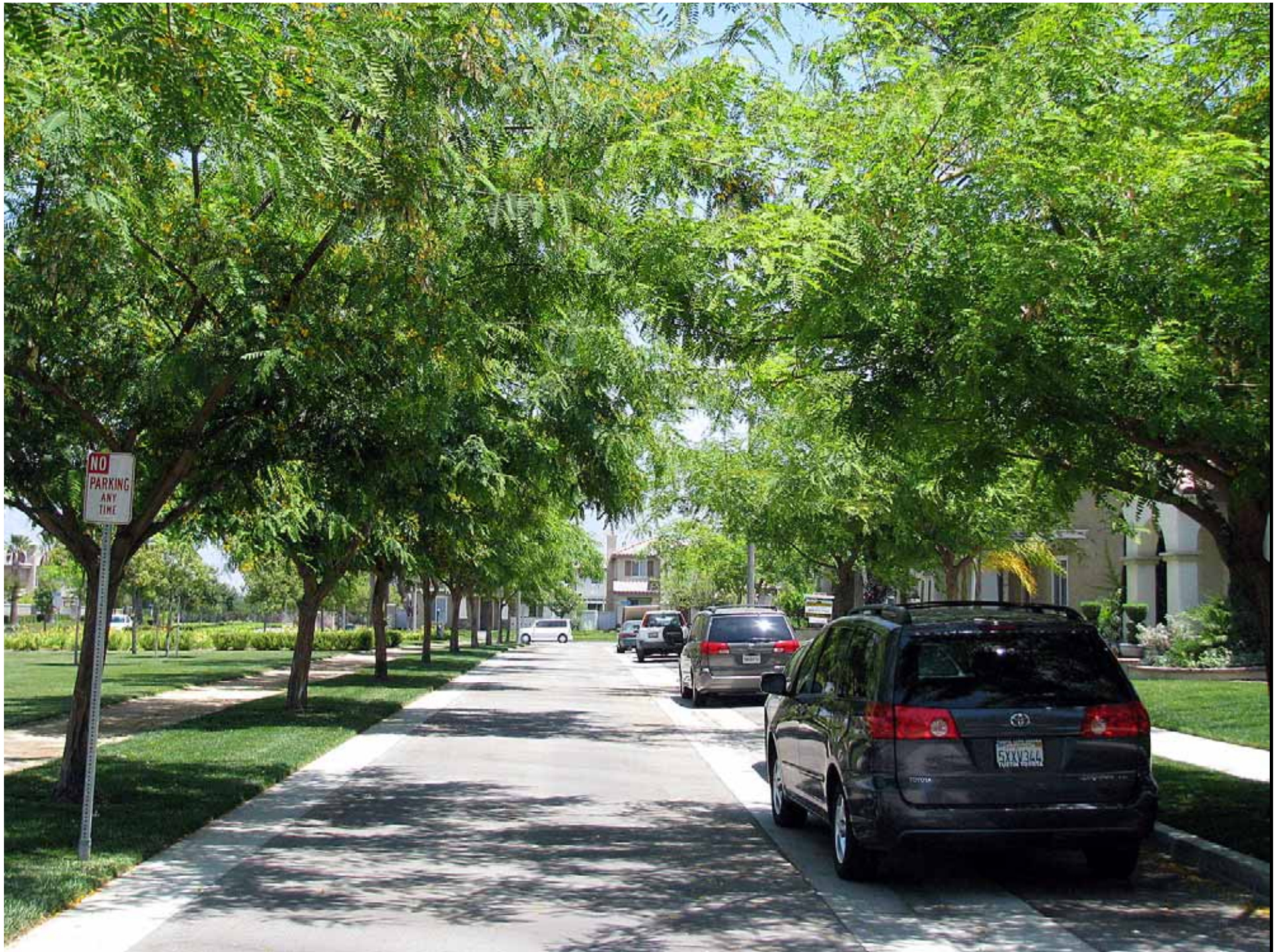
Where would you rather bike?
Where would you rather live?

Which is the safest place to bike?
Which is the safest place to drive?



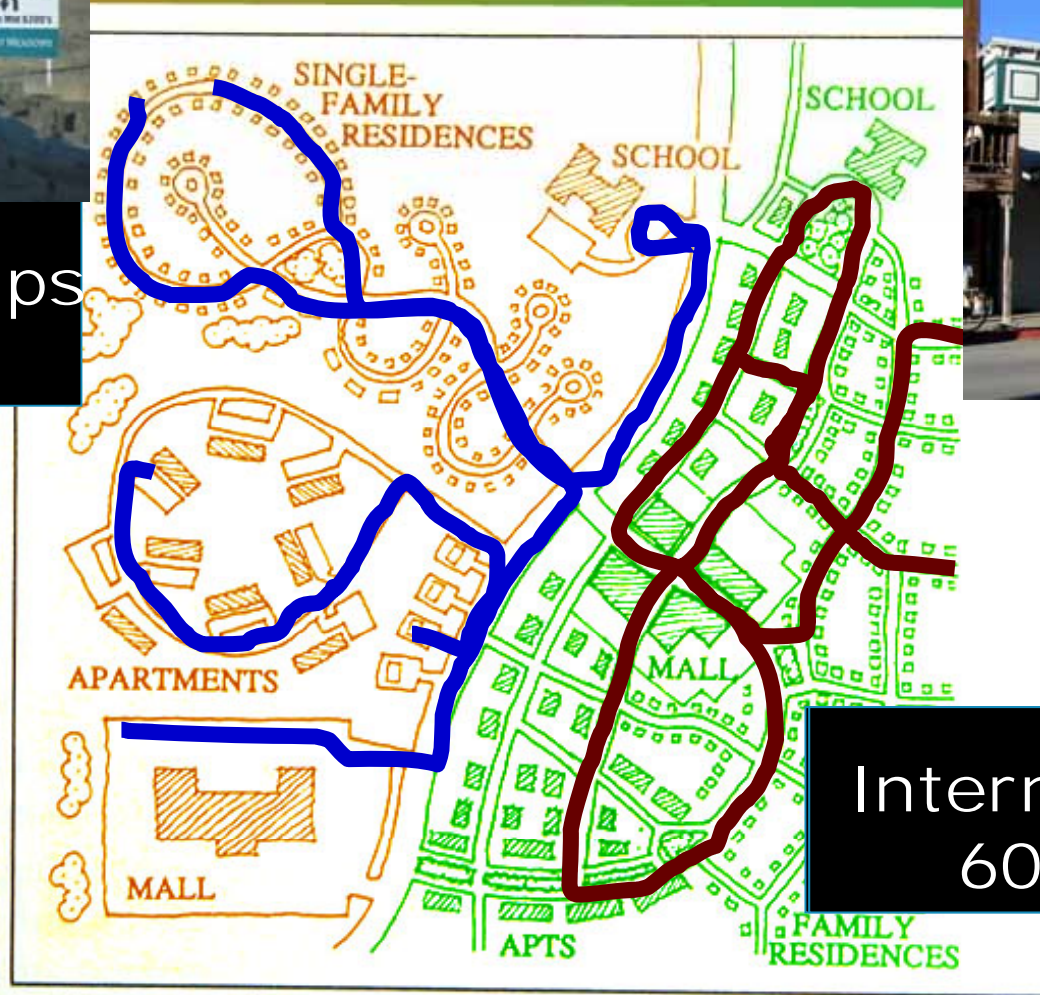






Conventional Versus Traditional Pattern

External Trips
100%

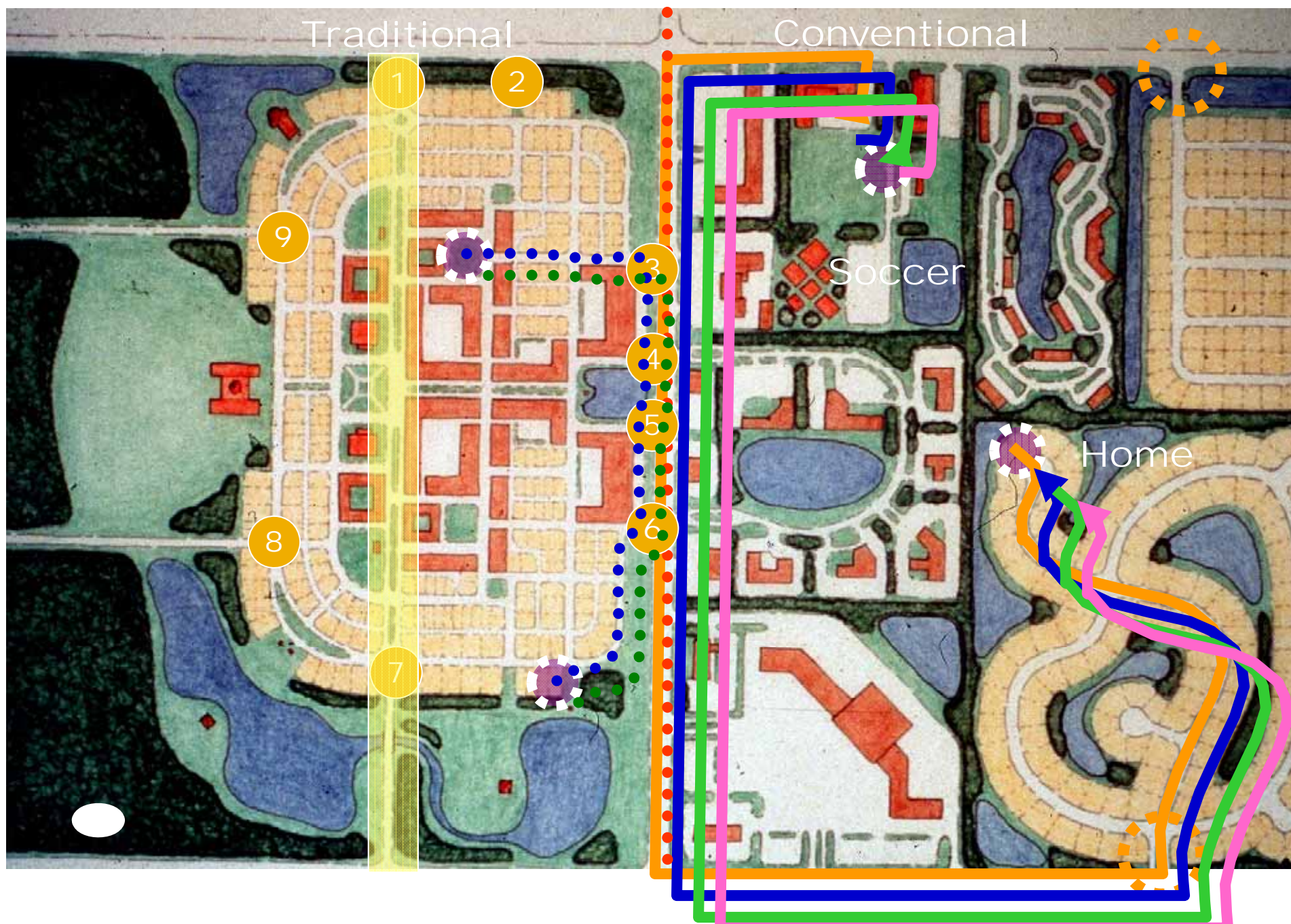


Internal Trips
60-90%

A connected network of streets (right side of drawing) with sidewalks cuts walking distances between housing, shopping, work and school.

(Source: A. Duany/E. Plater-Zyberk)





