

Brookings Metropolitan Policy Program jkane@brookings.edu

December 5, 2018

Photo source: Unsplash

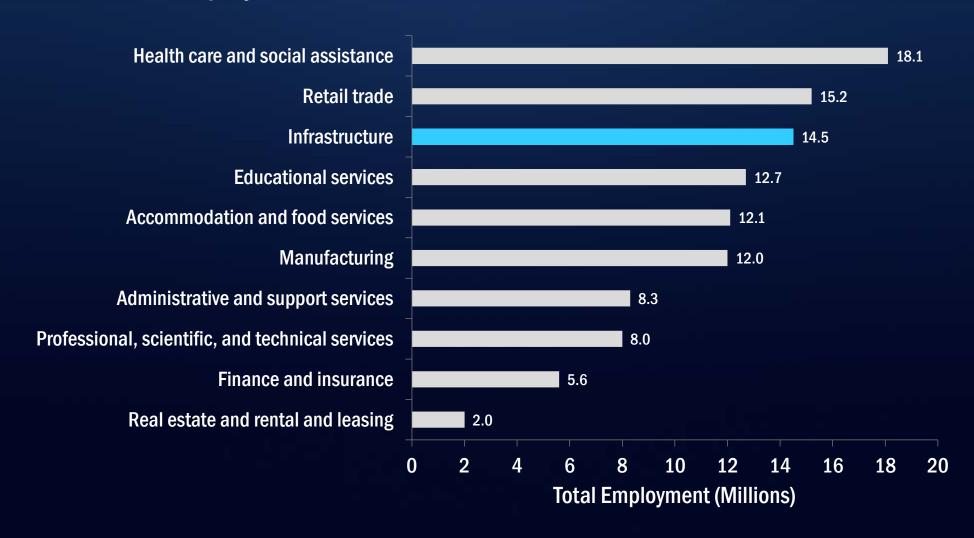
Who are infrastructure workers?

The infrastructure workforce captures the wide range of workers who are directly involved in the construction, operation, design, and governance of the country's various infrastructure systems

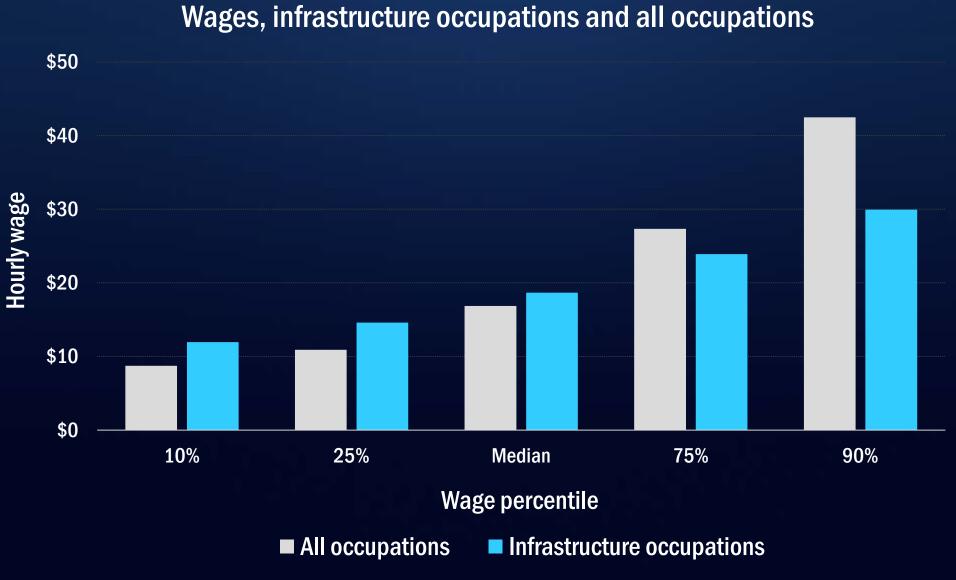


Infrastructure workers account for 11 percent of all workers nationally

Employment in infrastructure vs. other sectors



Infrastructure occupations pay higher wages, particularly at the 10th and 25th percentile