Not Walkable

High Car Dependency

Serious Congestion

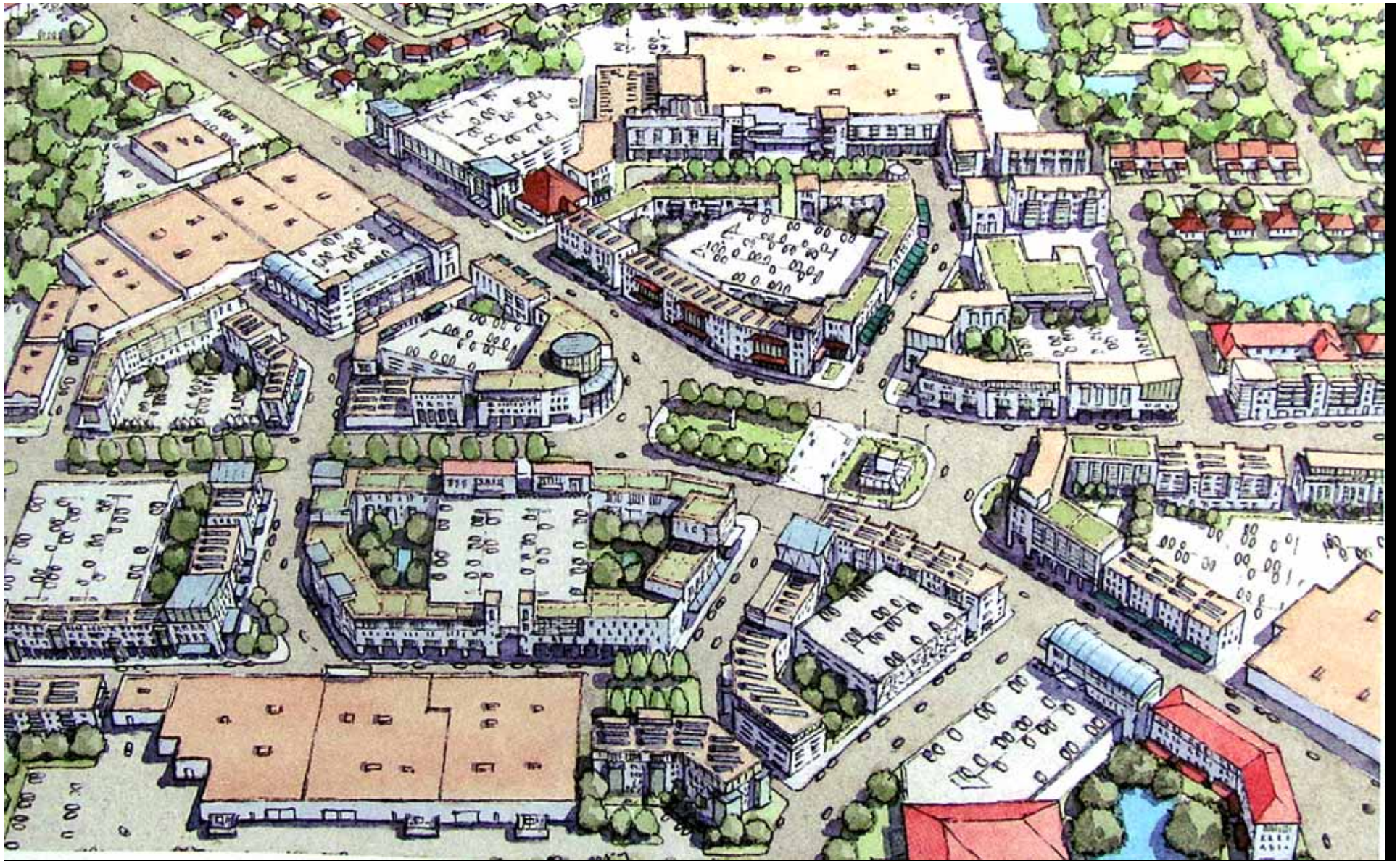


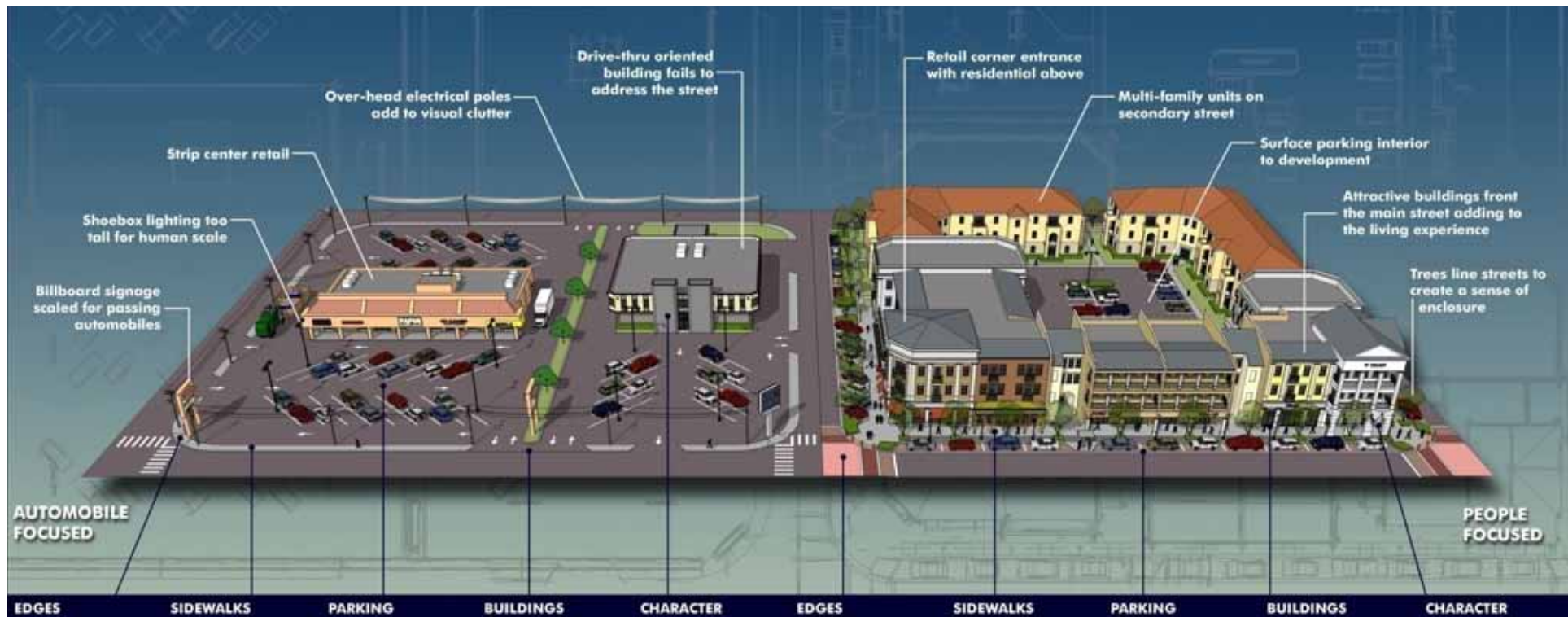
Walkable

Low Car Dependency

Moderate Congestion









**Size neighborhoods
for a 5-minute walk**

**Design for a mix of
land uses:**

**Make blocks a
walkable size:**

- Block perimeters of 1,500' to 2,000'
- Create a connected network of streets

Centers include denser housing, a square, civic uses, and neighborhood-oriented retail.

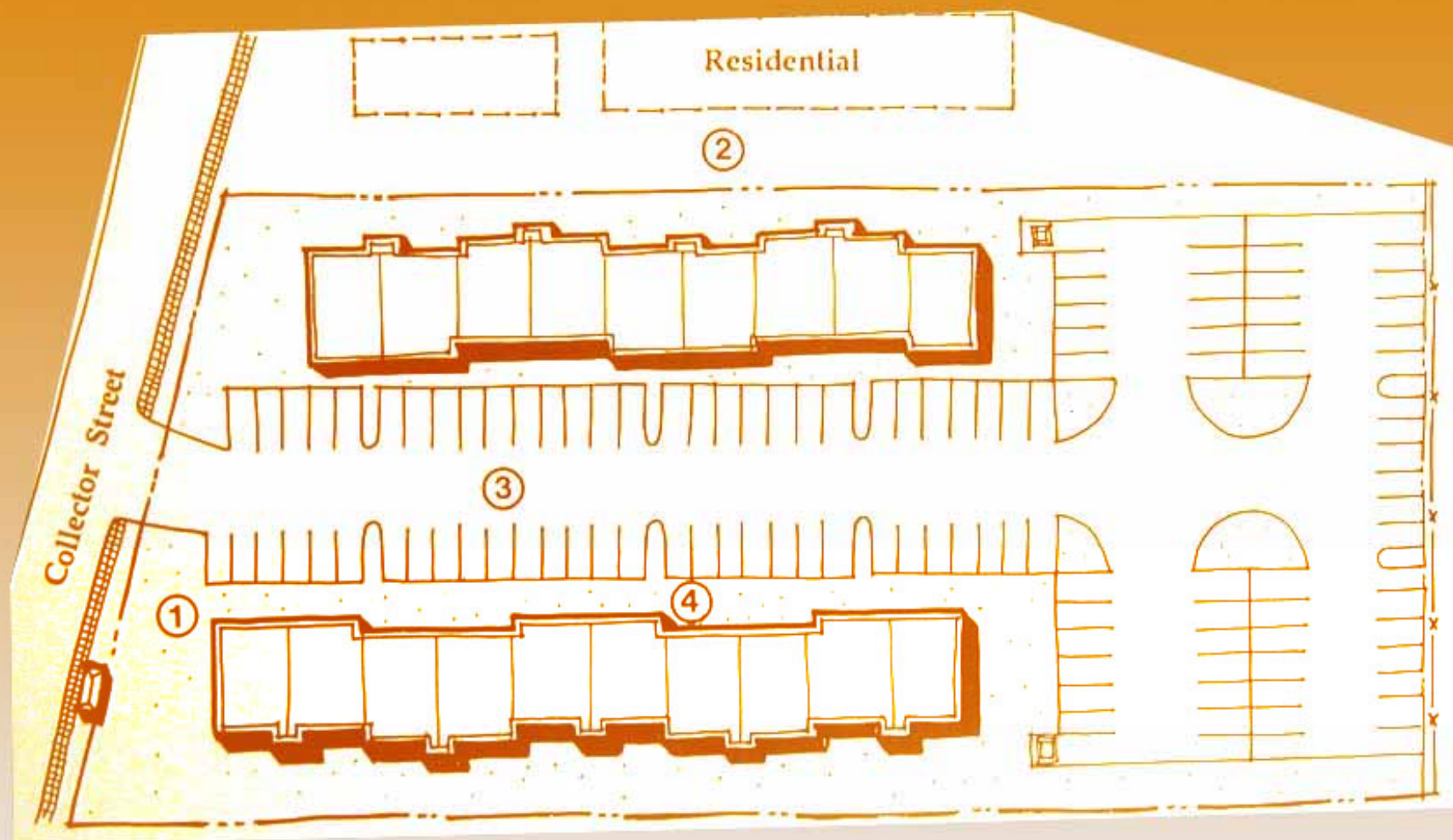


8-10 du/a net

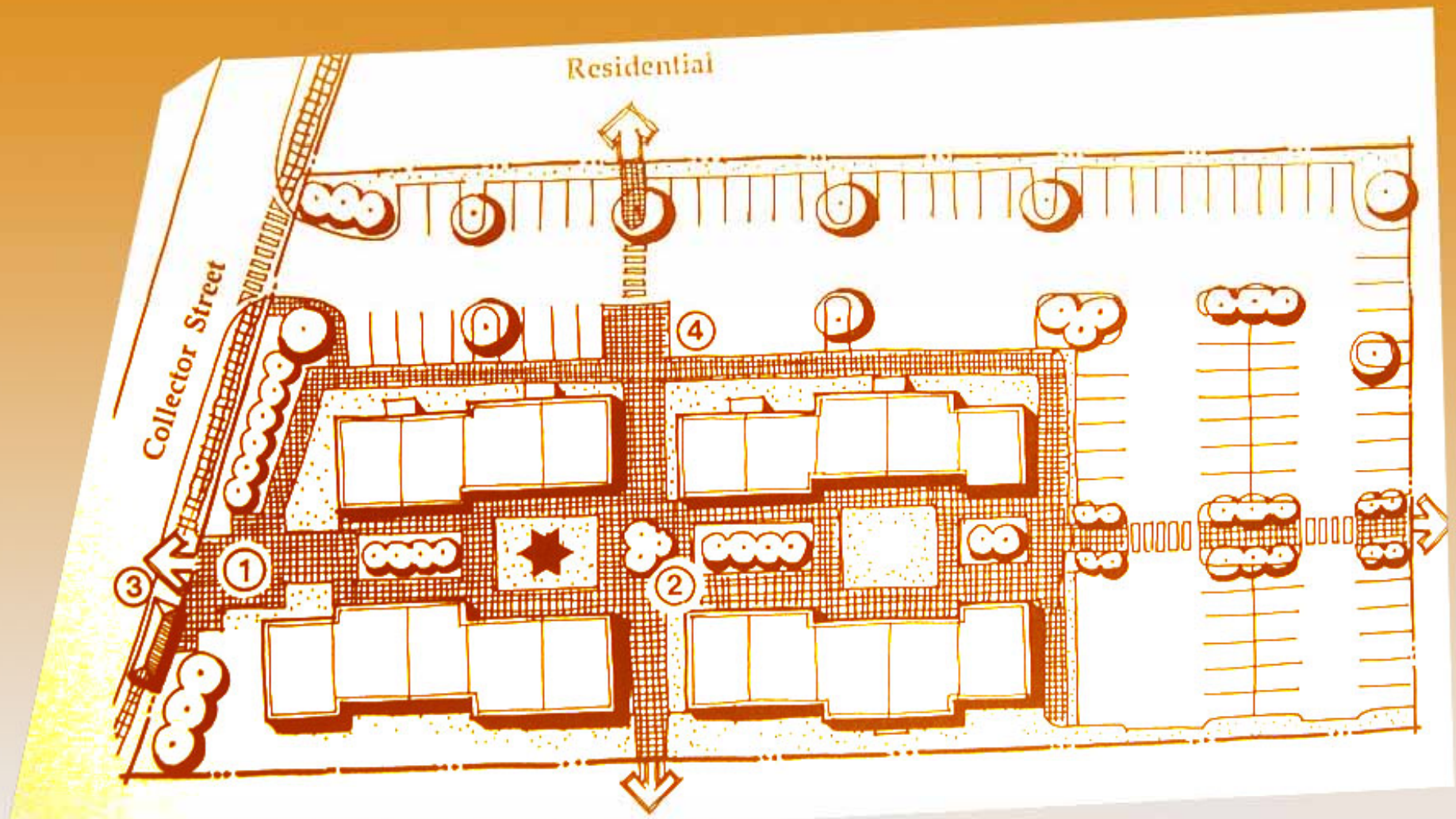


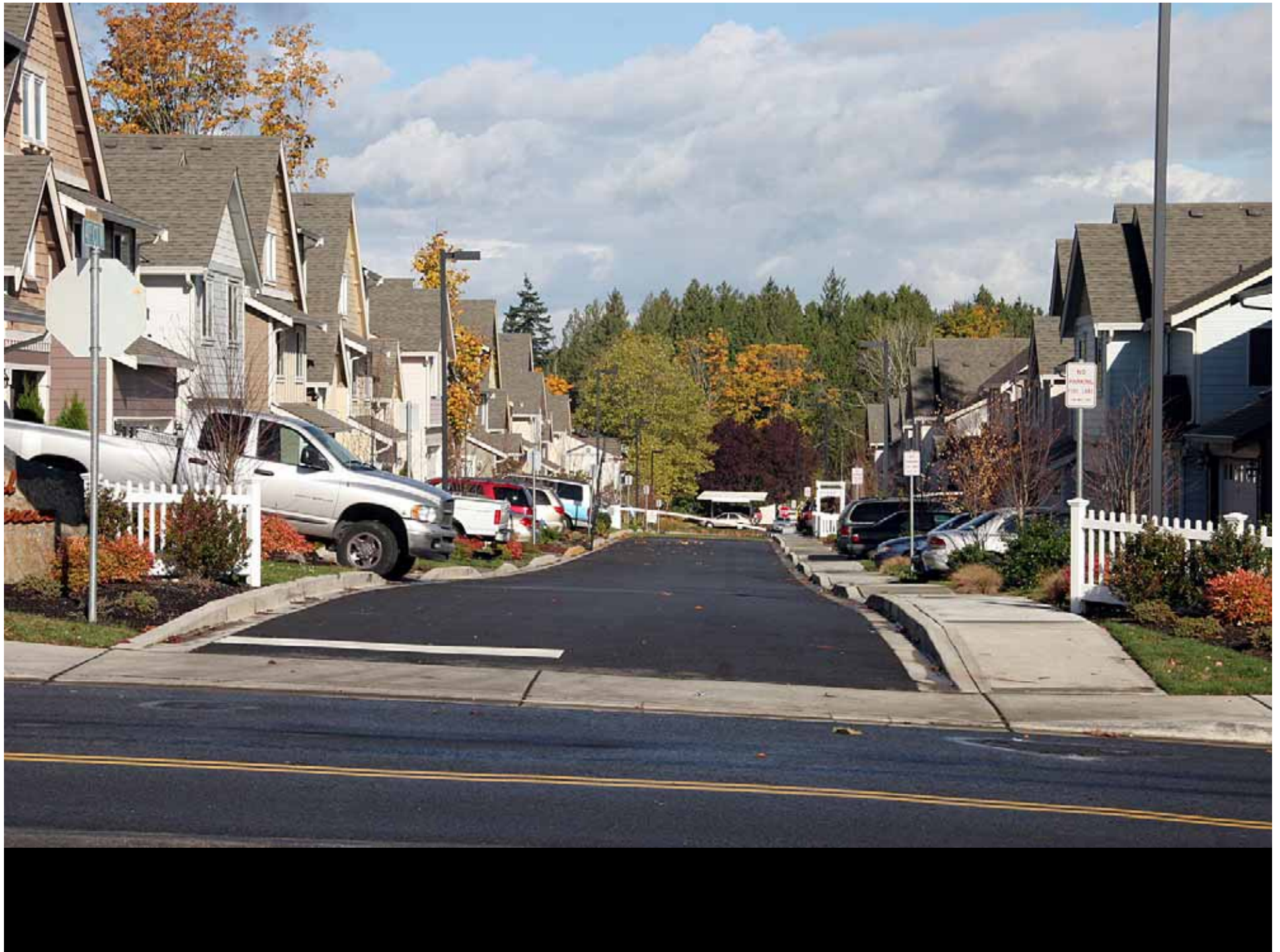
11-12 du/a net

Small Apartment - Typical



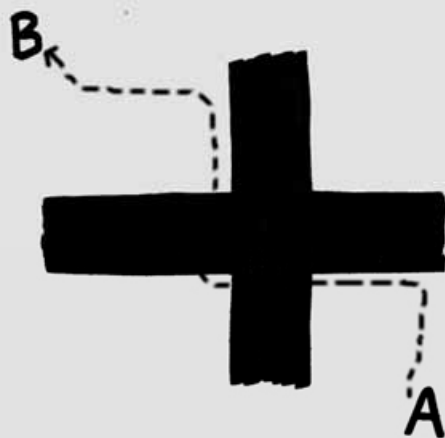
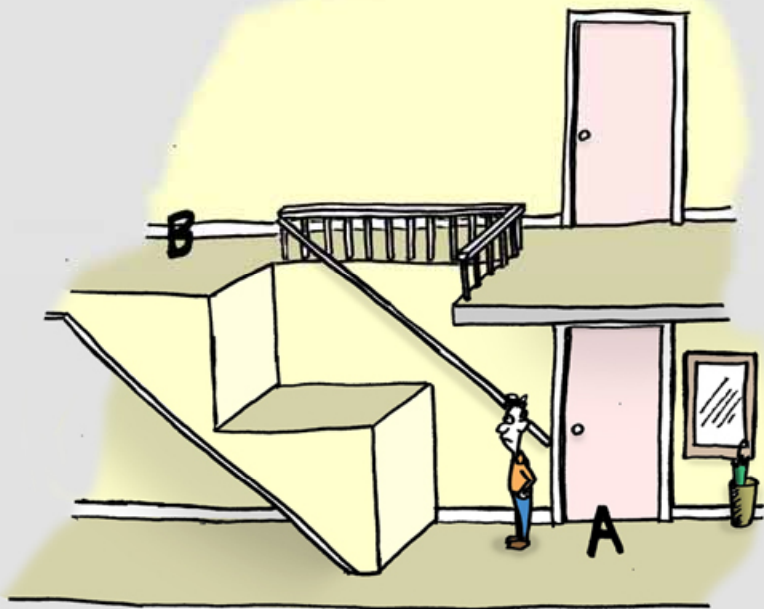
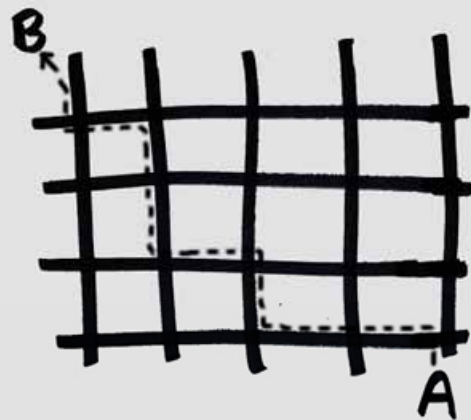
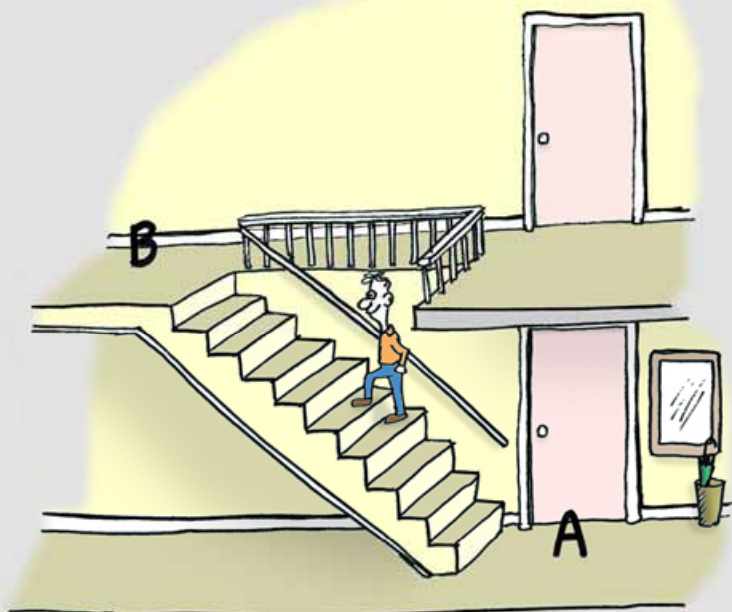
Small Apartment Complex Transit Compatible