Infrastructure workers often need less formal education and rely more on work experience and on-the-job training

12%

Share of infrastructure workers with a bachelor's degree or higher

80%

Share of infrastructure workers with short- to long-term on-the-job training

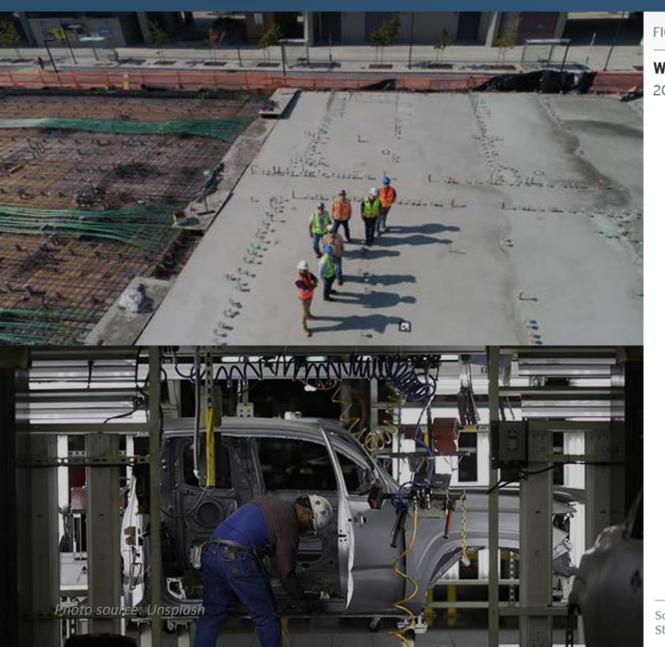


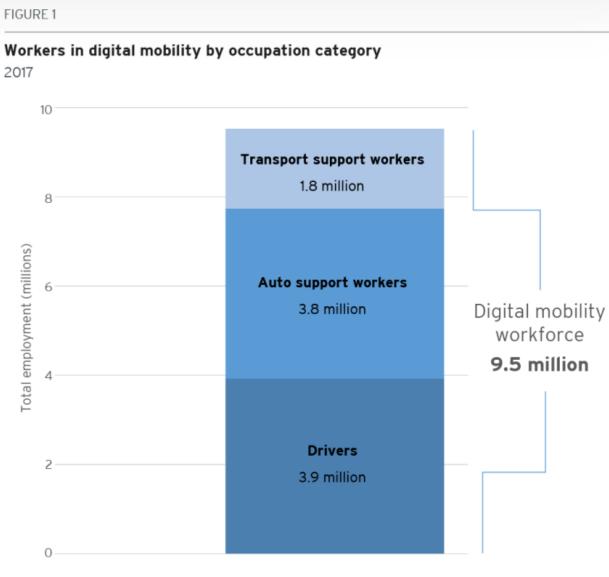
Source: Brookings analysis of BLS Projections and OES data

Photo source: Unsplash

Workers in "digital mobility" refer to all those workers involved in the full lifecycle of AVs and other transportation technologies.

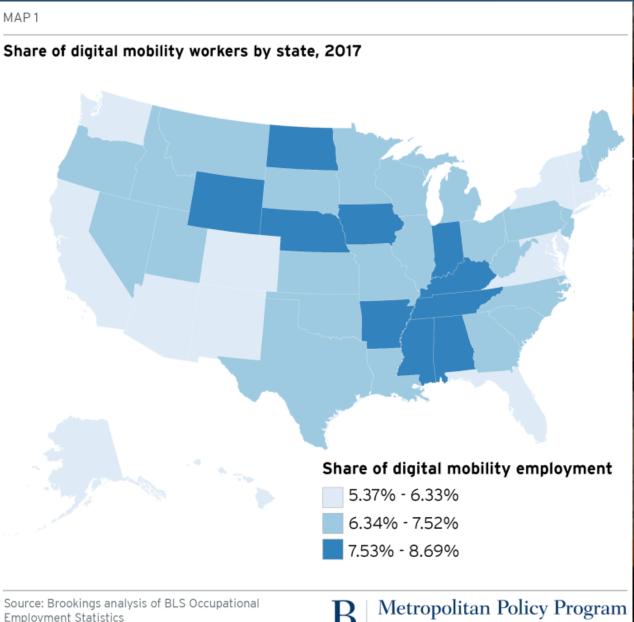
Workers in digital mobility include 9.5 million workers across 329 occupations

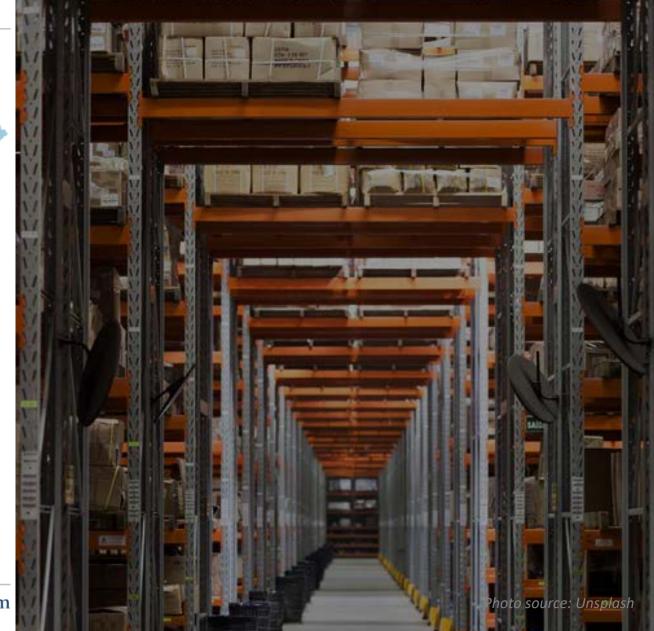




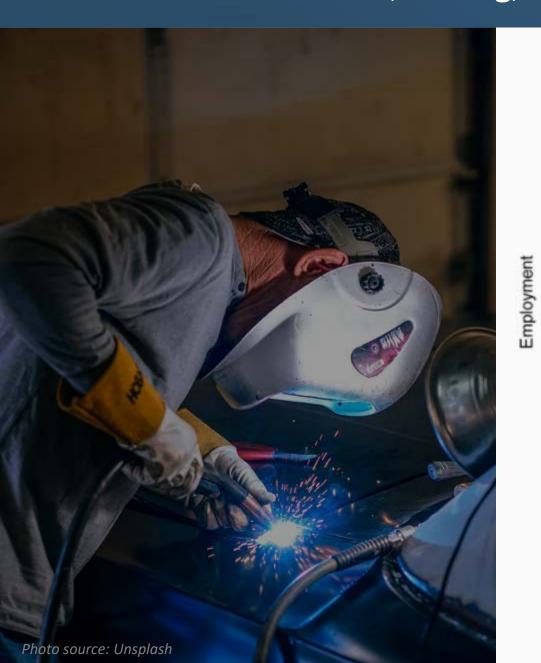
Source: Brookings analysis of BLS Occupational Employment Statistics

Digital mobility workers are concentrated in transportation and manufacturing hubs