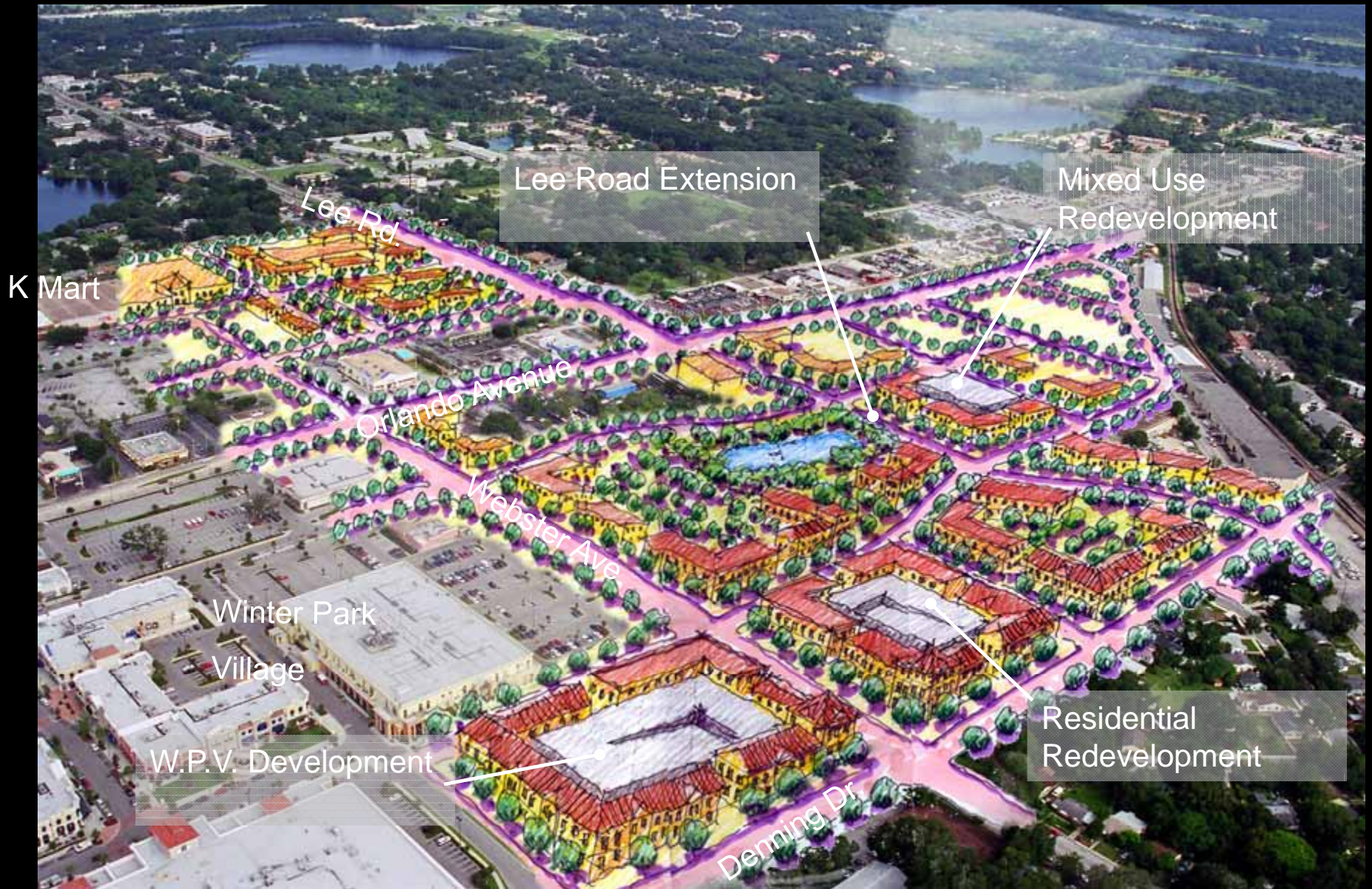
Connectivity





























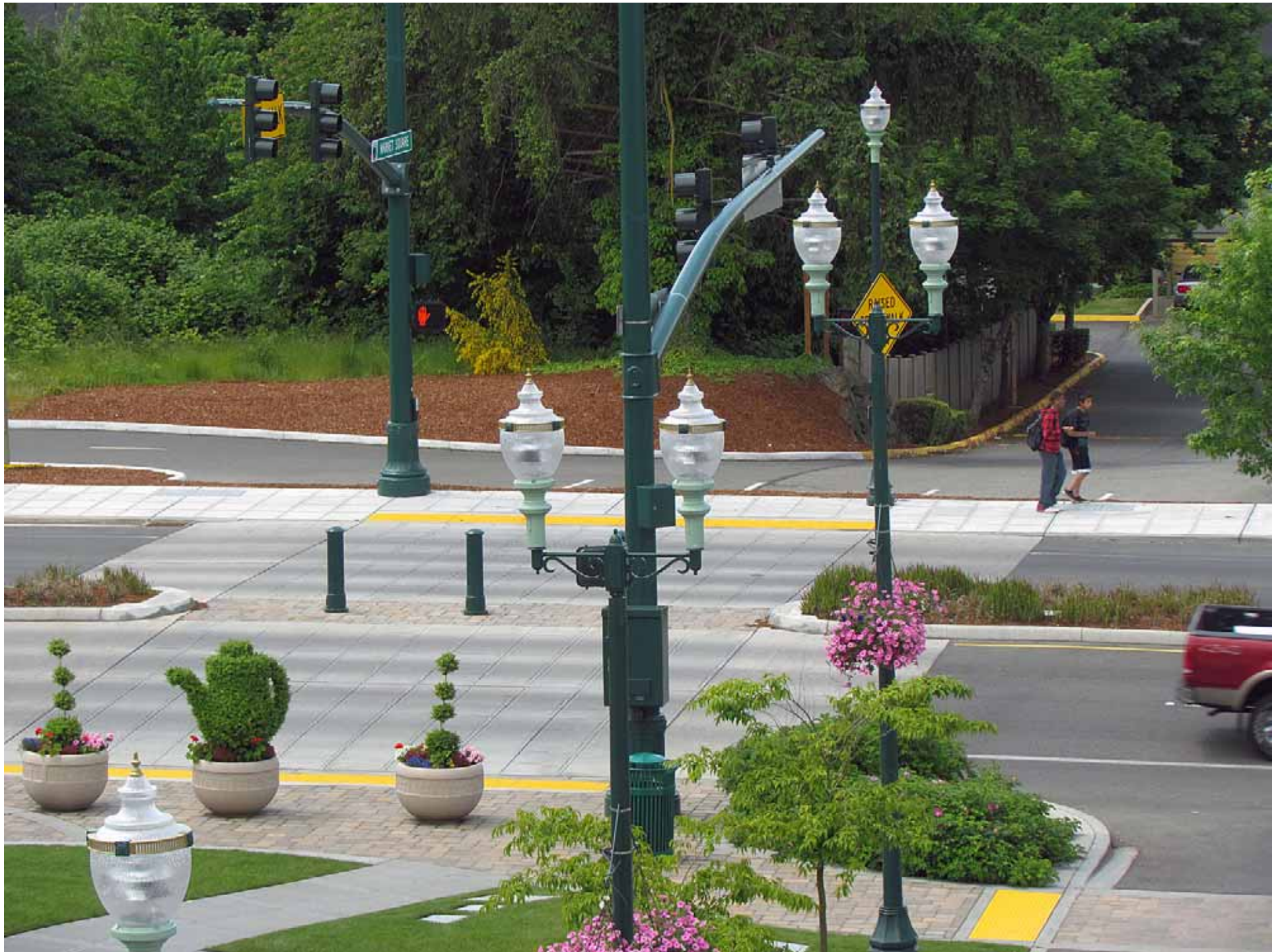


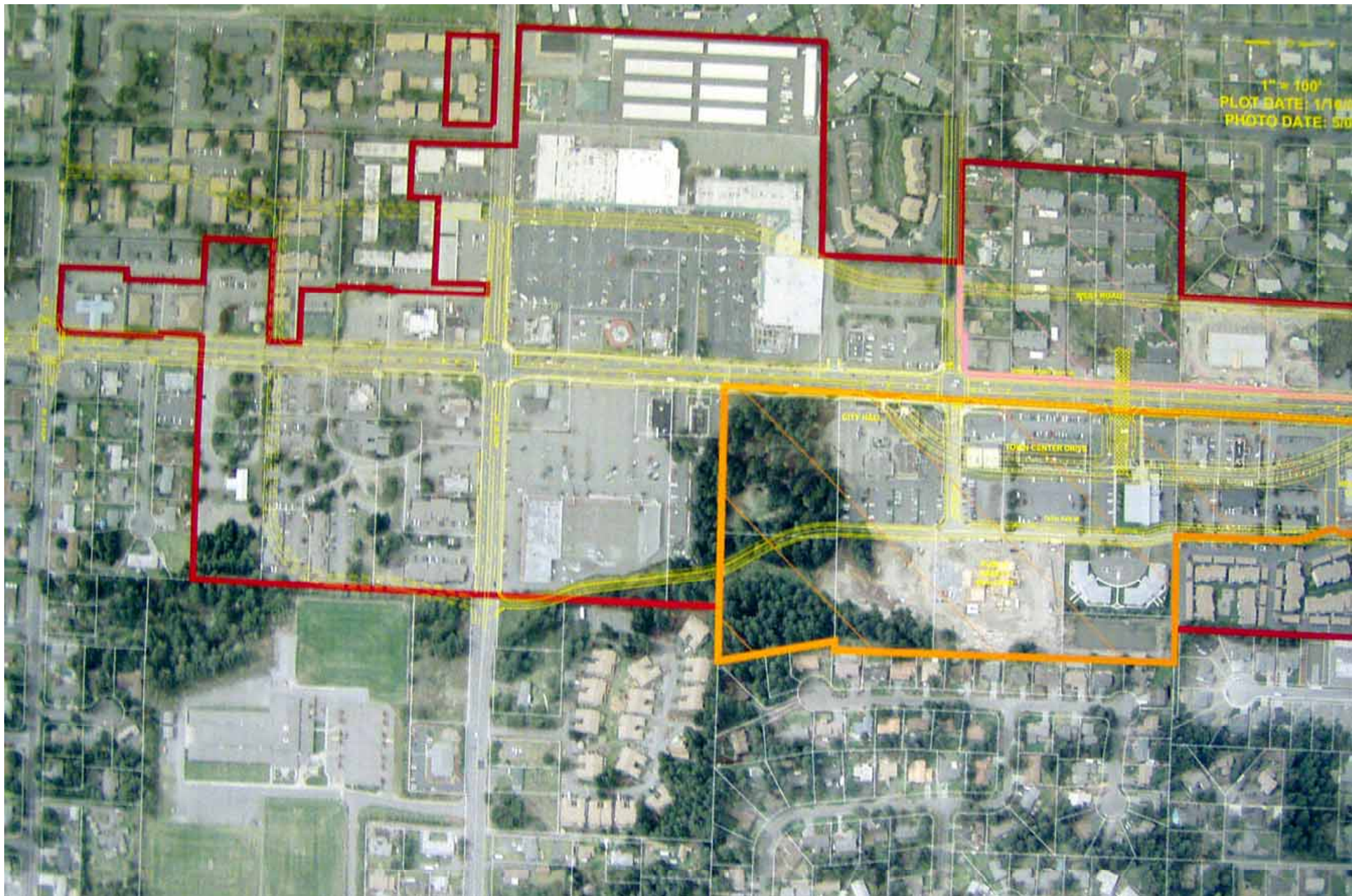










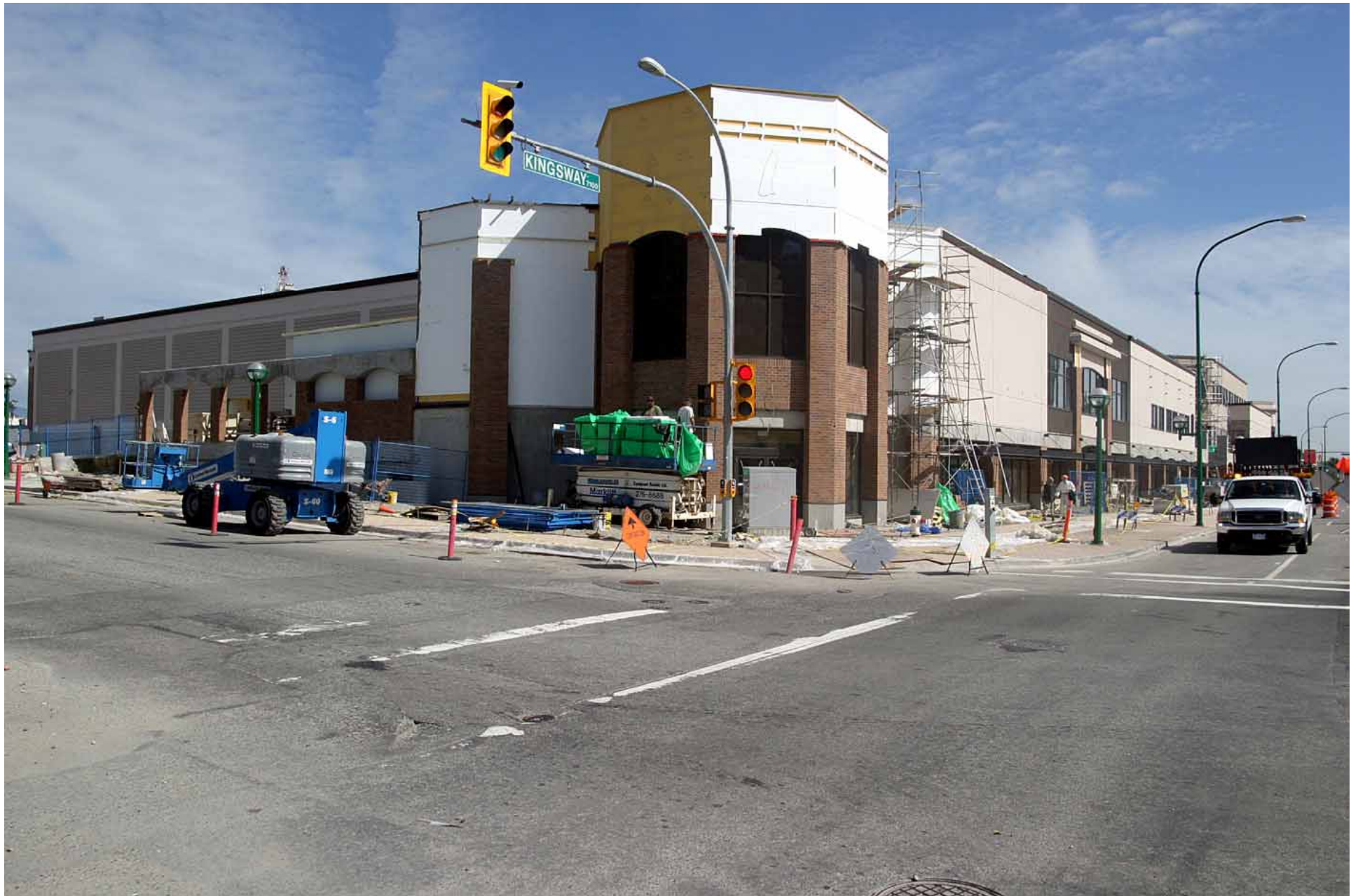


tification of Area

Highgate Village



Burnaby, British Columbia

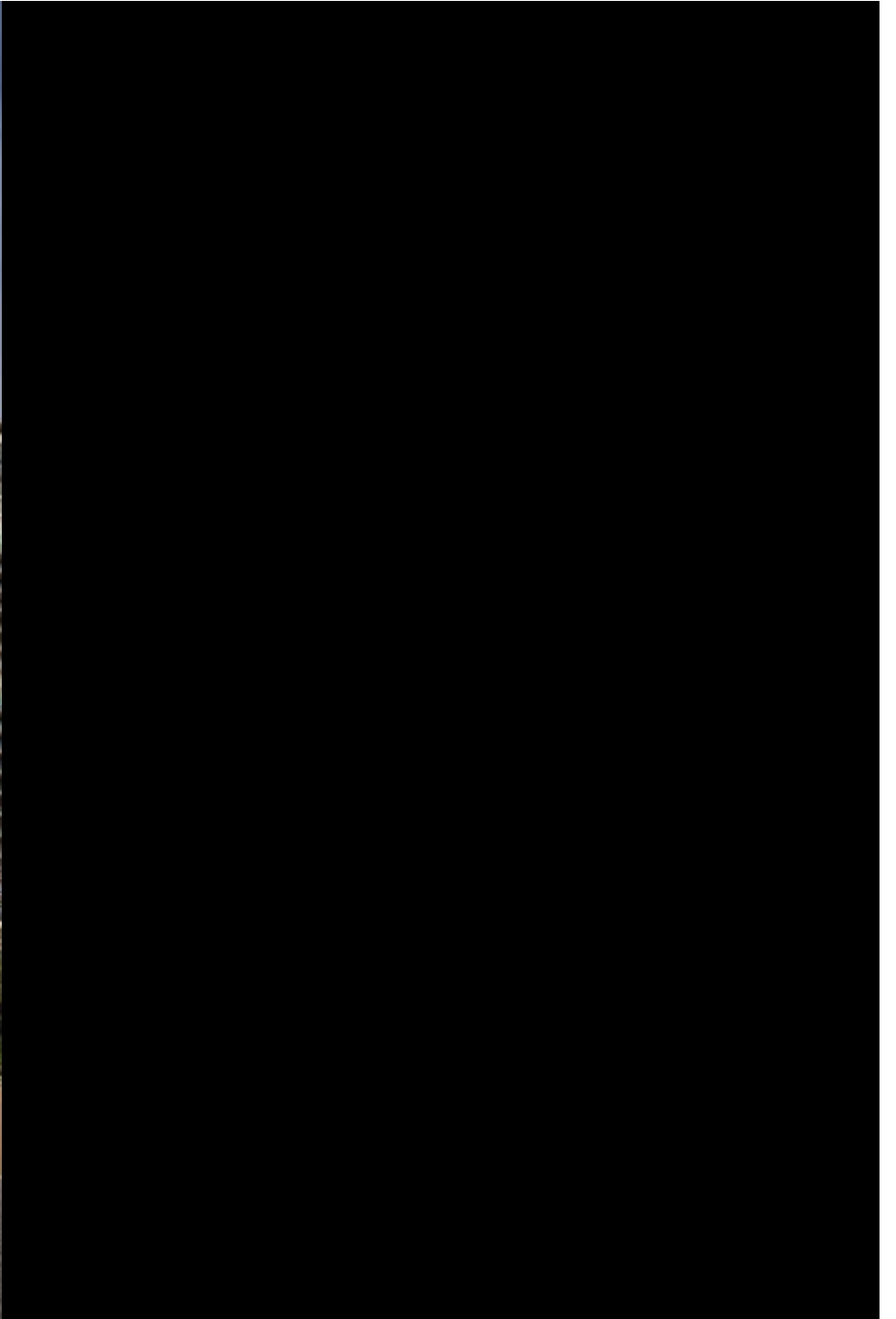


High Gate Village - Former Strip Mall



Burnaby, British Columbia









New Port Village, Port Moody



New Port Village, Port Moody



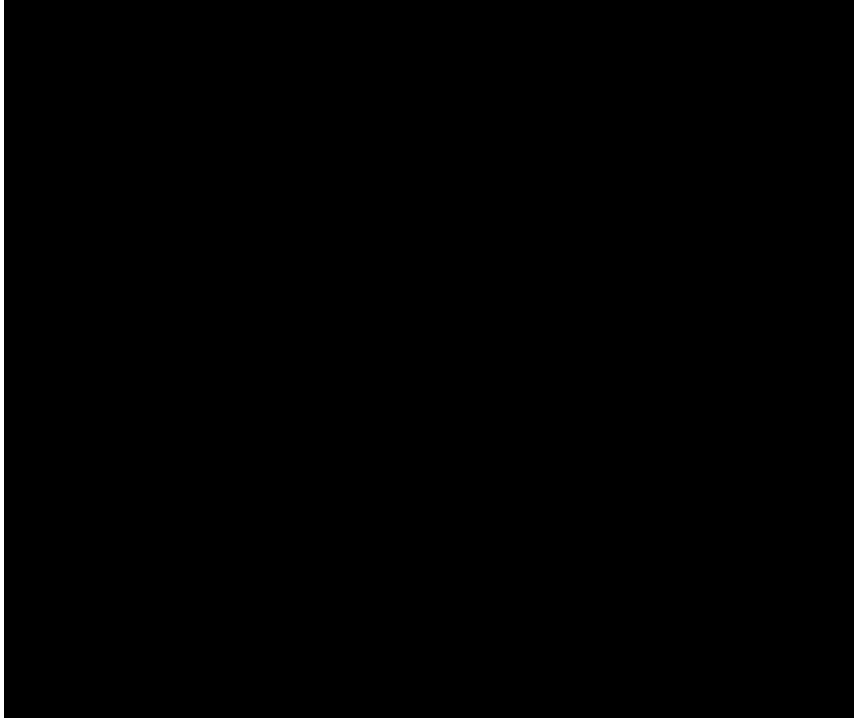
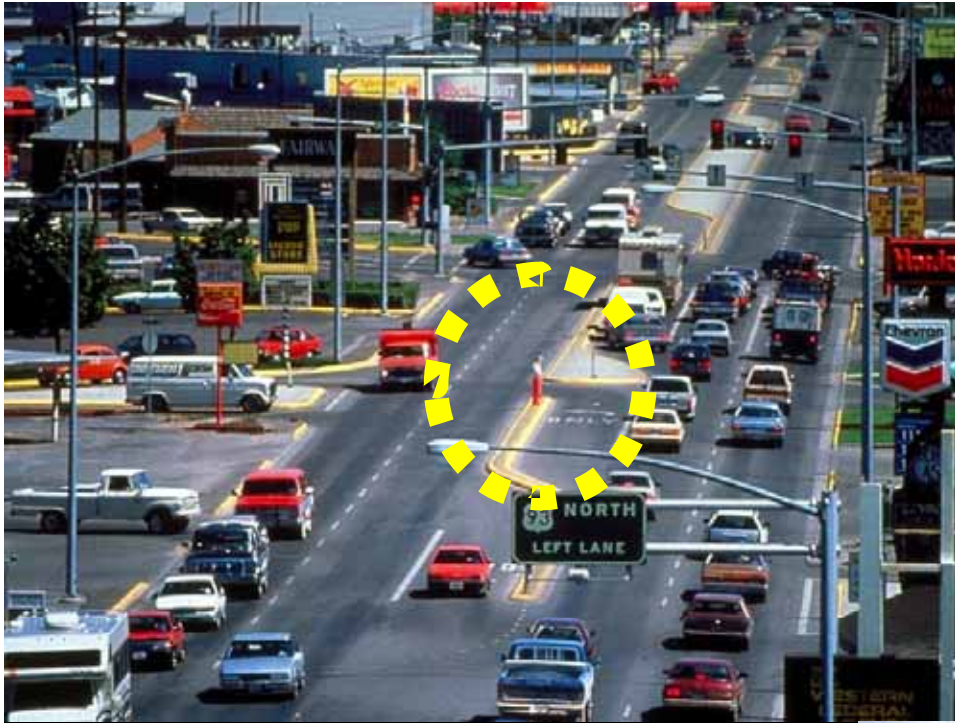
New Port Village, Port Moody



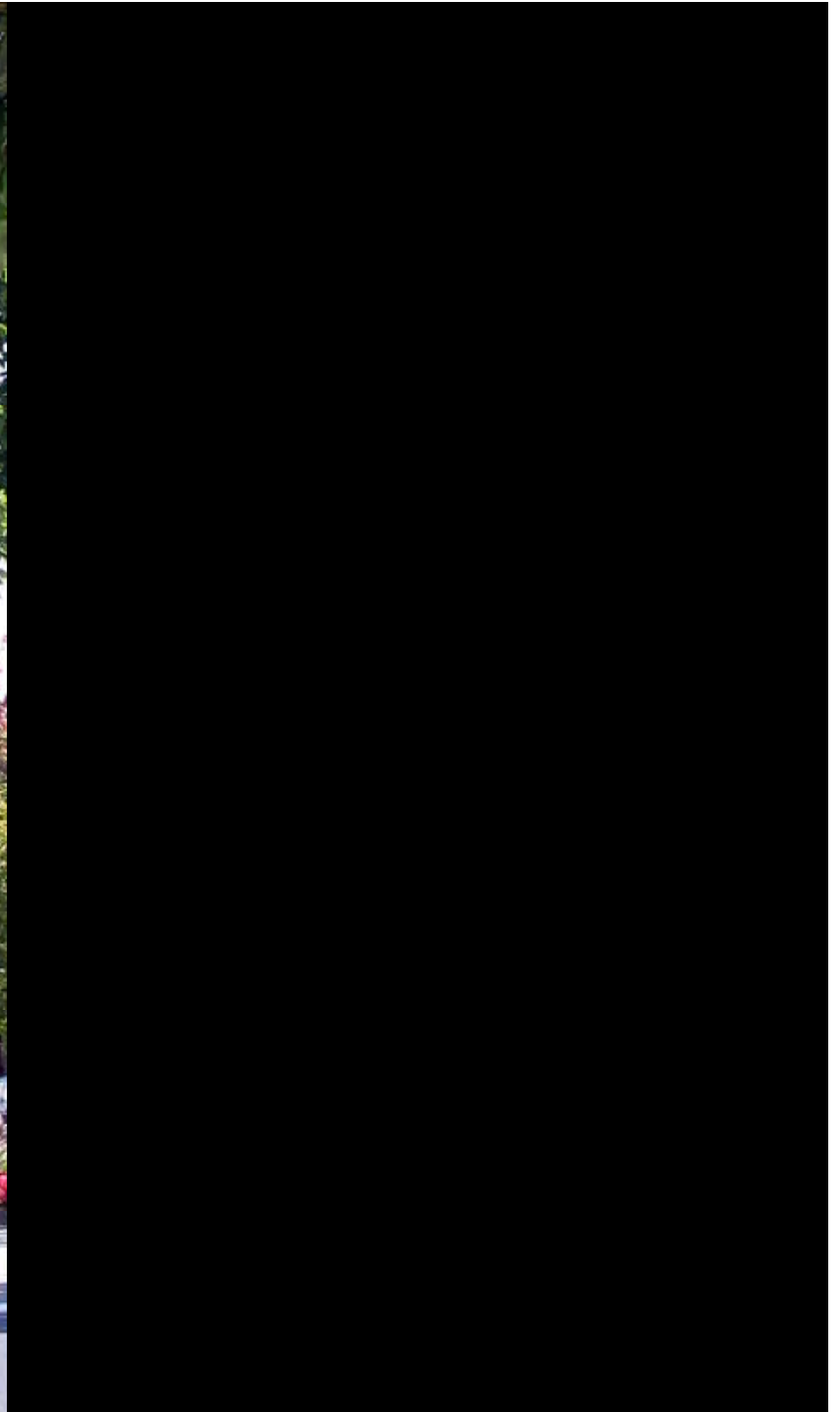
New Port Village, Port Moody

Boulevards





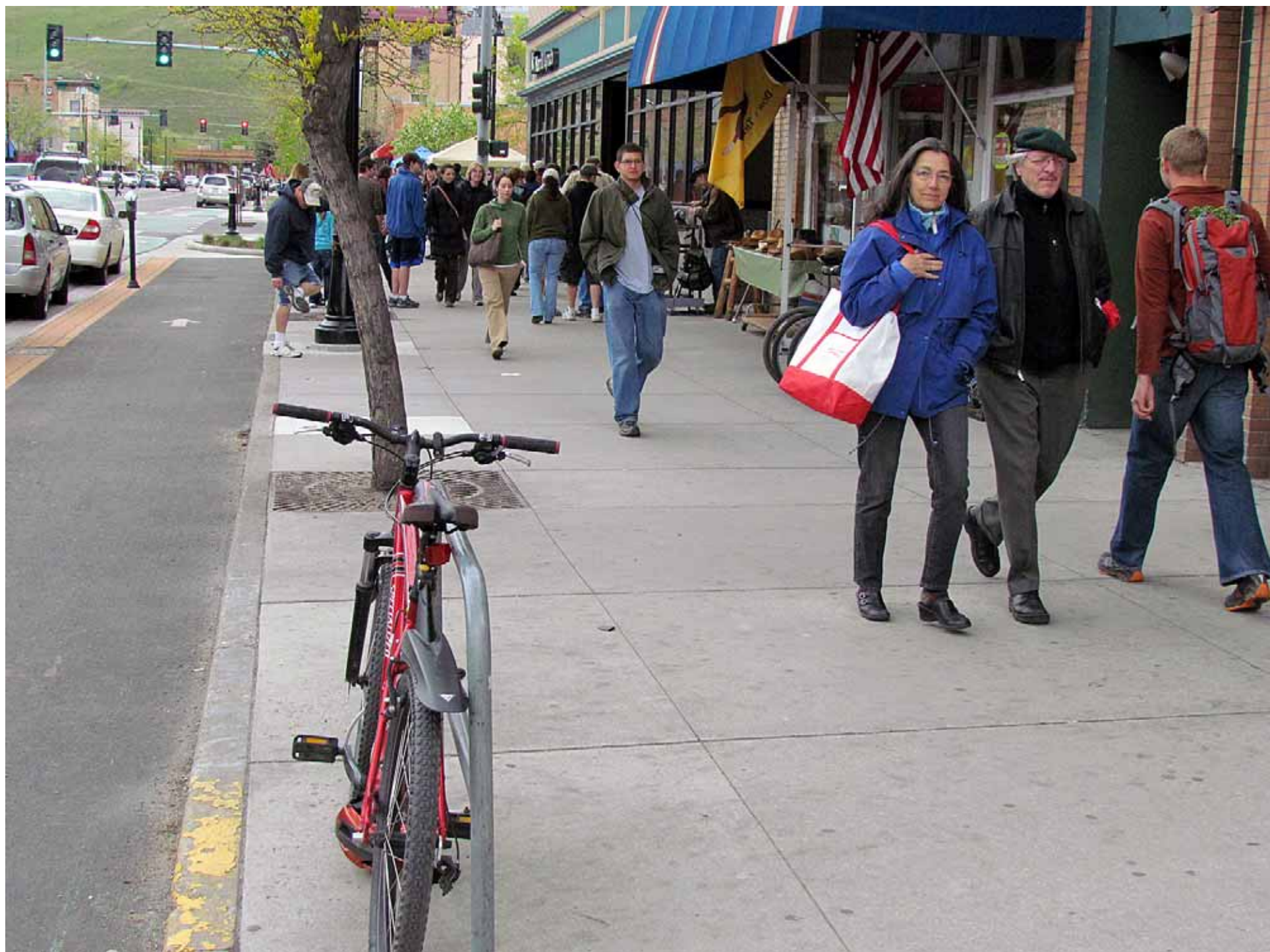




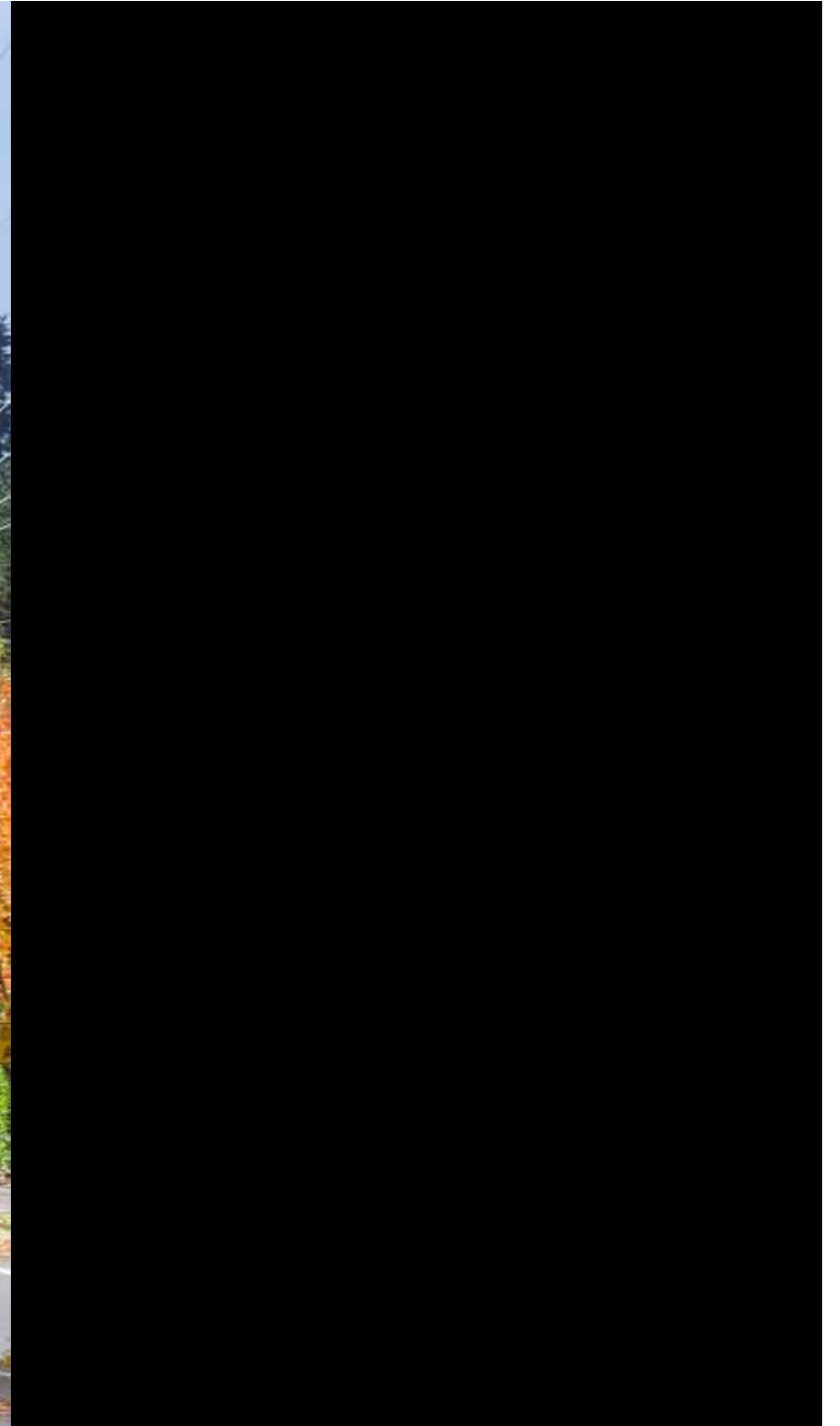


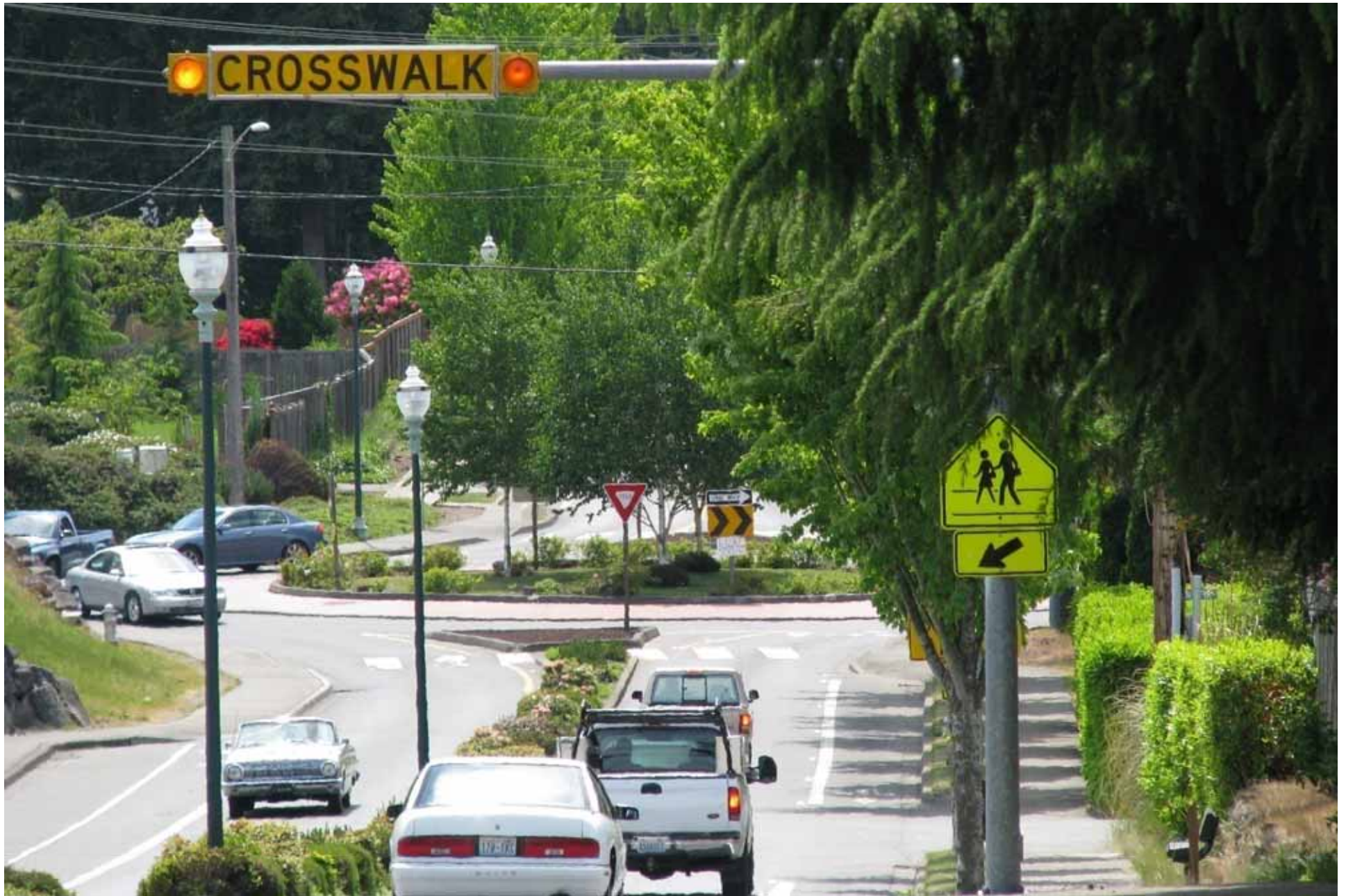














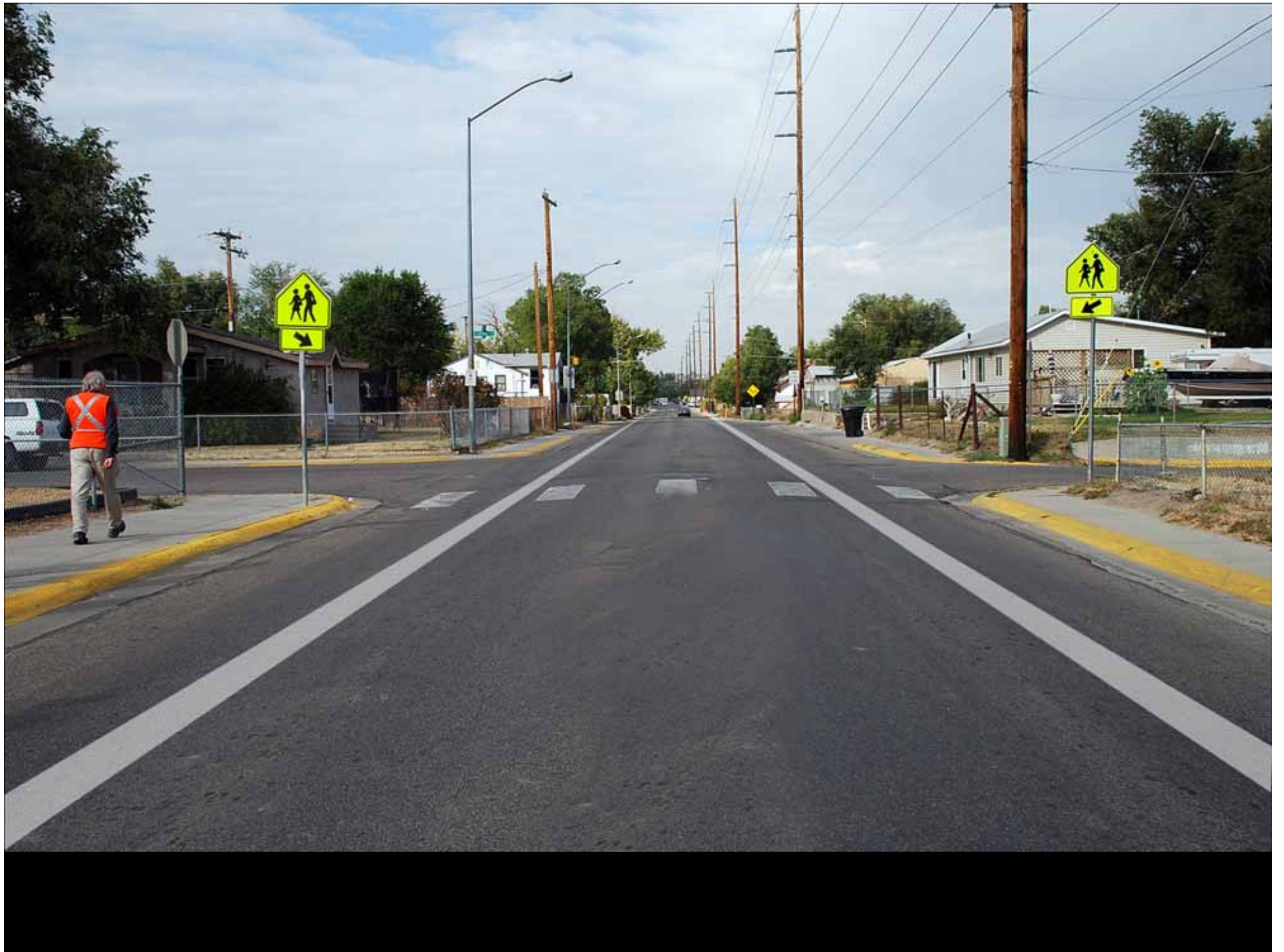




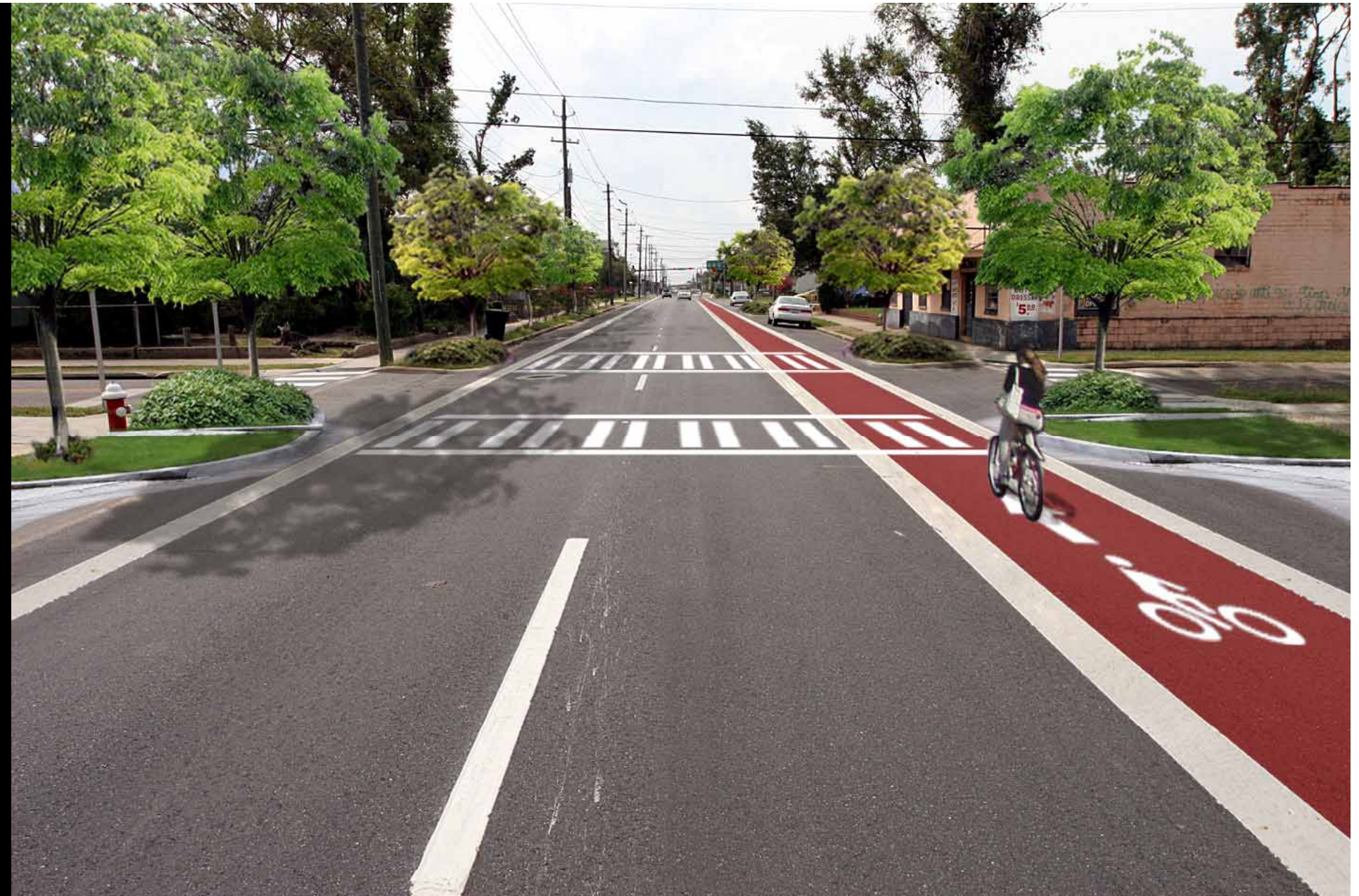
