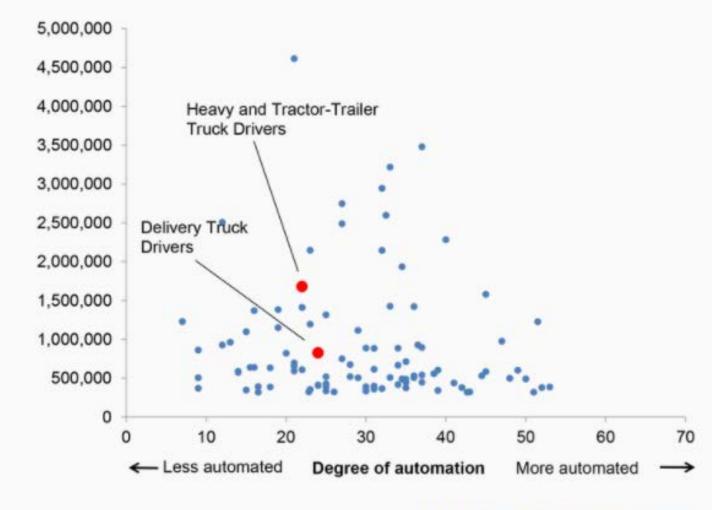




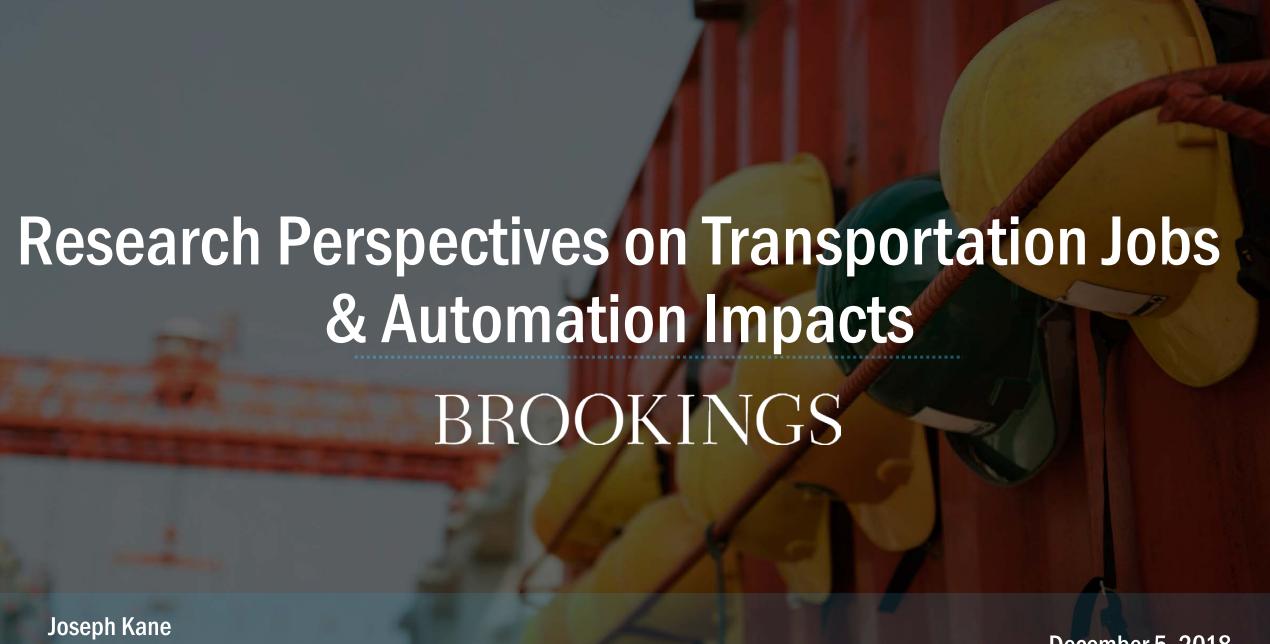
Need to think about skills, training, and varying degrees of automation



Degree of automation for the 100 largest occupations, by employment, 2015



Source: Brookings analysis of O*NET and BLS Occupational Employment Statistics data B Metropolitan Policy Program



Brookings Metropolitan Policy Program jkane@brookings.edu

December 5, 2018

Photo source: Unsplash