Can handle 25,000 vehicles
per day



Can handle 25,000



See
FORT COLLINS
By Bicycle







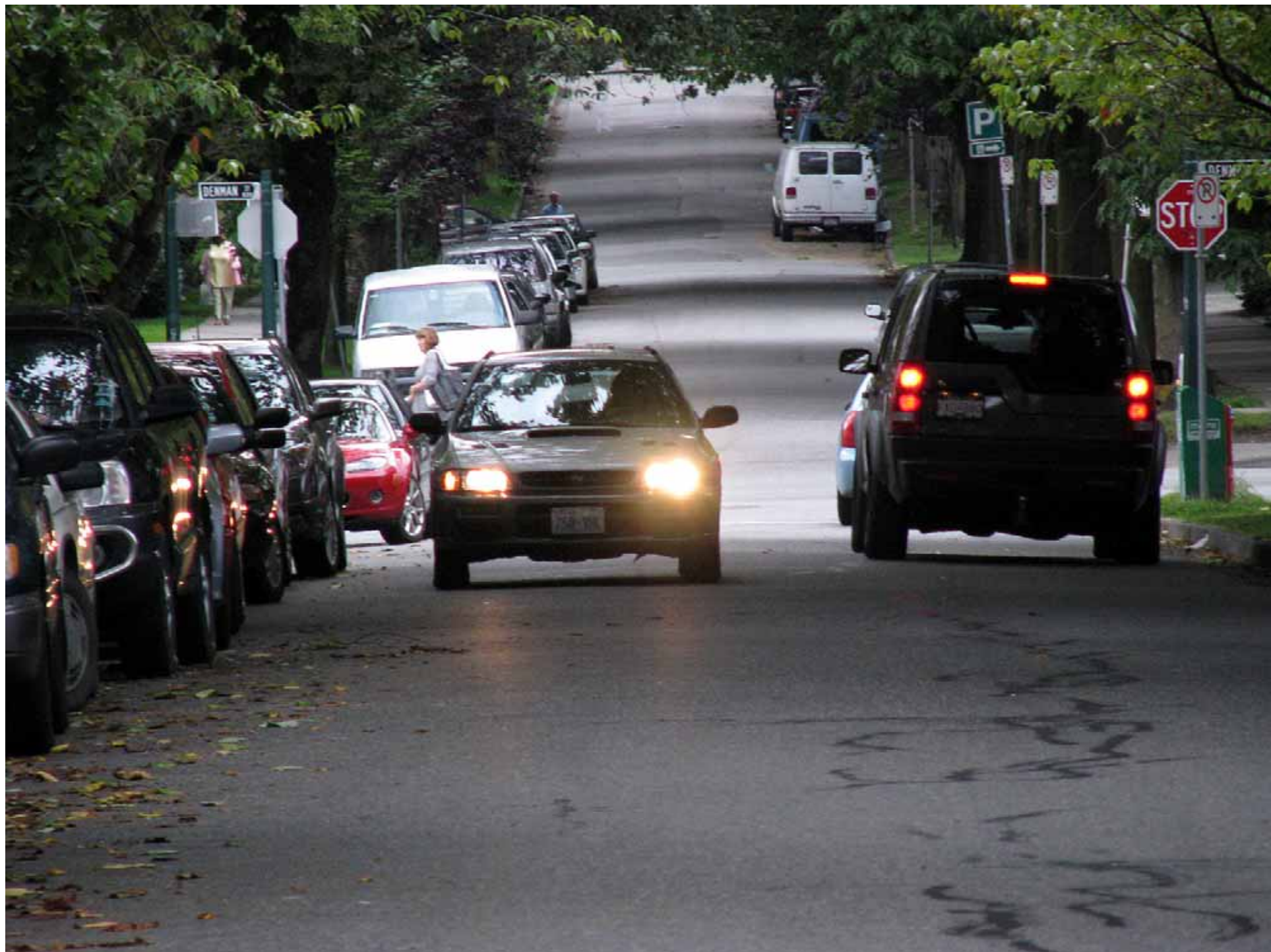




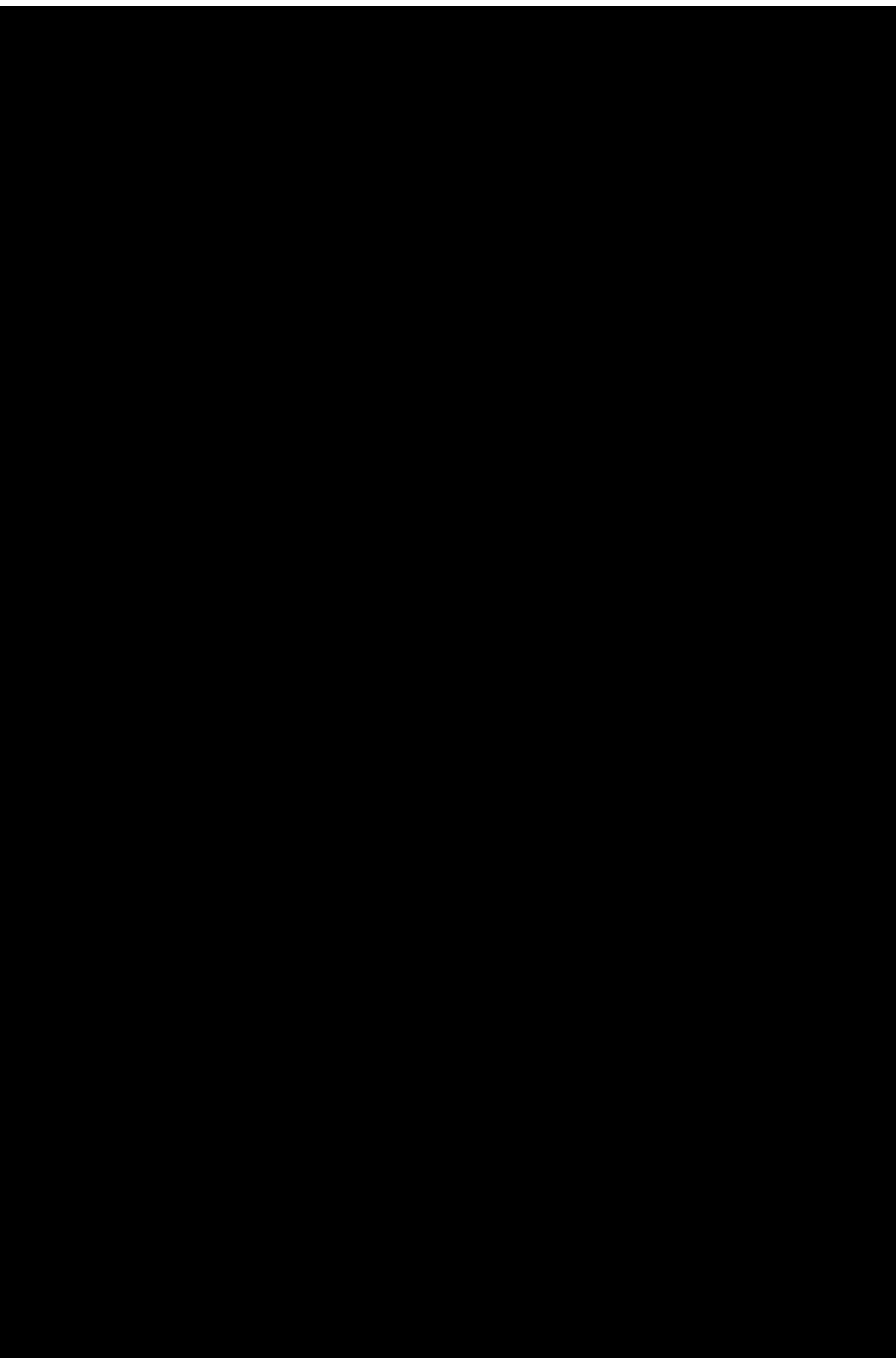
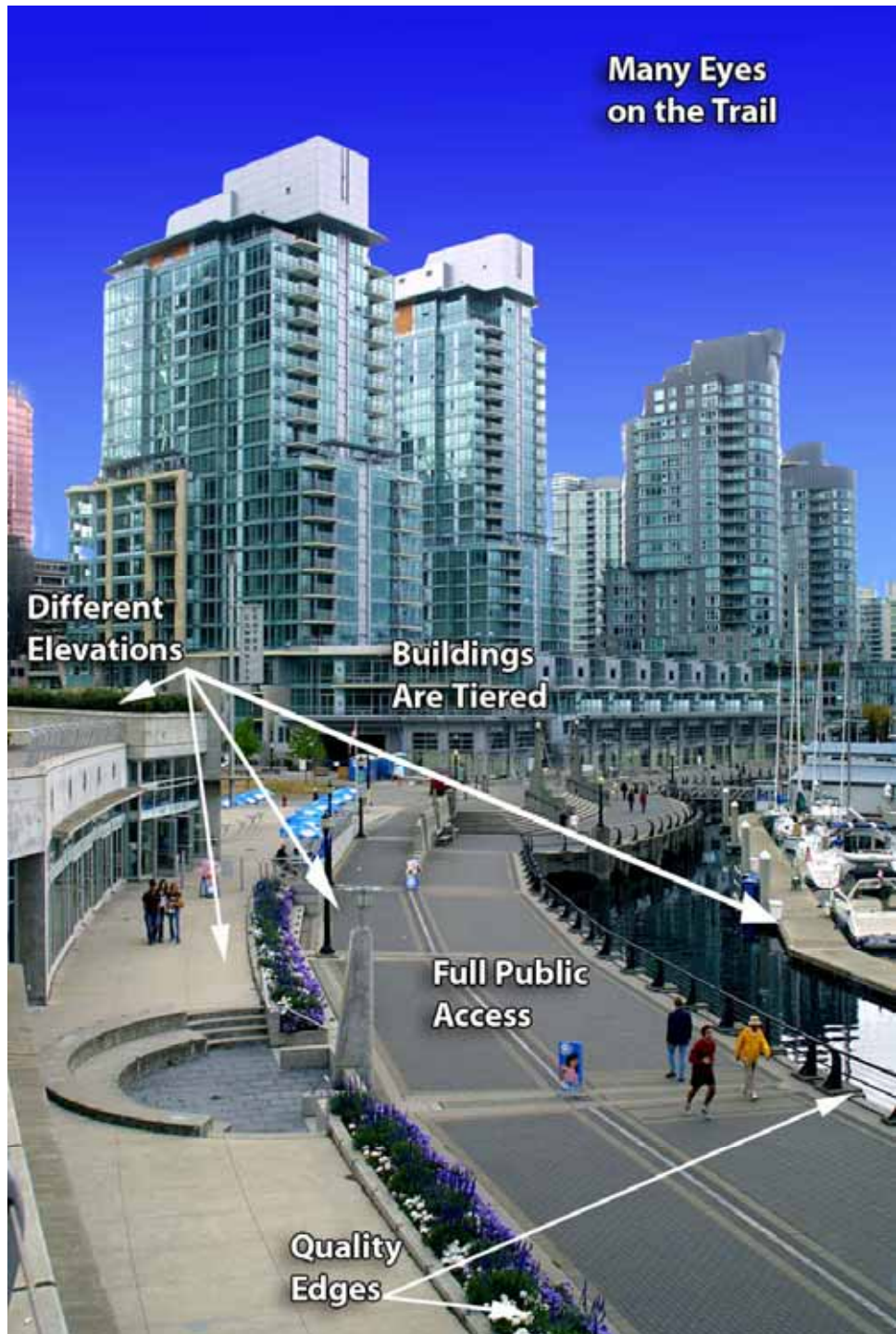
Vancouver now has so much density that there is no comparison until you travel to Asia ... to Beijing, Hong Kong, or Tokyo.

As Vancouver has built itself into the one city in the "Most Livable City in the World" ... Vehicle Miles Per Day (VPD) is declining. Registered car ownership is also declining.

Virtually all growth occurred in brown fields, industrial yards, old rail yards. Virtually all former single family homes are still in place. Loved, cared for, and worth a heck of a lot of money.













This:

Pottstown PA









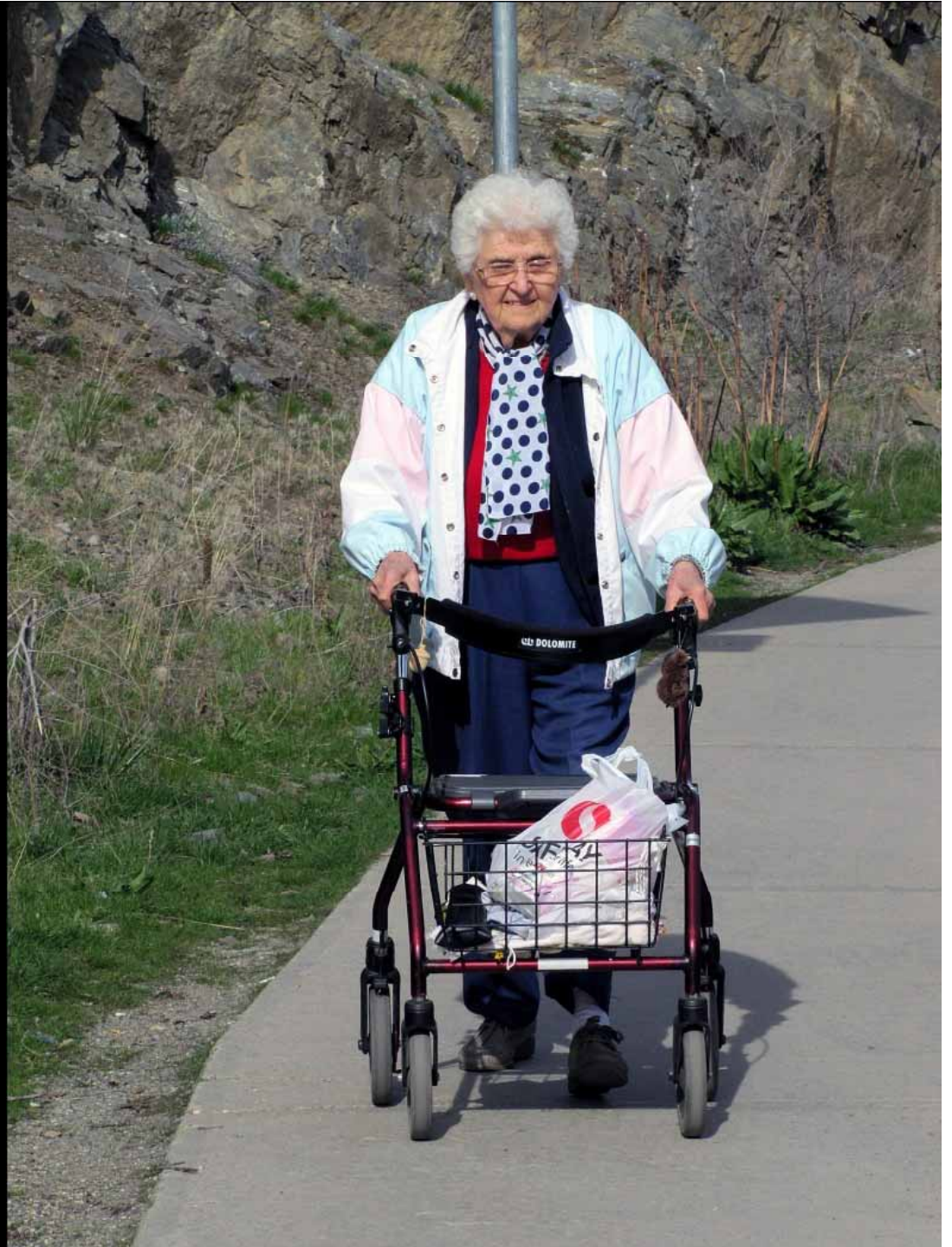




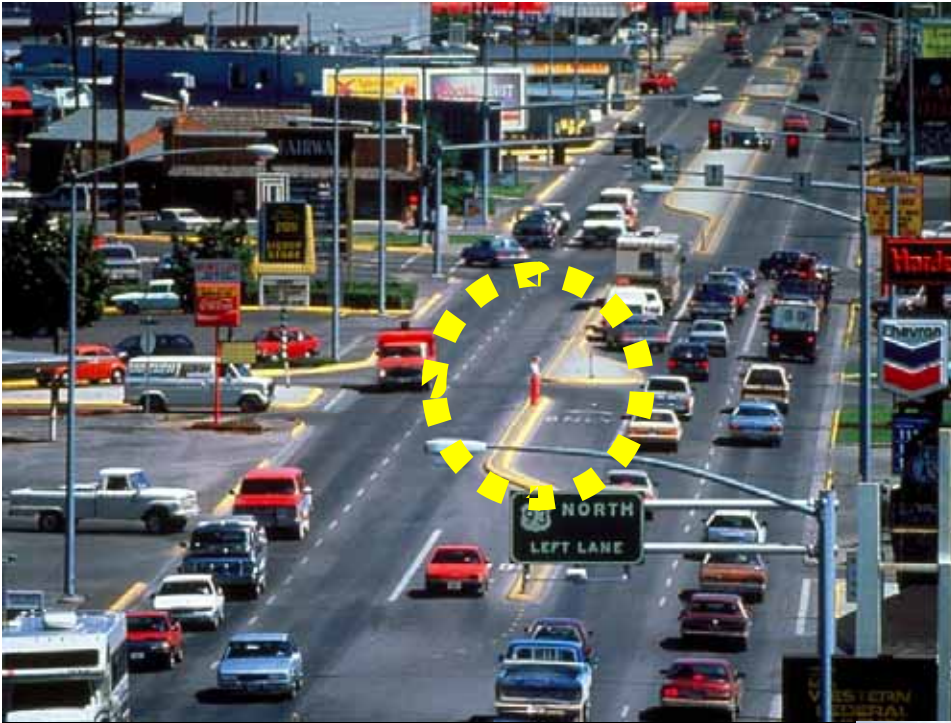






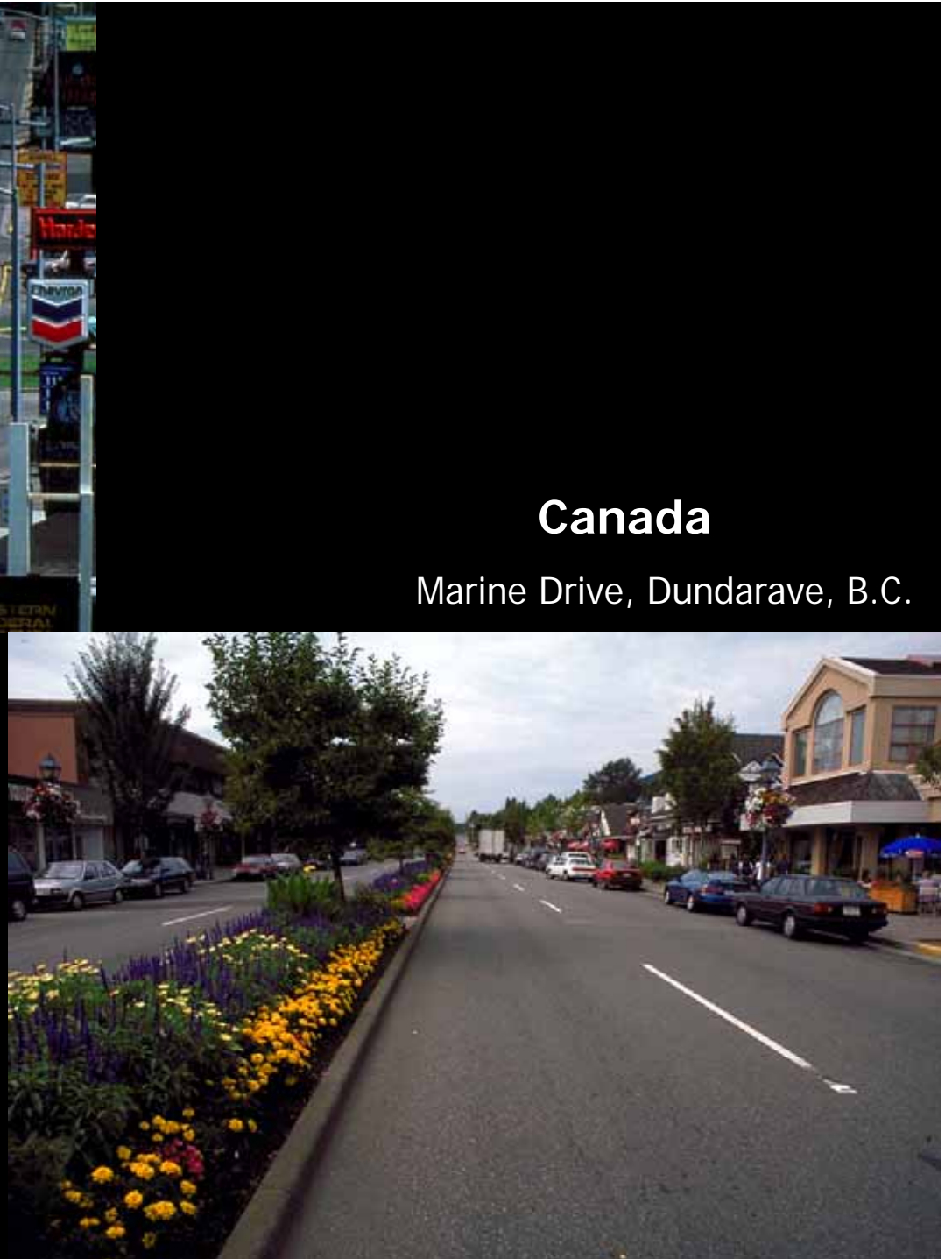






Highway 93, Missoula, Montana

USA

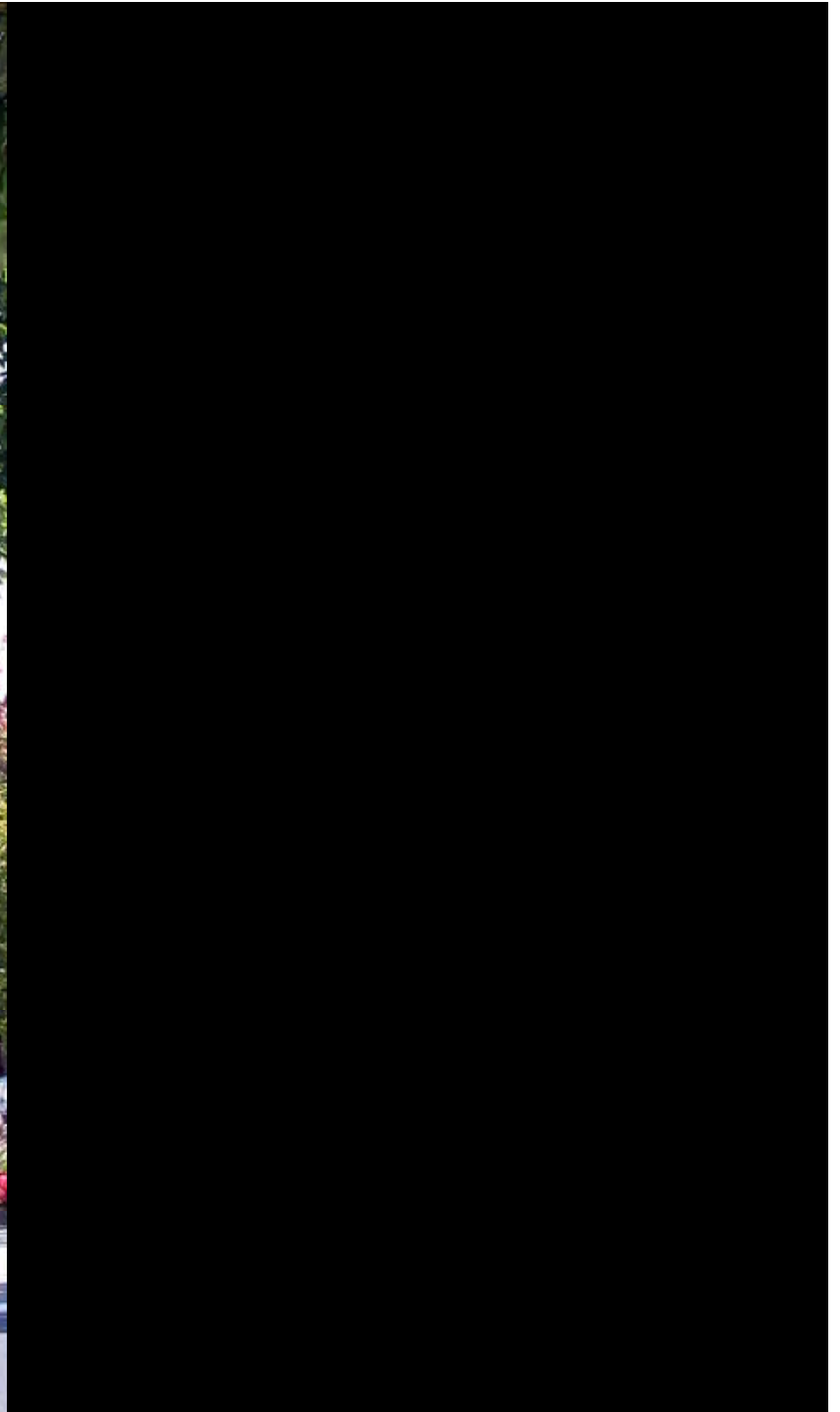


Canada

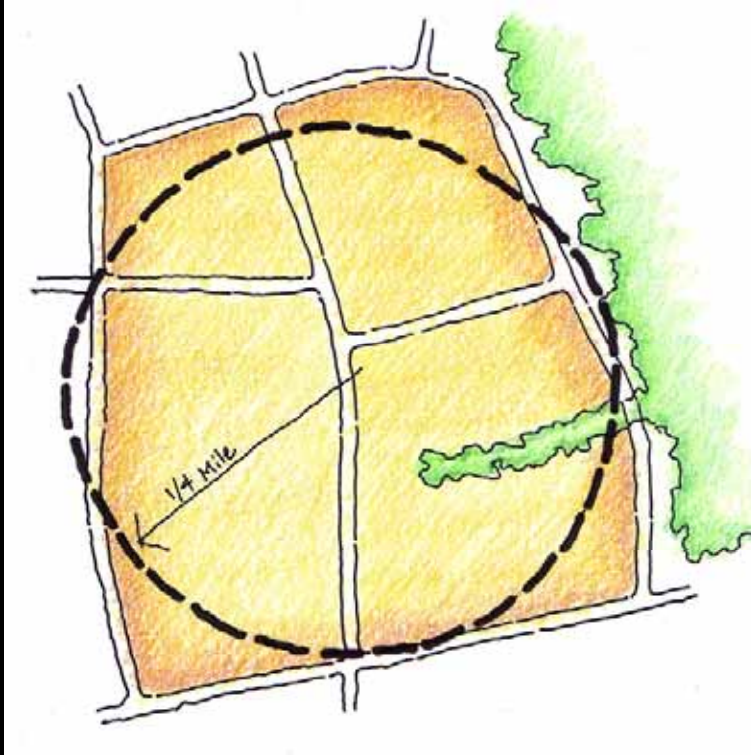
Marine Drive, Dundarave, B.C.



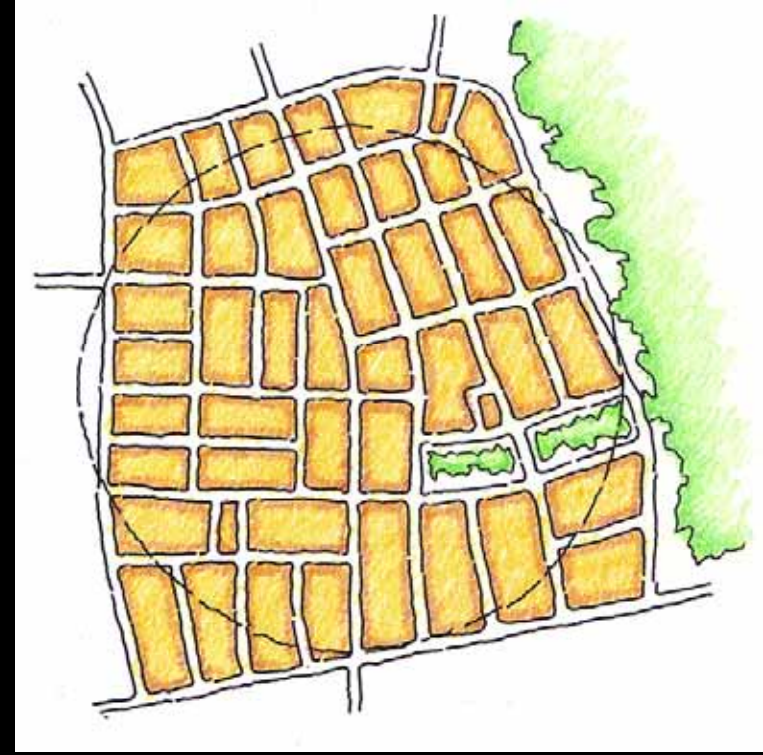
Marine Drive, Dundarave, B.C.



Make blocks a walkable size



Disconnected



Connected

Create a connected network of streets

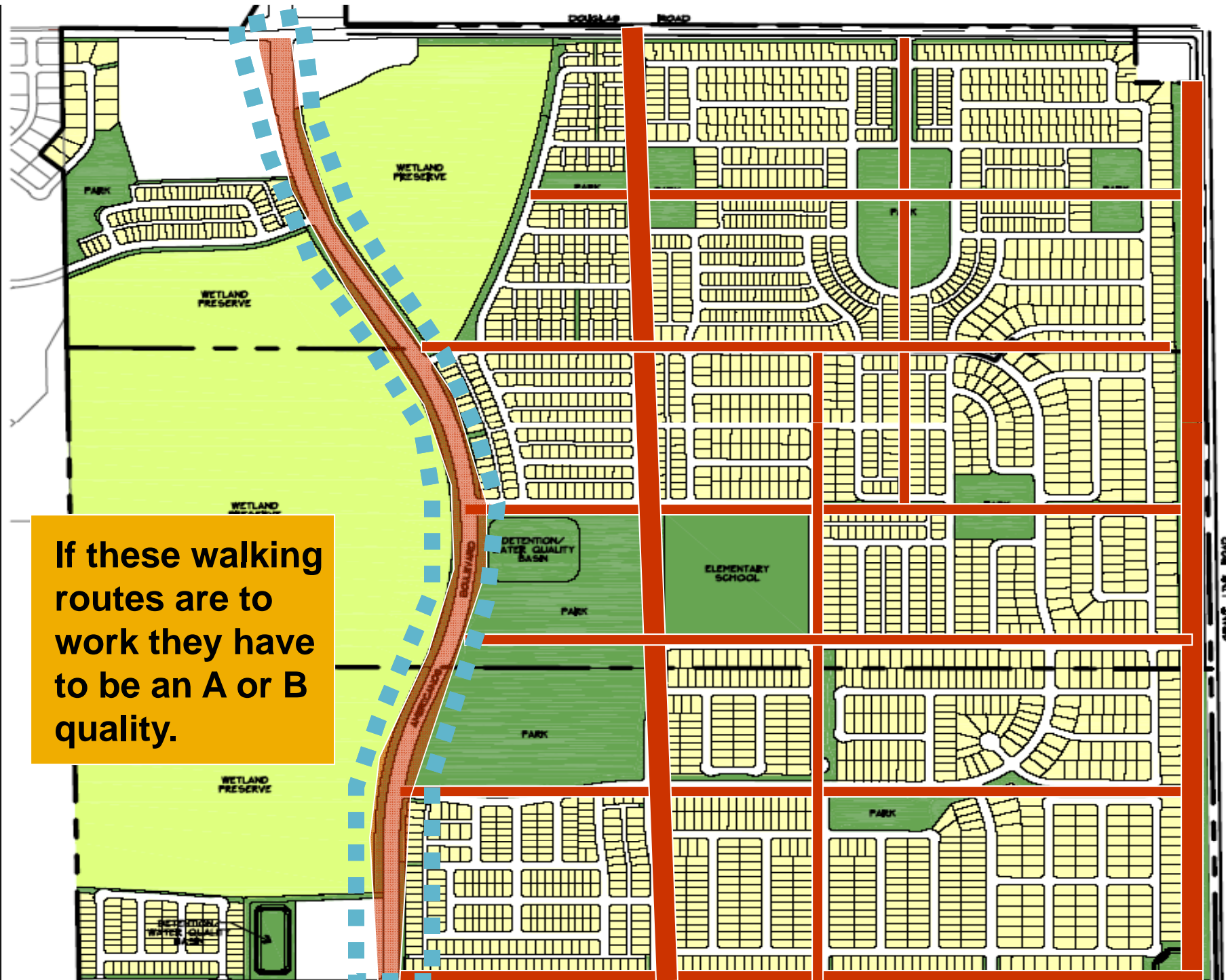
Use block perimeters of 1,200 to 2,100 feet



**Design for a mix
of land uses:**

**Centers include
denser housing, a
square, civic uses,
and neighborhood-
oriented retail.**





If these walking routes are to work they have to be an A or B quality.























2 Lane Streets with Curb and Gutter

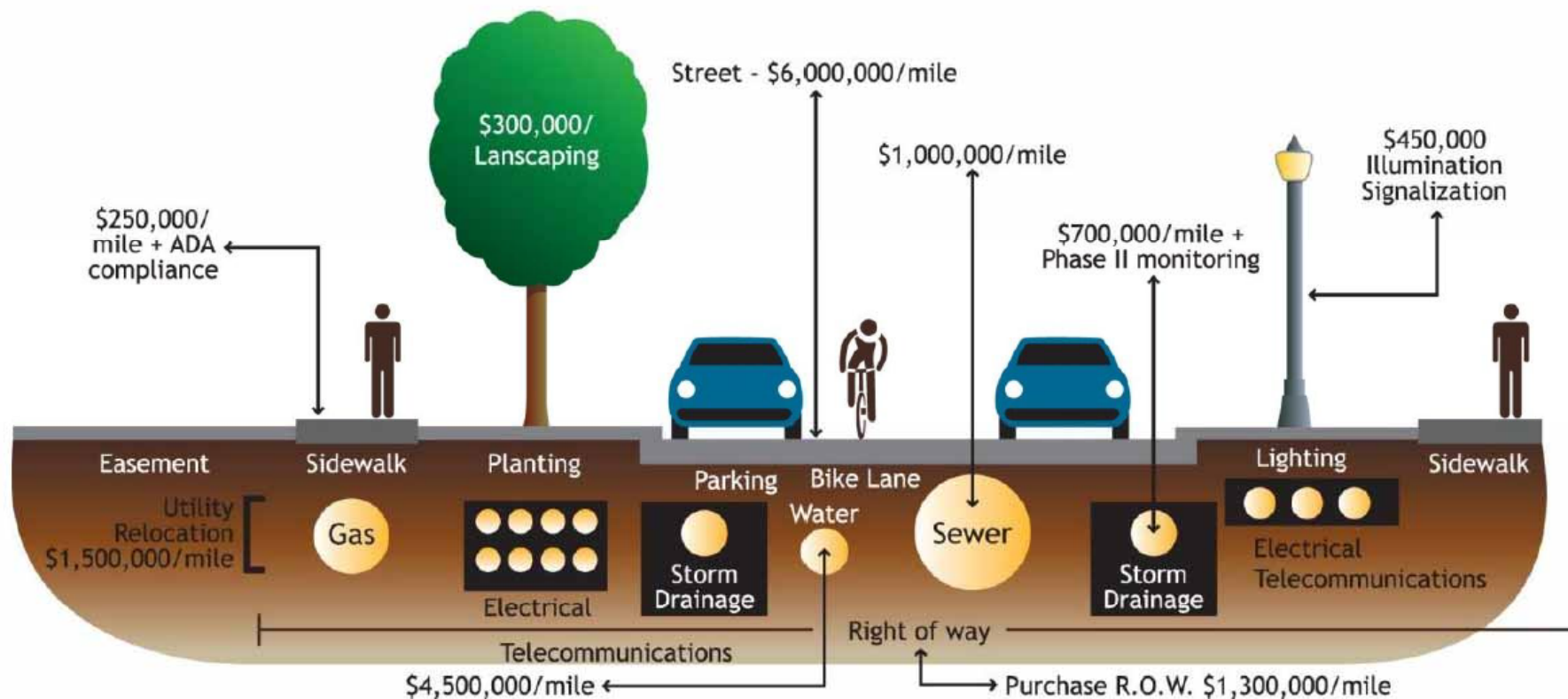
Street Option	Construction Cost Per Mile	Sidewalk	Bike Lanes	Lane Width	% Difference
12' Lanes (28' F-F)	\$3,800,000	-	-	-	-
12' Lanes + 5' sidewalk (28' F-F)	\$4,000,000	3.80%	-	-	4%
11' Lanes (26' F-F)	\$3,750,000	-	-	-1.30%	-1.5%
11' Lanes + 5' sidewalk (26' F-F)	\$3,950,000	3.80%	-	-1.30%	2.50%

3 Lane Streets with Curb and Gutter

Street Option	Construction Cost Per Mile	Sidewalk	Bike Lanes	Lane Width	% Difference
12' Lanes (40' F-F)	\$4,800,000	-	-	-	-
12' Lanes + Bike Lanes (50' F-F)	\$5,100,000	-	5.40%	-	5.5%
12' Lanes + Bike Lanes + 6' Sidewalk (50' F-F)	\$5,350,000	3.40%	5.10%	-	8.5%
11' Lanes (36' F-F)	\$4,700,000	-	-	-2.10%	-2.0%
11' Lanes + Bike Lanes (46' F-F)	\$5,000,000	-	5.50%	-2.10%	3.5%
11' Lanes + Bike Lanes + 6' Sidewalk (46' F-F)	\$5,250,000	3.40%	5.20%	-2.10%	6.50%

Typical City Infrastructure Costs Today

City streets are more than pavement.



The image illustrates the cost of incorporating roadway elements in the construction process. Only \$250,000 of the total \$15,700,000 spent per new construction mile is allocated towards ADA compliance. Source: WSDOT